DNS-STATS: DNS Traffic capture and visualisation developments

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DNS-STATS: Traffic capture and visualisation for IMRS

- What is DNS-STATS? (dns-stats.org)
 - Organisation for open source DNS traffic tool development
 - Sinodun contracted to do development for ICANN DNS Engineering Team (who manage IMRS)
- What is IMRS? ICANN Managed Root Server (L-root)

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IMRS is ~280 servers

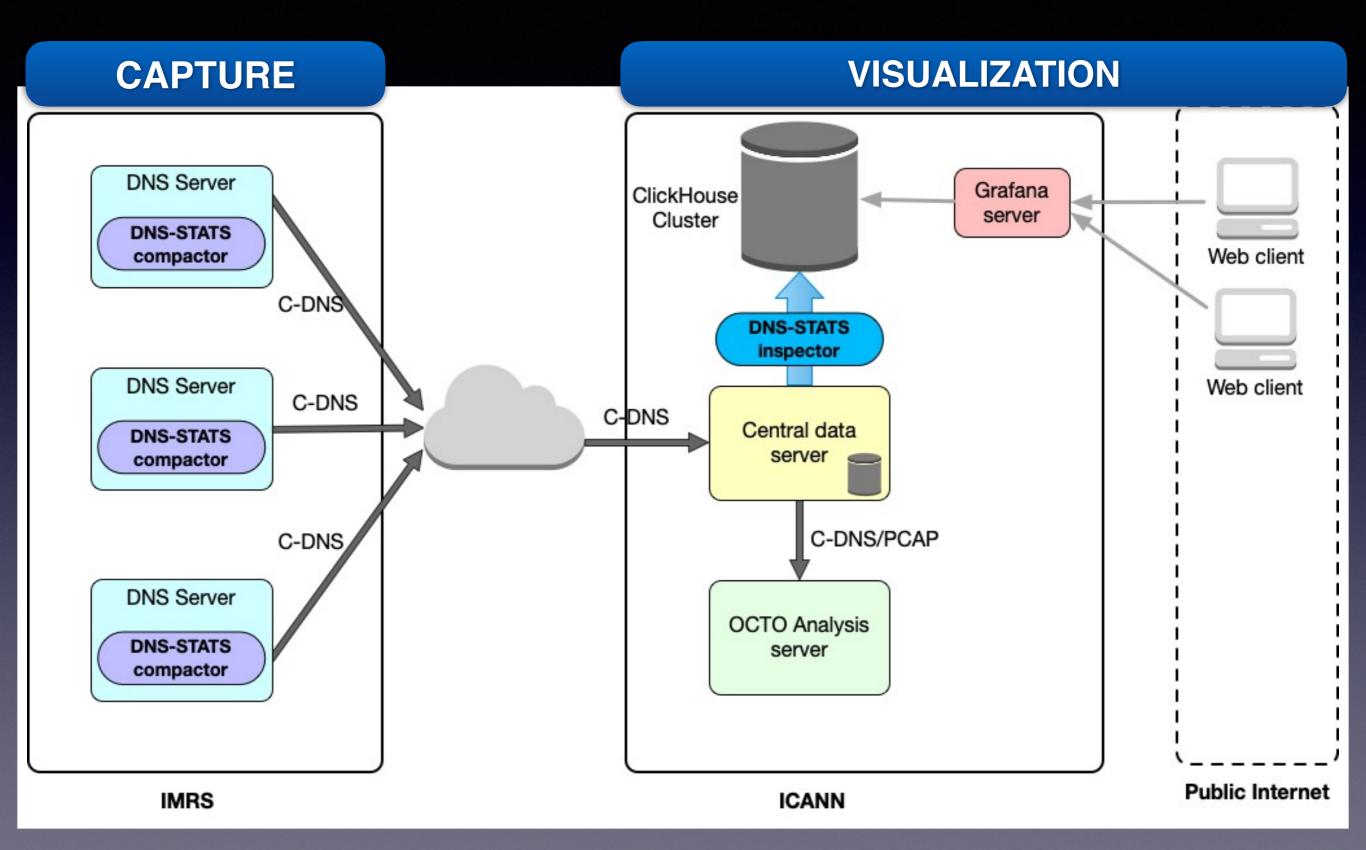
Managed as ~170 (location based) "Instances"

Total traffic is ~17 billion queries per day

IMRS data collection -Background

- Historically used a combination DSC XML + Hedgehog (+PCAP)
- Now migrated to DNS-STATS: C-DNS & (ClickHouse/Grafana solution)
- Traffic capture: "Compressed-DNS" (RFC8618, C-DNS):
 Published in 2019: a CBOR based DNS specific file format for traffic capture
 - Capture pairs query/responses and indexes common data
 - Why use it? Much smaller than PCAP with most of same info
- Data visualisation: Real time import raw C-DNS data into ClickHouse & display in Grafana. (Aggregation of data allows for faster displays.)

