

# CSC - Overview and Current Issues



# Background from IANA Transition Proposal

- “The Customer Standing Committee (CSC) has been established to perform the operational oversight previously performed by the U.S. Department of Commerce’s National Telecommunications and Information Administration as it relates to the monitoring of performance of the IANA naming function. This transfer of responsibilities took effect on [October 1, 2016].
- The mission of the CSC is to ensure continued satisfactory performance of the IANA function for the direct customers of the naming services. The primary customers of the naming services are TLD registry operators, but also include root server operators and other non-root zone functions.
- The mission will be achieved through regular monitoring by the CSC of the performance of the IANA naming function against agreed service level targets and through mechanisms to engage with the IANA Functions Operator to remedy identified areas of concern.”

2 gTLD members, appointed by RySG

- Currently Gaurav Vedi and Elaine Pruis

2 ccTLD members, appointed by ccNSO

- Currently Brett Carr and Byron Holland (chair)

1 member non-ccTLD or gTLD – none appointed

6 Liaisons, appointed by their organizations:

- Mohamed El Bashir (ALAC), Jeff Bedser (SSAC), James Gannon (GNSO - Non-Registry), Nigel Cassimire, (GAC), Lars-Johan Liman (RSSAC)
- Naela Sarras (PTI)

# Monitoring – Core Responsibility

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- CSC monitors and reports on PTI compliance with the Naming Function Agreement including 'Service Level Agreement' (SLA) metrics
- There are 62 individual metrics within 7 groups e.g. technical checks, staff processing time for gTLD creation
- The SLA's were developed by one of the CWG 'Design Teams' – DTA, based on data collection done at that time
- The SLAs are part of the IANA Naming Function Contract but it is being amended to move these onto the PTI website.

# Extract from PTI Monthly Report for Nov. 2018

Metric	Category	Expected	Actual	Detail
<b>Submission</b>				
Acceptance Recognition	Routine (Technical)	≤60s (95.0%)	✓ 1.4s	p5
Acceptance Recognition	Routine (Non-Technical)	≤60s (95.0%)	✓ 1.46s	p5
Acceptance Recognition	gTLD Creation/Transfer	≤60s (95.0%)	✓ —	p6
Acceptance Recognition	ccTLD Creation/Transfer	≤60s (95.0%)	✓ —	p6
Acceptance Recognition	Other Changes	≤60s (95.0%)	✓ —	p6
Manual Lodgment Time	Routine (Technical)	≤3d (95.0%)	✓ 0.06d	p7
Manual Lodgment Time	Routine (Non-Technical)	≤3d (95.0%)	✓ 0.66d	p7
Manual Lodgment Time	gTLD Creation/Transfer	≤3d (95.0%)	✓ —	p7
Manual Lodgment Time	ccTLD Creation/Transfer	≤3d (95.0%)	✓ —	p8
Manual Lodgment Time	Other Changes	≤3d (95.0%)	✓ —	p8
<b>Technical Checks</b>				
Technical Check (First)	Routine (Technical)	≤50m (95.0%)	✓ 7.63m	p9
Technical Check (First)	gTLD Creation/Transfer	≤50m (95.0%)	✓ —	p9
Technical Check (First)	ccTLD Creation/Transfer	≤50m (95.0%)	✓ —	p10
Technical Check (First)	Other Changes	≤50m (95.0%)	✓ —	p10
Technical Check (Retest)	Routine (Technical)	≤3m (95.0%)	✓ 1.22m	p10
Technical Check (Retest)	gTLD Creation/Transfer	≤3m (95.0%)	✓ —	p11
Technical Check (Retest)	ccTLD Creation/Transfer	≤3m (95.0%)	✓ —	p11
Technical Check (Retest)	Other Changes	≤3m (95.0%)	✓ —	p11
Technical Check (Supplemental)	Routine (Technical)	≤1m (95.0%)	✗ 1.29m	p12
Technical Check (Supplemental)	gTLD Creation/Transfer	≤5m (95.0%)	✓ —	p12
Technical Check (Supplemental)	ccTLD Creation/Transfer	≤5m (95.0%)	✓ —	p13

# Monitoring – Monthly Reporting

- The PTI monthly report summarizes their performance based on a percentage – the rating for November was 98.4%, as 61 of 62 SLEs were met
- The CSC produces a monthly report based on the following rankings:
  - Excellent - PTI met all service level agreements (100 %) for the month.
  - Satisfactory - PTI met the service level agreement for [less than 100%] of defined metrics. Missed service level agreements were satisfactorily explained and the CSC has determined that these exceptions were no cause for concern. No persistent problems were identified and no further action is needed.
  - Needs Improvement - Performance needs improvement due to a) severe degradation in meeting SLAs from previous months, b) a trend in complaints that indicate a persistent issue to be resolved, and c) a negative trend in compliance to SLAs over several months.

