INDEPENDENT REVIEW PROCESS

INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Better Living Management Co. Ltd., (Claimant)

V.

Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (Respondent)

INDEX TO DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED WITH RESPONDENT ICANN'S RESPONSE TO CLAIMANT'S REQUEST FOR INDEPENDENT REVIEW PROCESS

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>		
Resp. Ex. 1	26 March 2014 Letter from ICDR to Parties Re: 50 117 T 00189 14, Better Living Management Co. Ltd. v. ICANN		
Resp. Ex. 2	Bylaws for Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (As Amended 7 February 2014)		
Resp. Ex. 3	GAC Representatives – Contact Information (Alphabetical by Country), Thailand, available at https://gacweb.icann.org/display/gacweb/GAC+Representatives#GACRepresentatives-T		
Resp. Ex. 4	24 June 2013 Letter from Anudith Nakomthap to Dr. Steve D. Crocker (Chairman of ICANN Board)		
Resp. Ex. 5	12 July 2013 Letter from Suranand Vejjajiva (Secretariat of the Prime Minister Office, Thailand)		
Resp. Ex. 6	18 July 2013 Email from Bhuwanart Na Songkhla to ICANN and GAC		
Resp. Ex. 7	3 September 2013 Letter from Suranand Vejjajiva (Secretariat of the Prime Minister Office, Thailand)		
Resp. Ex. 8	6 and 9 September 2013 Emails from Wanawit Ahkuputra and then Pitinan Kooarmornpatana to Heather Dryden (GAC Chair) and then to ICANN Re: Clarifying Status of Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla as the observer during ICANN 47 GAC meeting		

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
Resp. Ex. 9	10 September 2013 Email from Wanawit Ahkuputra to Heather Dryden (GAC Chair) Re: Response to GAC Advice response of new gTLD .thai Applicant published on 28 August 2013, attaching 9 September 2013 Letter from Messrs. Koanantakool and Ahkuputra to GAC Chair Re: Response to GAC Advice response of new gTLD .thai Applicant published on 28 August 2013
Resp. Ex. 10	9 September 2013 Letter from Nikom Wairatpanij (President of Senate) to Steve Crocker (Chairman of the ICANN Board)
Resp. Ex. 11	22 October 2013 Email from C. Willett (Vice President, gTLD Operations, ICANN) to BLM
Resp. Ex. 12	ICDR Supplementary Procedures for Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers, Independent Review Process

LAI-3217562v1



Thomas Ventrone Vice President

Contact Information Redacted

internet: http://www.adr.org/ICDR

March 26, 2014

Via Electronic Mail Only

Rujira Bunnag, Esq.
Marut Bunnag International Law Office
Contact Information Redacted

Via Electronic Mail and Certified Mail

ICANN
C. Attn.: Representative
Contact Information
Redacted

Re: 50 117 T 00189 14

Better Living Management Co. Ltd.

vs ICANN

Dear Counsel,

The International Centre for Dispute Resolution (ICDR), a division of the American Arbitration Association (AAA), acknowledges receipt of a Notice of Arbitration dated February 22, 2014 for a dispute arising out of a contract between the above-captioned parties. A copy should have been sent to Respondent. We have received the Notice of Arbitration on March 25, 2014 which will mark the date of commencement.

Please be advised that the above-captioned parties are receiving this communication in accordance with the representative information provided to us by Claimant. If you are receiving this communication and do not represent any of the parties in this matter, please contact the ICDR immediately.

Your case will receive full administrative coverage by a case manager and a supervisor. Your case has been assigned to **Carolina Cárdenas-Soto**, **LL.M.**, who will be your primary contact at the ICDR, and can be reached by phone at **Contact Information Redacted**, or e-mail at Contact Information Redacted Please direct all future communications to your case manager's attention with a copy to the other party.

Please note that an Administrative Conference Call has been scheduled for Wednesday, April 2, 2014 at 2:00 p.m. local New York time (or 7:30 a.m. PDT and 9:30 p.m. ICT). The parties are requested to dial in to this call at the following toll-free number: Contact Information Redacted

For security purposes, please enter the following passcode **59763001** followed by the "#" sign once requested. Should you have to dial in from outside of the US, please immediately contact the ICDR. If the parties are unable to participate on

from outside of the US, please immediately contact the ICDR. If the parties are unable to participate on the scheduled date of the call, we kindly request that the parties mutually agree on an alternate date and advise the ICDR so that the call may be rescheduled accordingly.