Architectural Overview



DNS-STATS Status & Updates

- IMRS fully migrated to new system over the last few years
- · C-DNS capture software open sourced in 2017 (IDS presentation)
 - v1.0 based on the RFC format released in 2020
 - (Biggest change was making all fields optional)
- Two recent updates:
 - Capture: Add ability to capture from DNSTAP
 - · Visualisation: Open sourced the visualisation component

C-DNS motivation: Target limited use case

IMRS is (mainly) hosted servers in challenging environments

- Data collection on same hardware as nameserver
- Minimise server resources conflict: 1 RU server
- Collected data stored on same hardware
- Upload will use the same interface as DNS traffic

C-DNS File sizes

Format	PCAP	C-DNS
File size (Mb)	660	75
Compressed with 'xz -9' (Mb)	49	18
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COMPRESSION CPU: C-DNS uses ~25% of PCAP

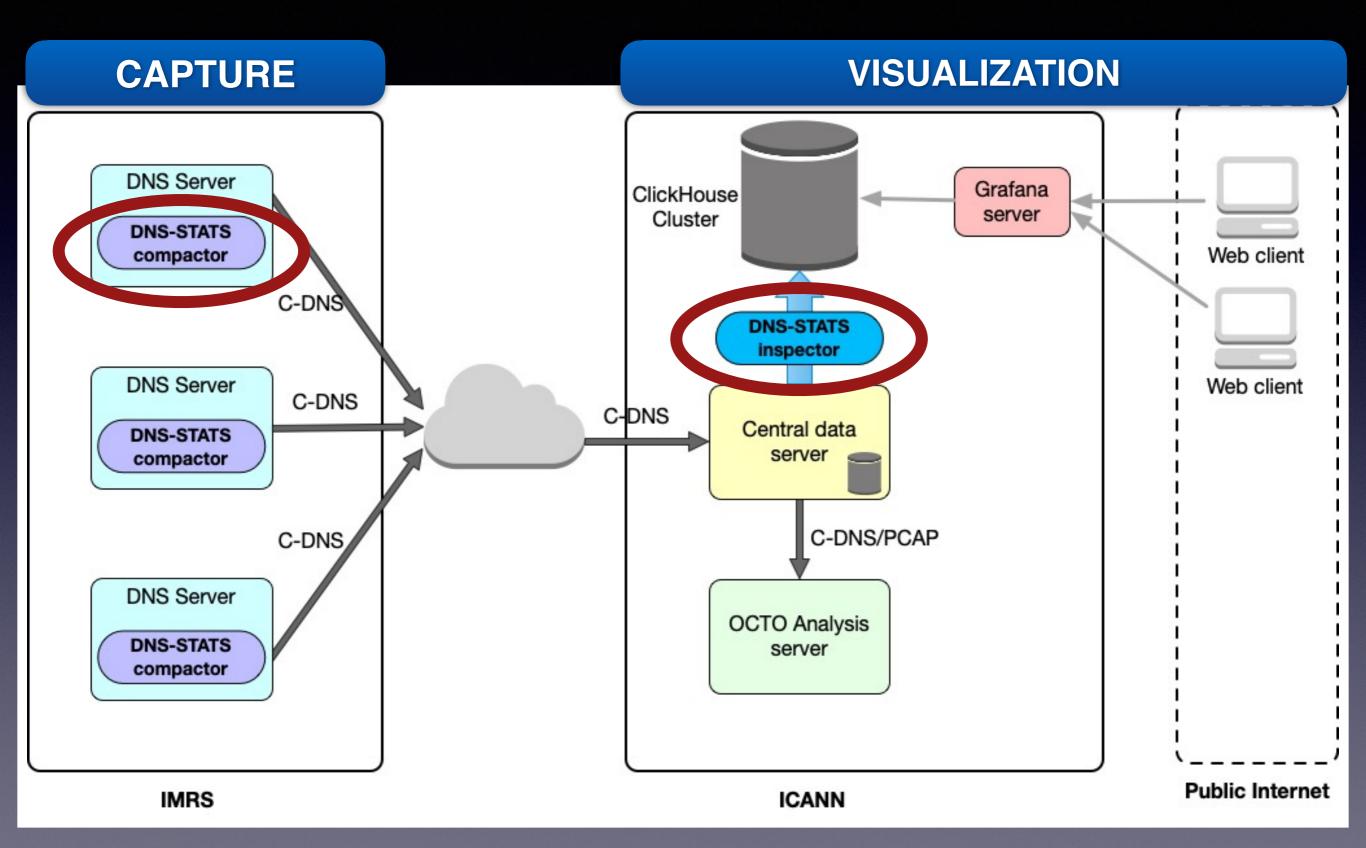
DNS-STATS Implementation Status:

compactor

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- dns-stats github: https://github.com/dns-stats/compactor
- Software actually has two components:
 - compactor: Captures & compresses traffic in C-DNS format from:
 - 1. Network interface or PCAP files
 - 2. (NEW) DNSTAP socket or file
 - inspector: Reads C-DNS and has 2 output formats:
 - 1. Templated text output (for import to database)
 - 2. PCAP (Lossy reconstruction)

Architectural Overview



DNSTAP support in compactor

- What is the use case?
 - C-DNS originated when "DNS Privacy" was in infancy
 - Original use case and implementation was for authoritative traffic capture on the wire
 - But for recursives using DoT/DoH, capture on wire not possible
- DNSTAP is implemented IN nameserver software
 - It reports processed DNS queries
 - Implementations exist for BIND, Unbound, NSD, Knot Res+Auth

DNSTAP background

- DNSTAP (https://dnstap.info/)
 - Introduced 2013 by Farsight Security
 - Google <u>Protocol Buffers</u> binary format
 - Several implementations but not standardised
- Implementations:
 - Nameserver connects to socket provided by listening app
 - Nameserver reports DNS binary packet contents (+ selected meta-data):
 - Wrapped in Frame Streams transport

DNSTAP support in compactor

· Challenges:

- Lack of standard definition leads to slight differences in implementations (e.g which fields are supplied)
- Frame Streams is not part of spec and largely undocumented
- Meta-data is different (c.f. network interface collection)
 - · DNSTAP will not include packet stats, (probably) server IP, ...
 - DNSTAP will report query bailiwick, message type, "from cache"
- compactor implementation fully tested with Unbound (limited testing: BIND and Knot Res)

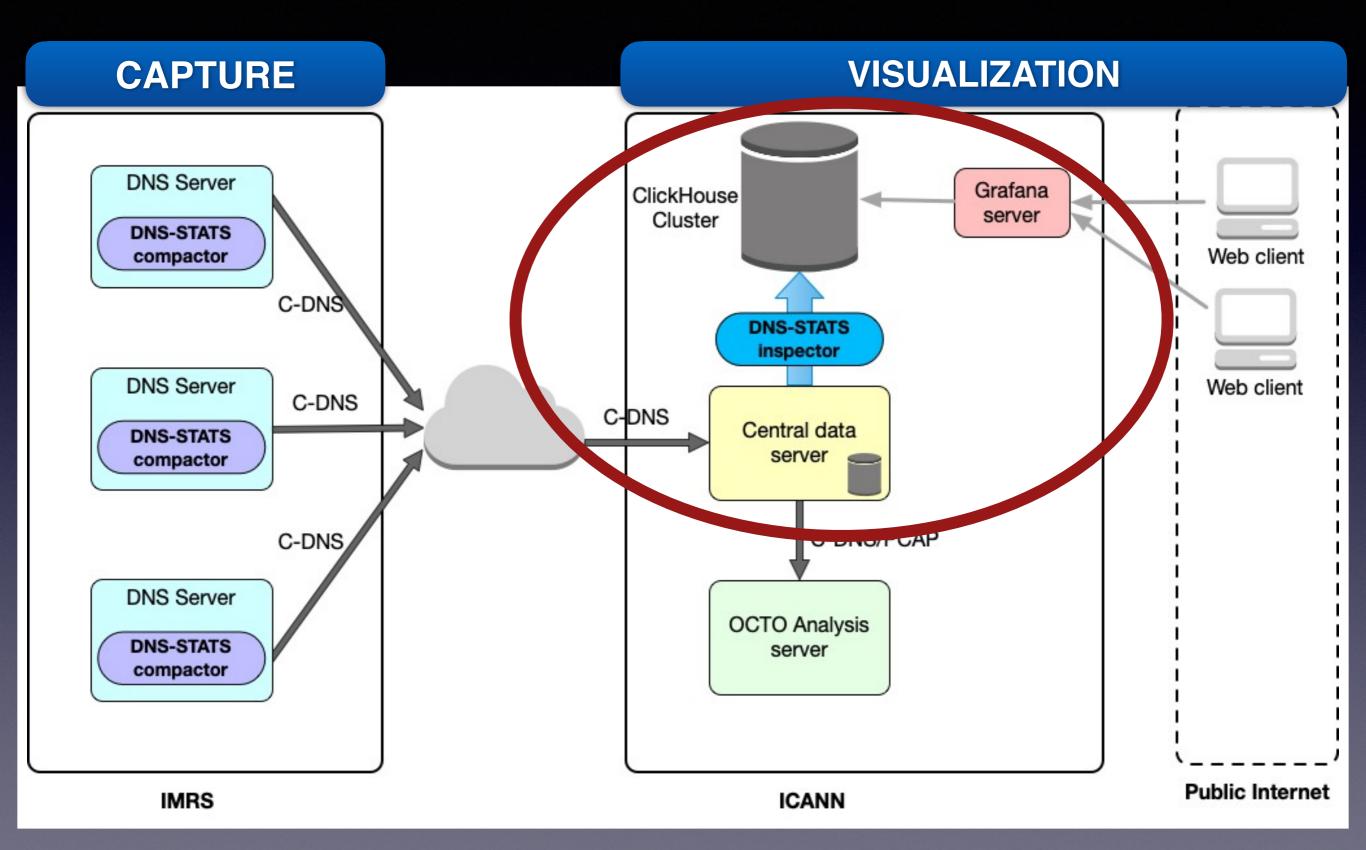
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- dns-stats github: https://github.com/dns-stats/visualizer
- A FRAMEWORK for displaying C-DNS data which combines...
 - inspector
 - File processing queue management (Gearman)
 - DB schemas for Postgres and ClickHouse
 - Management tools
 - Basic Grafana dashboards
- Packages are provided they install a basic but complete system
 - NOTE: A customised version is used for IMRS