<b><u>PTI Performance to 2018</u></b>			
	<b><u>2016</u></b>	<b><u>2017</u></b>	<b><u>2018</u></b>
Jan		97.3%	100%
Feb		97.6%	96.9%
Mar		99.5%	95.3%
Apr		98.6%	95.3%
May		98.6%	100%
June		100%	98.4%
July		100%	98.4%
Aug		100%	98.4%
Sept		100%	100%
Oct.	95.9%	96.9%	100%
Nov.	99%	96.9%	98.4%
Dec.	99.4%	100%	100%

- Many of the 'metric misses' resulted from SLA metrics that the CSC and PTI propose to change

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- PTI and CSC have previously identified the need for changes to the SLAs:
    - Three that need revision to the metric only
      - Technical Check Retest,
      - Technical Check Supplemental
      - ccTLD creation/transfer
    - One new SLA, for IDN tables
  - Currently SLA's are part of the actual IANA Naming Functions Contract (INFC): changing a SLA is a complex undertaking
  - To avoid having to amend the INFC every time changes are needed - even for small changes - amendments to the contract and the establishment of related procedures are being proposed.

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- Recently the CSC and PTI approved:
    - a "Process for amending the IANA Naming Function Service Level agreements" and
    - a "Procedure for Modifying the process for amending the IANA Naming Function Service Level agreements".
  - These processes are not in force until such time as the IANA Naming Function Contract is amended.
  - The public comment period for the draft changes to the contract closed on Feb. 18; the one comment was fully supportive.
  - Final authorization depends on the approval of both the ICANN and PTI Boards.
  - CSC & PTI have begun the preparatory work for the actual changes, with the intention of proceeding upon approval of the contract changes.

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- CSC's Charter prevents it from becoming involved in individual complaints. CSC role is limited to:
    - monitoring PTI's overall complaint management system
    - being informed of the status of individual complaints
  - Unresolved complaints become 'escalations'; PTI had 2 names related 'escalations' in 2017 and none in 2018; all have been closed.
  - Where CSC believes that individual problems represent 'systemic or persistent' issues it can invoke 'remedial action procedures' (RAP)

- If the CSC determines that a 'systemic problem' exists, PTI is obligated to prepare and follow a 'Remedial Action Plan'
- Failure to follow the plan can result in a three level escalation procedure being invoked:
  - PTI board, then
  - ICANN CEO, then
  - ICANN Board
- The RAPs were initially approved in March 2018 while small changes were approved in January 2019.

- Informing community
  - Monthly reports are produced and reviewed by CSC which produces its own reports
  - Presentations to ICANN community
  - Open, monthly meetings CSC & two public F2F meetings at the ICANN Community Forums and AGM's
  - Meetings with ICANN and PTI Boards
  - PTI also has a dashboard which provides up to the minute stats on activity
- PTI customer surveys
  - PTI contracts for an annual customer survey as well as (need term for immediate feedback) surveys
  - Overall, there is a high rate of satisfaction with approval growing
  - CSC regularly reviews the survey results with PTI