This matter is currently being administered under the International Dispute Resolution Procedures as amended and in effect as of June 1, 2009 (Fee Schedule Amended and Effective June 1, 2010), along with the Supplementary Procedures for Internet Corporation for assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN) Independent Review Process, unless the parties agree otherwise. Please find a copy of the International Dispute Resolution Procedures on our website at www.icdr.org.

Pursuant to Articles 3(1) and 2(2), Respondent shall file a written Statement of Defense with Claimant and the ICDR within thirty (30) days from the date of commencement of this matter, or by or before **Thursday, April 24, 2014**. Respondent may also file a Counterclaim, along with the supporting documents and the appropriate filing fee, with the ICDR and send a copy directly to Claimant by said date.

Please note that the ICDR Guidelines for Arbitrators Concerning Exchanges of Information will apply to this matter, unless the parties agree otherwise in writing. We have enclosed a copy of the guidelines for your convenience.

We also have enclosed a Checklist for Conflicts form. Please list all the witnesses you expect to present, as well as any persons or entities with an interest in these proceedings. This checklist will assist the arbitrator/s to disclose any and all potential conflicts. The checklist is confidential and should only be sent to the ICDR. The checklist is due within fifteen (15) days from the date of this letter, or by or before Thursday, April 10, 2014.

Finally, we have enclosed our Arbitration Information Sheet, which will serve to provide you with some basic information about the ICDR's arbitration process and set forth some initial dates by which certain steps should be completed by the parties. The ICDR will continue to provide you with information regarding the various stages of the process as the case proceeds. We also encourage you to contact the ICDR at any time for further procedural information or to discuss how we can best serve your needs in resolving your dispute.

We look forward to work with you and to provide you with assistance during the arbitral process.

Sincerely,

Giovanna Micheli, LL.M.

Theelle.

Attorney-at-Law, Italy and New York

ICDR Supervisor Contact Information

Redacted

Encl.

- Arbitration Information Sheet
- Checklist for Conflicts
- ICDR Guidelines for Arbitrators Concerning Exchanges of Information



ARBITRATION INFORMATION SHEET

This document provides information about your upcoming arbitration and the expectations concerning each party's conduct throughout the process. Please save this information sheet for reference.

Administrative Conference Call

The ICDR may conduct an Administrative Conference Call with the parties to discuss issues that will assist the ICDR in administering the case as efficiently as possible. This is also an opportunity for the parties to discuss ways to conduct the arbitration to meet their specific needs. Please be prepared to discuss the following:

- The means of communication between the ICDR and the parties;
- The possibility of submitting the dispute to mediation;
- The number of arbitrators and/or party-appointed arbitrator provisions;
- The method of appointment of arbitrator(s);
- The qualifications and area of expertise of the arbitrator(s);
- The handling of extension requests; and/or
- The possibility of utilizing a documents-only process.

Exchange of Correspondence and Documents

The parties shall copy each other and the ICDR on all correspondence during the course of the arbitration. Three items are exempt from this rule: (1) the Checklist for Conflicts, (2) any financial documents (e.g., invoices), and (3) the parties' arbitrator ranking lists (if applicable). Beyond the aforementioned items, there shall be no ex-parte communications with the ICDR.

Communications with Arbitrator(s)

It is paramount that the parties do not engage in any ex-parte communications with the arbitrator(s). To minimize the potential of such communications, all exchanges of appropriate written documents shall occur initially through the ICDR. Once appointed, the arbitrator(s) shall determine whether a limited direct exchange of communications between the parties, the ICDR, and the arbitrator(s) is acceptable. Otherwise, all correspondence shall be submitted to your case manager for transmittal to the arbitrator, copying the other party.

Timeliness of Filings

Please pay particular attention to response dates included on any ICDR correspondence. The ICDR may not consider untimely filings or responses. Should a party need an extension to any deadline, it should contact the other party first and attempt to reach an agreement. Should the parties disagree prior to the appointment of the arbitrator(s), the ICDR may grant a reasonable extension after reviewing the parties' comments for or against the requested extension.

Locale of the Arbitration

The parties may agree to a locale for the arbitration. This agreement can be made in the parties' agreement or contract, or when the arbitration is submitted to the ICDR. Any dispute as to the locale will be determined by the ICDR in accordance with the Rules governing the arbitration.