Architectural Overview



DNS-STATS: visualizer

- "Build your own visualizer" Extension & customization is straightforward
- · Graphs:
 - Add dashboards/graphs of your choosing
- · Data:
 - Plot raw C-DNS or custom aggregation periods (e.g 1s or 1 week!)
 - Meta-data from C-DNS imports (packet counts, malformed DNS, etc.)
- Front ends:
 - Customise different Grafana sites (e.g. public, private)
- · Extras:
 - · Additional data written to ClickHouse e.g. visualiser system monitoring

Deployment example:

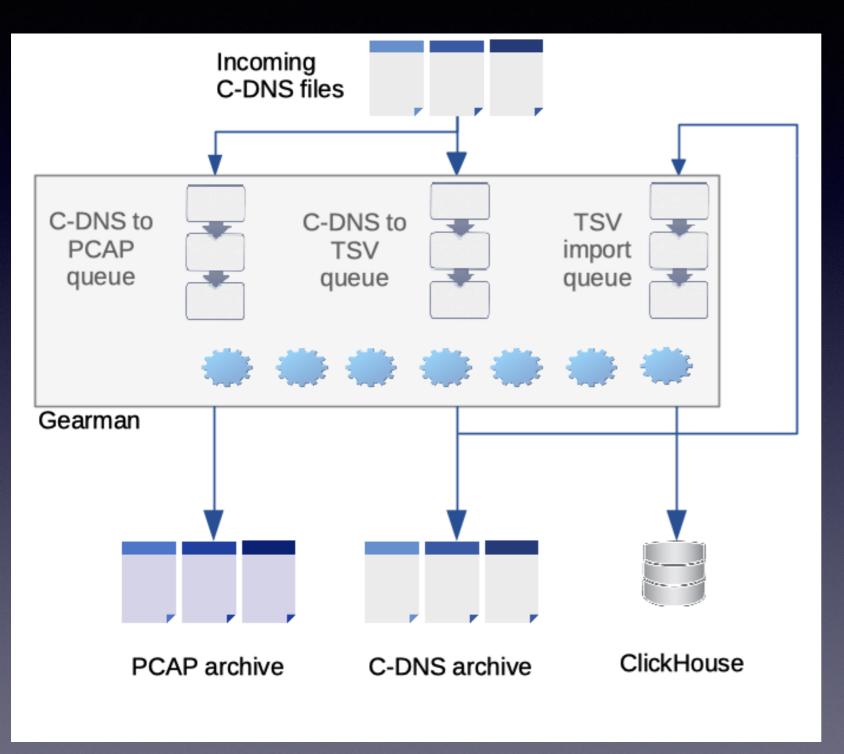
IMRS use of DNS-STATS software

https://stats.dns.icann.org

IMRS compactor Deployment

- compactor constrained to 1 CPU on the DNS server
 - Collects all data in query+response (specified in C-DNS)
 - Writes xz compressed files to local storage
 - Output file rotated every 5 minutes (configurable)
 - Handles query rates of up to 80 kqps (depending on core and compression level)
- Periodically files uploaded to central collection server