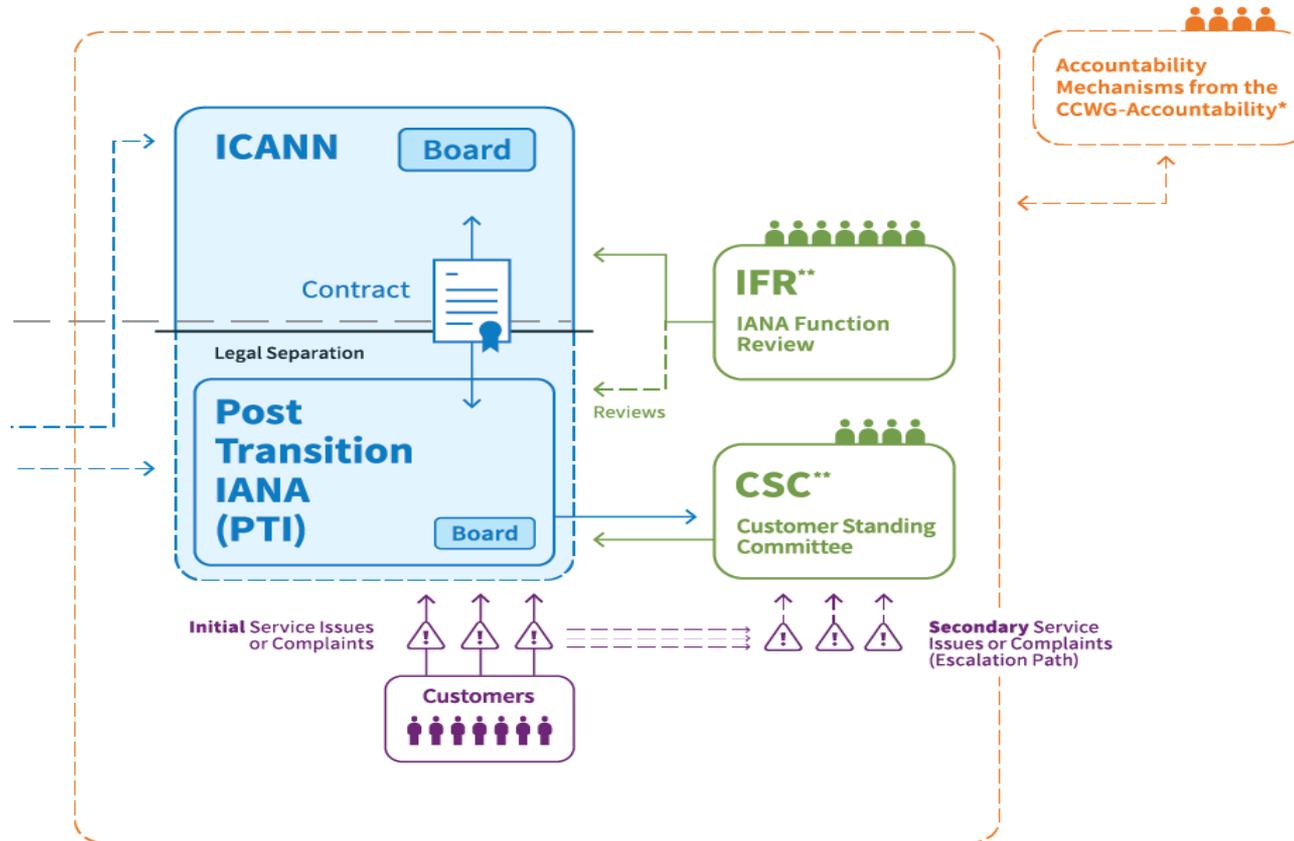
- First CSC Charter review (October 2017-June 2018)
  - Completed in June 2018; recommended changes
    - to the CSC Charter which were approved by the GNSO and ccNSO;
    - small changes to the RAPs were approved by CSC
    - travel funding for CSC members be provided
- Review of CSC Effectiveness
  - initiated in October 2018
  - Initial report public comment closed in February 2019
- Periodic IANA Function Review (IFR)
  - First IFR 'initiated' in Oct. 2018
  - Status pending
  - One element is performance of CSC in providing PTI oversight (18.3 (j) of ICANN bylaws)

- Changes in CSC membership have compromised its ability to meet face to face – it gets no travel funds
  - the future functioning and success of the CSC cannot be dependent on the members' employers who have been providing funding
- The CSC charter RT recommended that
  - the CSC continue to meet the ccNSO and RySG at least twice annually and that it also meet with the ICANN and PTI Boards,
  - the CSC be eligible to seek travel funding for travel support in accordance with ICANN's budget and travel policy requirements.
- Support for '8 seats' (4 members x 2 ICANN meetings) is being sought in ICANN FY20 budget

- PTI performance is extremely good - some minor metrics missed, no customer service impact nor operational problems
- CSC has come together as a committee having completed all of its start-up tasks
- The whole process is working very well
  - problem areas are being identified immediately and corrective measures being developed cooperatively
  - areas where SLAs need changing are being actioned
- Only major challenge to the CSC's continued success is the absence travel funding.

# ADDITIONAL SLIDES

## Post Transition



\* The ultimate accountability mechanism is dependent on the work of the CCWG-Accountability.

\*\* Group, But Not Necessarily a Legal Entity

# Complaints & Performance Issue Remediation

## Overview of Remedial Action Procedures