Refund Schedule

The ICDR's Standard Fee Schedule has a refund schedule in the administrative fee section of the Rules. After 60 days of the ICDR's receipt of the Notice of Arbitration or once an arbitrator has been appointed the filing fees are non-refundable. The ICDR will only refund filing fees as outlined in the Rules and does not refund arbitrator fees incurred when parties settle their dispute or withdraw their claims. Case service fees are fully refundable if the parties provide at least 24 hours notice of cancellation prior to the hearing. Note: this refund schedule does not apply to the Pilot Flexible Fee Schedule.

AAA WebFile

We invite the parties to visit our website to learn more about how to file and manage your cases online. As part of our administrative service, AAA's WebFile allows parties to perform a variety of case related activities, including:

- Filing additional claims;
- Completing the Checklist for Conflicts form;
- Viewing invoices and submitting payment;
- Sharing and managing documents;
- Striking and ranking listed neutrals; and/or
- Reviewing case status or hearing dates and times.

AAA WebFile provides the flexibility for the parties to work online at any time. Cases originally filed in the traditional offline manner can also be viewed and managed online. If the case does not appear upon login, you may request access to the case through AAA WebFile on our website at www.icdr.org. The ICDR will review and process the request for access within 24 hours.



CHECKLIST FOR CONFLICTS

In the Matter of Arbitration Between:

Re: 50 117 T 00189 14

Better Living Management Co. Ltd.

vs ICANN

Case Manager: Carolina Cárdenas-Soto, LL.M.

To avoid the possibility of a last-minute disclosure and/or disqualification of the arbitrator(s) pursuant to the Rules, we must advise the arbitrator(s) of the full and complete names of all persons, firms, companies or other entities involved in this matter. Please list below the full names of all interested parties in this case, including, but not limited to, witnesses, consultants, and attorneys. In order to avoid conflicts of interest, parties are requested to also list subsidiaries and other related entities. This form will only be

interest, parties are requested to also list subsidiaries and other related entities. This form will only be used as a checklist for conflicts, not a preliminary or final witness list. Please note that the ICDR will not divulge this information to the opposing party and the parties are not required to exchange this list. This form will, however, be submitted to the arbitrator(s), together with the filing papers. You should be aware that arbitrator(s) will need to divulge any relevant information in order to make appropriate and necessary disclosures in accordance with the applicable arbitration rules.

For your convenience, this form may be completed online through AAA's WebFile.

FULL NAME AFFILIATION ADDRESS

ADDRESS

DATED:	PARTV.	
DATED.	PARTY:	Please Print

AFFILIATION

FULL NAME



ICDR GUIDELINES FOR ARBITRATORS CONCERNING EXCHANGES OF INFORMATION

Introduction

The American Arbitration Association (AAA) and its international arm, the International Centre for Dispute Resolution® (ICDR) are committed to the principle that commercial arbitration, and particularly international commercial arbitration, should provide a simpler, less expensive and more expeditious form of dispute resolution than resort to national courts.

While arbitration must be a fair process, care must also be taken to prevent the importation of procedural measures and devices from different court systems, which may be considered conducive to fairness within those systems, but which are not appropriate to the conduct of arbitrations in an international context and which are inconsistent with an alternative form of dispute resolution that is simpler, less expensive and more expeditious. One of the factors contributing to complexity, expense and delay in recent years has been the migration from court systems into arbitration of procedural devices that allow one party to a court proceeding access to information in the possession of the other, without full consideration of the differences between arbitration and litigation.

The purpose of these guidelines is to make it clear to arbitrators that they have the authority, the responsibility and, in certain jurisdictions, the mandatory duty to manage arbitration proceedings so as to achieve the goal of providing a simpler, less expensive, and more expeditious process. Unless the parties agree otherwise in writing, these guidelines will become effective in all international cases administered by the ICDR commenced after May 31, 2008, and may be adopted at the discretion of the tribunal in pending cases. They will be reflected in amendments incorporated into the next revision of the International Arbitration Rules. They may be adopted in arbitration clauses or by agreement at any time in any other arbitration administered by the AAA.

1. In General

- a. The tribunal shall manage the exchange of information among the parties in advance of the hearings with a view to maintaining efficiency and economy. The tribunal and the parties should endeavor to avoid unnecessary delay and expense while at the same time balancing the goals of avoiding surprise, promoting equality of treatment, and safeguarding each party's opportunity to present its claims and defenses fairly.
- b. The parties may provide the tribunal with their views on the appropriate level of information exchange for each case, but the tribunal retains final authority to apply the above standard. To the extent that the Parties wish to depart from this standard, they may do so only on the basis of an express agreement among all of them in writing and in consultation with the tribunal.