inspector processing



- Uploaded C-DNS files queued for processing using **Gearman** job server and suite of Python programs
- Separate queues for:
 - Convert C-DNS to TSV (Tab-Separated-Value) files
 - Import TSV into ClickHouse database
 - (Optional) C-DNS to PCAP
 e.g. for anonymised DITL

visualiser: ClickHouse

- ClickHouse is an open source time series SQL column database with Grafana plugin (other plugins are available!)
- Used by various other DNS projects (CloudFlare, NIC Chile)
- C-DNS schema:
 - · Main table: holds raw C-DNS data per q/r pair data
 - Aggregation tables: Does 'ON INSERT' aggregation of data into separate 1s and 5min tables
 - Aggregation is simple SQL MATERIALIZED VIEW with specialised storage engine (more <u>here</u>)

ClickHouse cluster

- 6 server cluster
- · Import process handles ~17 billion records per day (~200 kqps)
- Disc usage 1Tb per ~39 billion records (2+ days of raw data)
- Management tools provide option to retain configurable amount of each type of data (raw vs 1s vs 5m)
- Serves multiple Grafana front ends and can be used for ad-hoc queries for data analysis

ClickHouse numbers

- · Sample query speed: count all AAAA queries in a week
 - Raw data is 200 kqps i.e. a packet every ~5 micro sec
 - Table sizes are for full set of DSC like aggregations

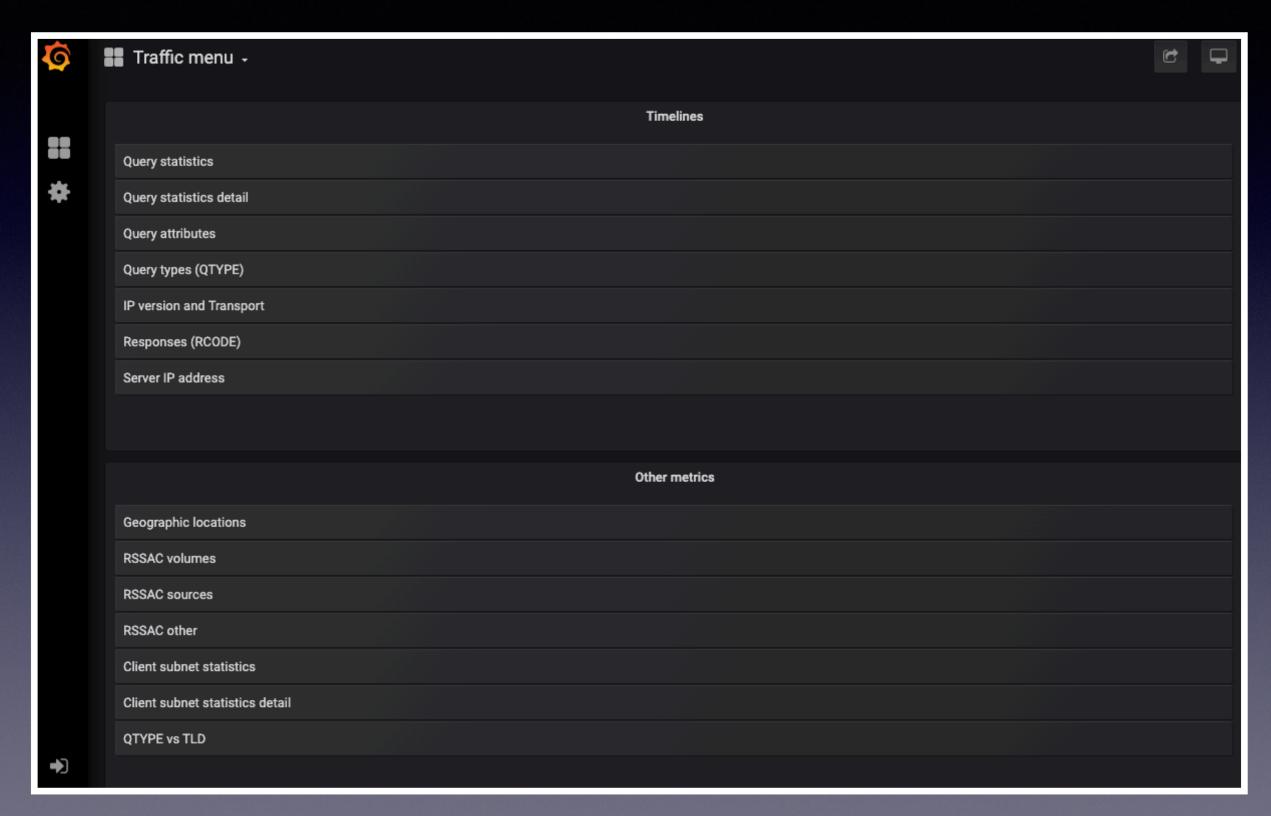
Data Type	Query Speed (s)	Rows processed	Data size (1 week)
Raw	22	123 billion	4 Tb
1 sec agg	1.6	760 million	~1 Tb
5 min agg	0.13	3 million	~0.1 Tb