2. Documents on which a Party Relies.

Parties shall exchange, in advance of the hearing, all documents upon which each intends to rely.

3. Documents in the Possession of Another Party.

- a. In addition to any disclosure pursuant to paragraph 2, the tribunal may, upon application, require one party to make available to another party documents in the party's possession, not otherwise available to the party seeking the documents, that are reasonably believed to exist and to be relevant and material to the outcome of the case. Requests for documents shall contain a description of specific documents or classes of documents, along with an explanation of their relevance and materiality to the outcome of the case.
- b. The tribunal may condition any exchange of documents subject to claims of commercial or technical confidentiality on appropriate measures to protect such confidentiality.

4. Electronic Documents.

When documents to be exchanged are maintained in electronic form, the party in possession of such documents may make them available in the form (which may be paper copies) most convenient and economical for it, unless the Tribunal determines, on application and for good cause, that there is a compelling need for access to the documents in a different form. Requests for documents maintained in electronic form should be narrowly focused and structured to make searching for them as economical as possible. The Tribunal may direct testing or other means of focusing and limiting any search.

5. Inspections.

The tribunal may, on application and for good cause, require a party to permit inspection on reasonable notice of relevant premises or objects.

6. Other Procedures.

- a. Arbitrators should be receptive to creative solutions for achieving exchanges of information in ways that avoid costs and delay, consistent with the principles of due process expressed in these Guidelines.
- b. Depositions, interrogatories, and requests to admit, as developed in American court procedures, are generally not appropriate procedures for obtaining information in international arbitration.

7. Privileges and Professional Ethics.

The tribunal should respect applicable rules of privilege or professional ethics and other legal impediments. When the parties, their counsel or their documents would be subject under applicable law to different rules, the tribunal should to the extent possible apply the same rule to both sides, giving preference to the rule that provides the highest level of protection.

8. Costs and Compliance.

- a. In resolving any dispute about pre-hearing exchanges of information, the tribunal shall require a requesting party to justify the time and expense that its request may involve, and may condition granting such a request on the payment of part or all of the cost by the party seeking the information. The tribunal may also allocate the costs of providing information among the parties, either in an interim order or in an award.
- b. In the event any party fails to comply with an order for information exchange, the tribunal may draw adverse inferences and may take such failure into account in allocating costs.



Resources

BYLAWS FOR INTERNET CORPORATION FOR ASSIGNED NAMES AND NUMBERS | A California Nonprofit Public-Benefit Corporation

This page is available in: | Deutsch | English | Español | Français | Italiano | 日本語 | 한국어 | Português | русский | 中文 |

As amended 7 February 2014

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ARTICLE I: MISSION AND CORE VALUES

Section 1. MISSION

The mission of The Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers ("ICANN") is to coordinate, at the overall level, the global Internet's systems of unique identifiers, and in particular to ensure the stable and secure operation of the Internet's unique identifier systems. In particular, ICANN:

- 1. Coordinates the allocation and assignment of the three sets of unique identifiers for the Internet, which are
 - a. Domain names (forming a system referred to as "DNS");
 - b. Internet protocol ("IP") addresses and autonomous system ("AS") numbers; and
 - c. Protocol port and parameter numbers.
- 2. Coordinates the operation and evolution of the DNS root name server system.
- 3. Coordinates policy development reasonably and appropriately related to these technical functions.

Section 2. CORE VALUES

In performing its mission, the following core values should guide the decisions and actions of ICANN:

- 1. Preserving and enhancing the operational stability, reliability, security, and global interoperability of the Internet.
- 2. Respecting the creativity, innovation, and flow of information made possible by the Internet by limiting <u>ICANN</u>'s activities to those matters within <u>ICANN</u>'s mission requiring or significantly benefiting from global coordination.
- 3. To the extent feasible and appropriate, delegating coordination functions to or recognizing the policy role of other responsible entities that reflect the interests of affected parties.
- 4. Seeking and supporting broad, informed participation reflecting the functional, geographic, and cultural diversity of the Internet at all levels of policy development and decision-making.
- 5. Where feasible and appropriate, depending on market mechanisms to promote and sustain a competitive environment.
- 6. Introducing and promoting competition in the registration of domain names where practicable and beneficial in the public interest.
- 7. Employing open and transparent policy development mechanisms that (i) promote well-informed decisions based on expert advice, and (ii) ensure that those entities most affected can assist in the policy development process.
- 8. Making decisions by applying documented policies neutrally and objectively, with integrity and fairness.
- 9. Acting with a speed that is responsive to the needs of the Internet while, as part of the decision-making process, obtaining informed input from those entities most affected.

- 10. Remaining accountable to the Internet community through mechanisms that enhance ICANN's effectiveness.
- 11. While remaining rooted in the private sector, recognizing that governments and public authorities are responsible for public policy and duly taking into account governments' or public authorities' recommendations.

These core values are deliberately expressed in very general terms, so that they may provide useful and relevant guidance in the broadest possible range of circumstances. Because they are not narrowly prescriptive, the specific way in which they apply, individually and collectively, to each new situation will necessarily depend on many factors that cannot be fully anticipated or enumerated; and because they are statements of principle rather than practice, situations will inevitably arise in which perfect fidelity to all eleven core values simultaneously is not possible. Any ICANN body making a recommendation or decision shall exercise its judgment to determine which core values are most relevant and how they apply to the specific circumstances of the case at hand, and to determine, if necessary, an appropriate and defensible balance among competing values.

ARTICLE II: POWERS

Section 1. GENERAL POWERS

Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the powers of <u>ICANN</u> shall be exercised by, and its property controlled and its business and affairs conducted by or under the direction of, the Board. With respect to any matters that would fall within the provisions of <u>Article III</u>, <u>Section 6</u>, the Board may act only by a majority vote of all members of the Board. In all other matters, except as otherwise provided in these Bylaws or by law, the Board may act by majority vote of those present at any annual, regular, or special meeting of the Board. Any references in these Bylaws to a vote of the Board shall mean the vote of only those members present at the meeting where a quorum is present unless otherwise specifically provided in these Bylaws by reference to "all of the members of the Board."

Section 2. RESTRICTIONS

ICANN shall not act as a Domain Name System Registry or Registrar or Internet Protocol Address Registry in competition with entities affected by the policies of ICANN. Nothing in this Section is intended to prevent ICANN from taking whatever steps are necessary to protect the operational stability of the Internet in the event of financial failure of a Registry or Registrar or other emergency.

Section 3. NON-DISCRIMINATORY TREATMENT

<u>ICANN</u> shall not apply its standards, policies, procedures, or practices inequitably or single out any particular party for disparate treatment unless justified by substantial and reasonable cause, such as the promotion of effective competition.

ARTICLE III: TRANSPARENCY

Section 1. PURPOSE

ICANN and its constituent bodies shall operate to the maximum extent feasible in an open and transparent manner and consistent with procedures designed to ensure fairness.

Section 2. WEBSITE

ICANN shall maintain a publicly-accessible Internet World Wide Web site (the "Website"), which may include, among other things, (i) a calendar of scheduled meetings of the Board, Supporting Organizations, and Advisory Committees; (ii) a docket of all pending policy development matters, including their schedule and current status; (iii) specific meeting notices and agendas as described below; (iv) information on ICANN's budget, annual audit, financial contributors and the amount of their contributions, and related matters; (v) information about the availability of accountability mechanisms, including reconsideration, independent review, and Ombudsman activities, as well as information about the outcome of specific requests and complaints invoking these mechanisms; (vi) announcements about ICANN activities of interest to significant segments of the ICANN community; (vii) comments received from the community on policies being developed and other matters; (viii) information about ICANN's physical meetings and public forums; and (ix) other information of interest to the ICANN community.

Section 3. MANAGER OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

There shall be a staff position designated as Manager of Public Participation, or such other title as shall be determined by the President, that shall be responsible, under the direction of the President, for coordinating the various aspects of public participation in <u>ICANN</u>, including the Website and various other means of communicating with and receiving input from the general community of Internet users.

Section 4. MEETING NOTICES AND AGENDAS

At least seven days in advance of each Board meeting (or if not practicable, as far in advance as is practicable), a notice of such meeting and, to the extent known, an agenda for the meeting shall be posted.