Orders of magnitude reductions in query time and storage

visualizer: Grafana

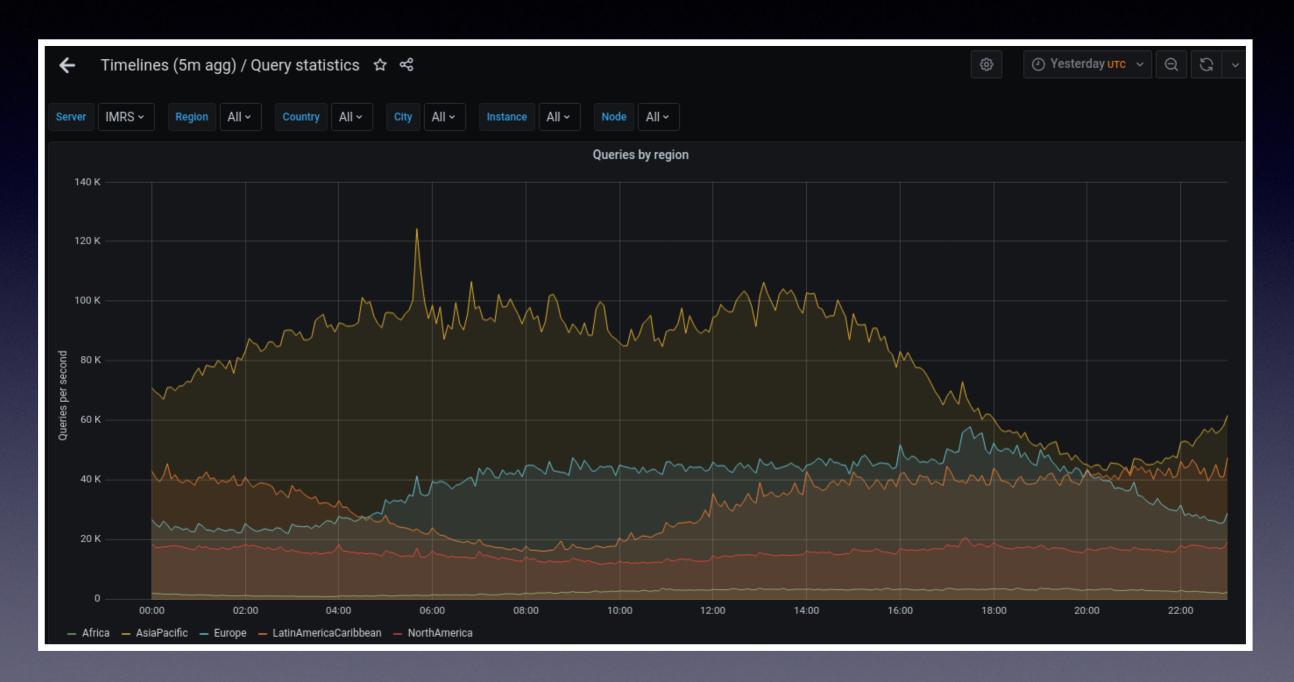
- Web-based visualisation platform with various plot types:
 - Time series
 - Bar chart (using <u>Sinodun modified plugin</u> based on Plotly)
 - Map (using standard plugin)
 - Other plugins: ClickHouse data access, Image rendering
- ICANN public Grafana interface https://stats.dns.icann.org
 - Reproduces the various DSC like plots
 - Exposes the 5 minute data with max time window
- Additional data available via customised Grafana to ICANN staff