Section 5. MINUTES AND PRELIMINARY REPORTS

- 1. All minutes of meetings of the Board and Supporting Organizations (and any councils thereof) shall be approved promptly by the originating body and provided to the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary for posting on the Website.
- 2. No later than 11:59 p.m. on the second business days after the conclusion of each meeting (as calculated by local time at the location of ICANN's principal office), any resolutions passed by the Board of Directors at that meeting shall be made publicly available on the Website; provided, however, that any actions relating to personnel or employment matters, legal matters (to the extent the Board determines it is necessary or appropriate to protect the interests of ICANN), matters that ICANN is prohibited by law or contract from disclosing publicly, and other matters that the Board determines, by a three-quarters (3/4) vote of Directors present at the meeting and voting, are not appropriate for public distribution, shall not be included in the preliminary report made publicly available. The Secretary shall send notice to the Board of Directors and the Chairs of the Supporting Organizations (as set forth in Articles VIII X of these Bylaws) and Advisory Committees (as set forth in Article XI of these Bylaws) informing them that the resolutions have been posted.
- 3. No later than 11:59 p.m. on the seventh business days after the conclusion of each meeting (as calculated by local time at the location of <u>ICANN</u>'s principal office), any actions taken by the Board shall be made publicly available in a preliminary report on the Website, subject to the limitations on disclosure set forth in Section 5.2 above. For any matters that the Board determines not to disclose, the Board shall describe in general terms in the relevant preliminary report the reason for such nondisclosure.

4. No later than the day after the date on which they are formally approved by the Board (or, if such day is not a business day, as calculated by local time at the location of ICANN's principal office, then the next immediately following business day), the minutes shall be made publicly available on the Website; provided, however, that any minutes relating to personnel or employment matters, legal matters (to the extent the Board determines it is necessary or appropriate to protect the interests of ICANN), matters that ICANN is prohibited by law or contract from disclosing publicly, and other matters that the Board determines, by a three-quarters (3/4) vote of Directors present at the meeting and voting, are not appropriate for public distribution, shall not be included in the minutes made publicly available. For any matters that the Board determines not to disclose, the Board shall describe in general terms in the relevant minutes the reason for such nondisclosure.

Section 6. NOTICE AND COMMENT ON POLICY ACTIONS

- 1. With respect to any policies that are being considered by the Board for adoption that substantially affect the operation of the Internet or third parties, including the imposition of any fees or charges, ICANN shall:
 - a. provide public notice on the Website explaining what policies are being considered for adoption and why, at least twenty-one days (and if practical, earlier) prior to any action by the Board;
 - b. provide a reasonable opportunity for parties to comment on the adoption of the proposed policies, to see the comments of others, and to reply to those comments, prior to any action by the Board; and
 - c. in those cases where the policy action affects public policy concerns, to request the opinion of the Governmental Advisory Committee and take duly into account any advice timely presented by the Governmental Advisory Committee on its own initiative or at the Board's request.
- 2. Where both practically feasible and consistent with the relevant policy development process, an in-person public forum shall also be held for discussion of any proposed policies as described in Section 6(1)(b) of this Article, prior to any final Board action.
- 3. After taking action on any policy subject to this Section, the Board shall publish in the meeting minutes the reasons for any action taken, the vote of each Director voting on the action, and the separate statement of any Director desiring publication of such a statement.

Section 7. TRANSLATION OF DOCUMENTS

As appropriate and to the extent provided in the <u>ICANN</u> budget, <u>ICANN</u> shall facilitate the translation of final published documents into various appropriate languages.

ARTICLE IV: ACCOUNTABILITY AND REVIEW

Section 1. PURPOSE

In carrying out its mission as set out in these Bylaws, <u>ICANN</u> should be accountable to the community for operating in a manner that is consistent with these Bylaws, and with due regard for the core values set forth in <u>Article I of these Bylaws</u>. The provisions of this Article, creating processes for reconsideration and independent review of <u>ICANN</u> actions and periodic review of <u>ICANN</u>'s structure and procedures, are

intended to reinforce the various accountability mechanisms otherwise set forth in these Bylaws, including the transparency provisions of Article III and the Board and other selection mechanisms set forth throughout these Bylaws.

Section 2. RECONSIDERATION

- 1. <u>ICANN</u> shall have in place a process by which any person or entity materially affected by an action of <u>ICANN</u> may request review or reconsideration of that action by the Board.
- 2. Any person or entity may submit a request for reconsideration or review of an <u>ICANN</u> action or inaction ("Reconsideration Request") to the extent that he, she, or it have been adversely affected by:
 - a. one or more staff actions or inactions that contradict established <u>ICANN</u> policy(ies); or
 - b. one or more actions or inactions of the <u>ICANN</u> Board that have been taken or refused to be taken without consideration of material information, except where the party submitting the request could have submitted, but did not submit, the information for the Board's consideration at the time of action or refusal to act; or
 - c. one or more actions or inactions of the <u>ICANN</u> Board that are taken as a result of the Board's reliance on false or inaccurate material information.
- 3. The Board has designated the Board Governance Committee to review and consider any such Reconsideration Requests. The Board Governance Committee shall have the authority to:
 - a. evaluate requests for review or reconsideration;
 - b. summarily dismiss insufficient requests;
 - c. evaluate requests for urgent consideration;
 - d. conduct whatever factual investigation is deemed appropriate;
 - e. request additional written submissions from the affected party, or from other parties;
 - f. make a final determination on Reconsideration Requests regarding staff action or inaction, without reference to the Board of Directors; and
 - g. make a recommendation to the Board of Directors on the merits of the request, as necessary.
- 4. ICANN shall absorb the normal administrative costs of the reconsideration process. It reserves the right to recover from a party requesting review or reconsideration any costs that are deemed to be extraordinary in nature. When such extraordinary costs can be foreseen, that fact and the reasons why such costs are necessary and appropriate to evaluating the Reconsideration Request shall be communicated to the party seeking reconsideration, who shall then have the option of withdrawing the request or agreeing to bear such costs.
- 5. All Reconsideration Requests must be submitted to an e-mail address designated by the Board Governance Committee within fifteen days after:
 - a. for requests challenging Board actions, the date on which information about the challenged Board action is first published in a resolution, unless the posting of the resolution is not accompanied by a rationale. In that instance, the request

must be submitted within 15 days from the initial posting of the rationale; or

- b. for requests challenging staff actions, the date on which the party submitting the request became aware of, or reasonably should have become aware of, the challenged staff action; or
- c. for requests challenging either Board or staff inaction, the date on which the affected person reasonably concluded, or reasonably should have concluded, that action would not be taken in a timely manner.
- 6. To properly initiate a Reconsideration process, all requestors must review and follow the Reconsideration Request form posted on the ICANN website. at http://www.icann.org/en/groups/board/governance/reconsideration. Requestors must also acknowledge and agree to the terms and conditions set forth in the form when filing.
- 7. Requestors shall not provide more than 25 pages (double-spaced, 12-point font) of argument in support of a Reconsideration Request. Requestors may submit all documentary evidence necessary to demonstrate why the action or inaction should be reconsidered, without limitation.
- 8. The Board Governance Committee shall have authority to consider Reconsideration Requests from different parties in the same proceeding so long as: (i) the requests involve the same general action or inaction; and (ii) the parties submitting Reconsideration Requests are similarly affected by such action or inaction. In addition, consolidated filings may be appropriate if the alleged causal connection and the resulting harm is the same for all of the requestors. Every requestor must be able to demonstrate that it has been materially harmed and adversely impacted by the action or inaction giving rise to the request.
- 9. The Board Governance Committee shall review each Reconsideration Request upon its receipt to determine if it is sufficiently stated. The Board Governance Committee may summarily dismiss a Reconsideration Request if: (i) the requestor fails to meet the requirements for bringing a Reconsideration Request; (ii) it is frivolous, querulous or vexatious; or (iii) the requestor had notice and opportunity to, but did not, participate in the public comment period relating to the contested action, if applicable. The Board Governance Committee's summary dismissal of a Reconsideration Request shall be posted on the Website.
- 10. For all Reconsideration Requests that are not summarily dismissed, the Board Governance Committee shall promptly proceed to review and consideration.
- 11. The Board Governance Committee may ask the <u>ICANN</u> staff for its views on the matter, which comments shall be made publicly available on the Website.
- 12. The Board Governance Committee may request additional information or clarifications from the requestor, and may elect to conduct a meeting with the requestor by telephone, email or, if acceptable to the party requesting reconsideration, in person. A requestor may ask for an opportunity to be heard; the Board Governance Committee's decision on any such request is final. To the extent any information gathered in such a meeting is relevant to any recommendation by the Board Governance Committee, it shall so state in its recommendation.
- 13. The Board Governance Committee may also request information relevant to the request from third parties. To the extent any information gathered is relevant to any recommendation by the Board Governance Committee, it shall so state in its recommendation. Any information collected from third parties shall be provided to the requestor.
- 14. The Board Governance Committee shall act on a Reconsideration Request on the basis of the public written record, including information submitted by the party seeking reconsideration or review, by the <u>ICANN</u> staff, and by any third party.