Grafana dashboard



Timeseries graph

Query Statistics



Timeseries graphs

Query Attributes



Simple bar chart

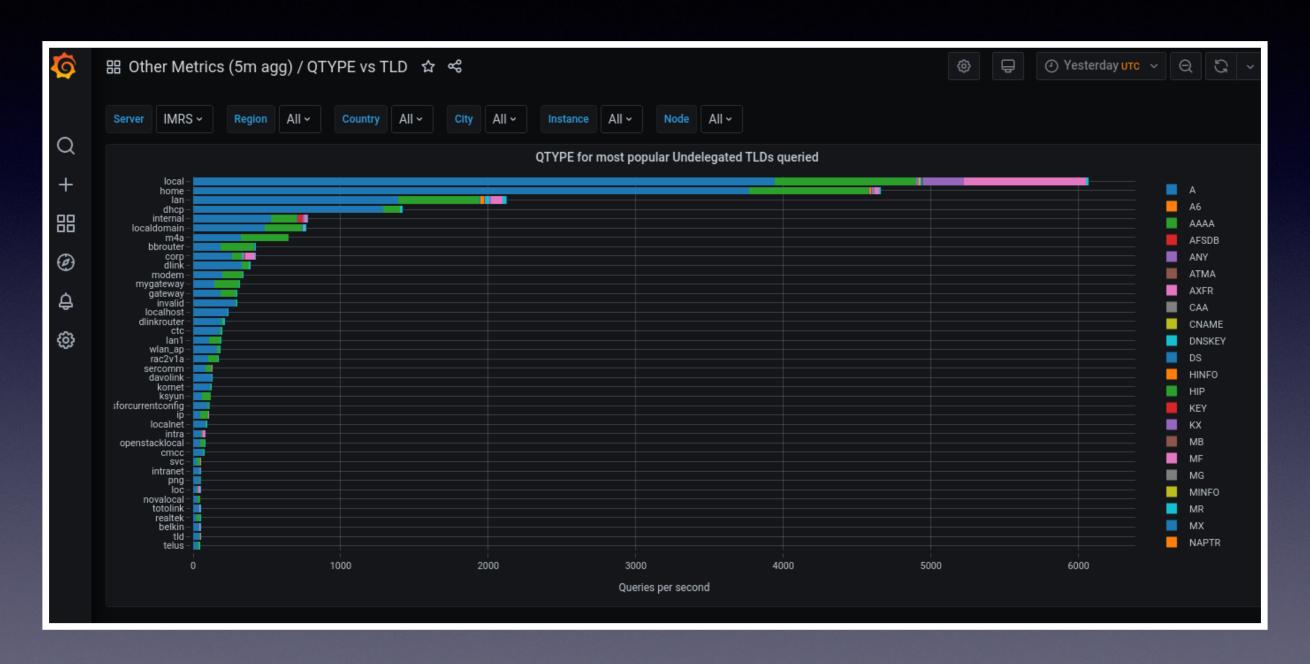
Client subnet statistics



inspector template output modifiers provide geo location and ASN lookup with MaxMind GeoLite data

More complex bar chart

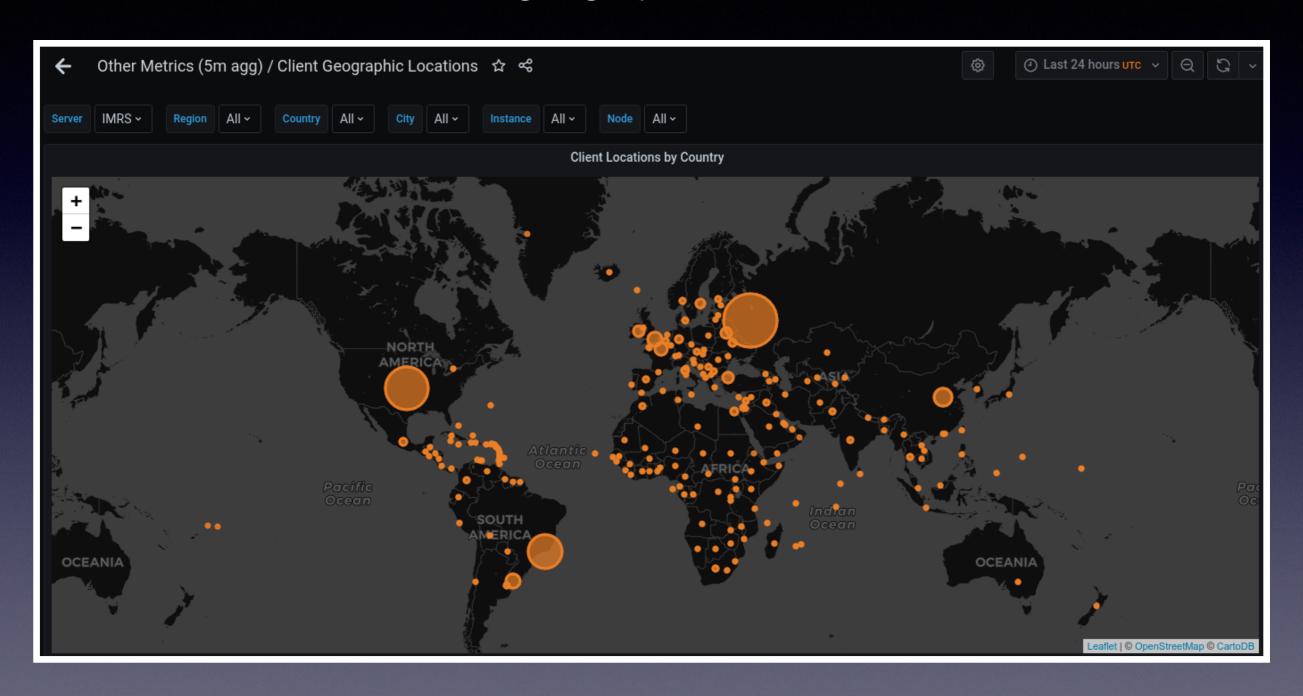
QTYPE vs TLD



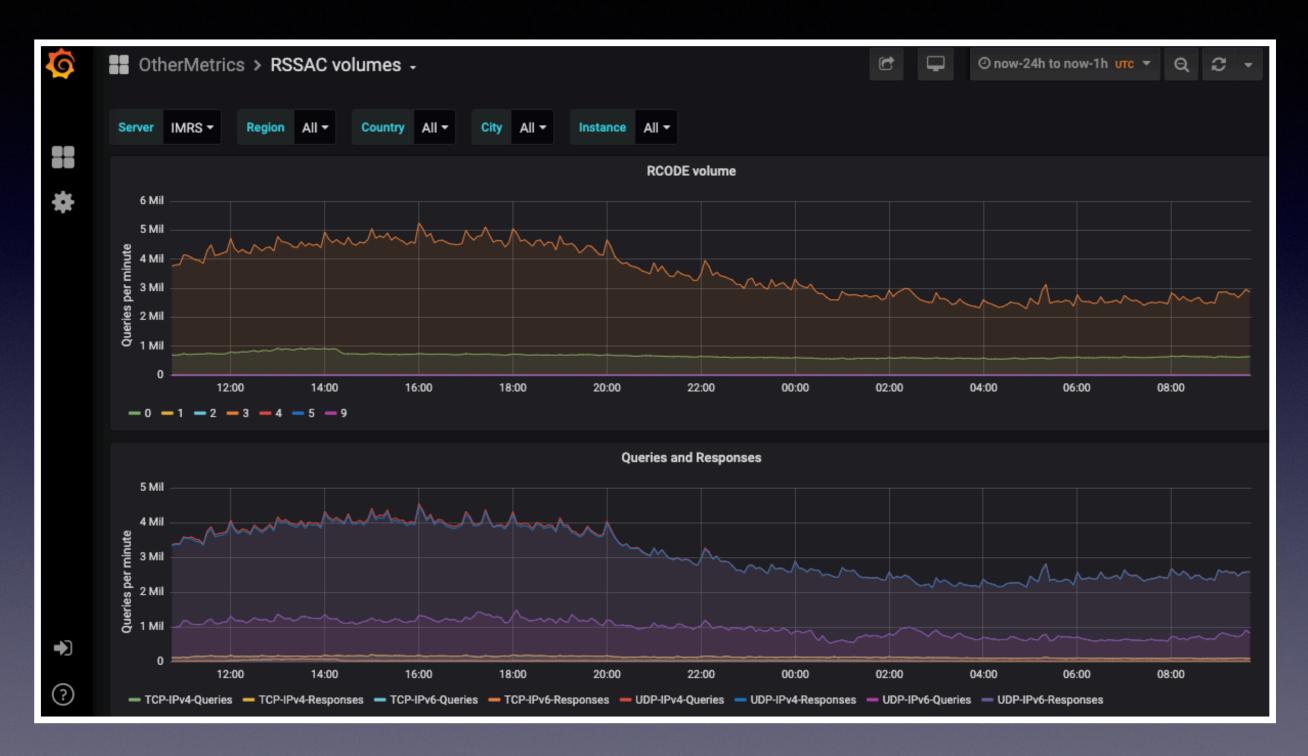
Using Sinodun modified plugin based on Plotly

Map based graph

Client geographic locations



RSSAC graphs



RSSAC reports generated by management tools

Summary

- DNS-STATS: C-DNS, ClickHouse and Grafana provide nice package for traffic capture and visualisation
- C-DNS now supports DNSTAP input
- ClickHouse aggregations allows for flexibility to choose trade-offs between storage and performance
- Grafana can reproduce DSC like graphs with the right plugins!
- More at <u>dns-stats.org</u>

Thank you!

Any questions?

Offline questions to either

- SaNE (noc@dns.icann.org) or
- Sinodun (info@sinodun.com)