- 15. For all Reconsideration Requests brought regarding staff action or inaction, the Board Governance Committee shall be delegated the authority by the Board of Directors to make a final determination and recommendation on the matter. Board consideration of the recommendation is not required. As the Board Governance Committee deems necessary, it may make recommendation to the Board for consideration and action. The Board Governance Committee's determination on staff action or inaction shall be posted on the Website. The Board Governance Committee's determination is final and establishes precedential value.
- 16. The Board Governance Committee shall make a final determination or a recommendation to the Board with respect to a Reconsideration Request within thirty days following its receipt of the request, unless impractical, in which case it shall report to the Board the circumstances that prevented it from making a final recommendation and its best estimate of the time required to produce such a final determination or recommendation. The final recommendation shall be posted on ICANN's website.
- 17. The Board shall not be bound to follow the recommendations of the Board Governance Committee. The final decision of the Board shall be made public as part of the preliminary report and minutes of the Board meeting at which action is taken. The Board shall issue its decision on the recommendation of the Board Governance Committee within 60 days of receipt of the Reconsideration Request or as soon thereafter as feasible. Any circumstances that delay the Board from acting within this timeframe must be identified and posted on ICANN's website. The Board's decision on the recommendation is final.
- 18. If the requestor believes that the Board action or inaction posed for Reconsideration is so urgent that the timing requirements of the Reconsideration process are too long, the requestor may apply to the Board Governance Committee for urgent consideration. Any request for urgent consideration must be made within two business days (calculated at ICANN's headquarters in Los Angeles, California) of the posting of the resolution at issue. A request for urgent consideration must include a discussion of why the matter is urgent for reconsideration and must demonstrate a likelihood of success with the Reconsideration Request.
- 19. The Board Governance Committee shall respond to the request for urgent consideration within two business days after receipt of such request. If the Board Governance Committee agrees to consider the matter with urgency, it will cause notice to be provided to the requestor, who will have two business days after notification to complete the Reconsideration Request. The Board Governance Committee shall issue a recommendation on the urgent Reconsideration Request within seven days of the completion of the filing of the Request, or as soon thereafter as feasible. If the Board Governance Committee does not agree to consider the matter with urgency, the requestor may still file a Reconsideration Request within the regular time frame set forth within these Bylaws.
- 20. The Board Governance Committee shall submit a report to the Board on an annual basis containing at least the following information for the preceding calendar year:
 - a. the number and general nature of Reconsideration Requests received, including an identification if the requests were acted upon, summarily dismissed, or remain pending;
 - b. for any Reconsideration Requests that remained pending at the end of the calendar year, the average length of time for which such Reconsideration Requests have been pending, and a description of the reasons for any request pending for more than ninety (90) days;

- c. an explanation of any other mechanisms available to ensure that <u>ICANN</u> is accountable to persons materially affected by its decisions; and
- d. whether or not, in the Board Governance Committee's view, the criteria for which reconsideration may be requested should be revised, or another process should be adopted or modified, to ensure that all persons materially affected by <u>ICANN</u> decisions have meaningful access to a review process that ensures fairness while limiting frivolous claims.

Section 3. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF BOARD ACTIONS

- 1. In addition to the reconsideration process described in Section 2 of this Article, ICANN shall have in place a separate process for independent third-party review of Board actions alleged by an affected party to be inconsistent with the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws.
- 2. Any person materially affected by a decision or action by the Board that he or she asserts is inconsistent with the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws may submit a request for independent review of that decision or action. In order to be materially affected, the person must suffer injury or harm that is directly and causally connected to the Board's alleged violation of the Bylaws or the Articles of Incorporation, and not as a result of third parties acting in line with the Board's action.
- 3. A request for independent review must be filed within thirty days of the posting of the minutes of the Board meeting (and the accompanying Board Briefing Materials, if available) that the requesting party contends demonstrates that ICANN violated its Bylaws or Articles of Incorporation. Consolidated requests may be appropriate when the causal connection between the circumstances of the requests and the harm is the same for each of the requesting parties.
- 4. Requests for such independent review shall be referred to an Independent Review Process Panel ("IRP Panel"), which shall be charged with comparing contested actions of the Board to the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, and with declaring whether the Board has acted consistently with the provisions of those Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws. The IRP Panel must apply a defined standard of review to the IRP request, focusing on:
 - a. did the Board act without conflict of interest in taking its decision?;
 - b. did the Board exercise due diligence and care in having a reasonable amount of facts in front of them?; and
 - c. did the Board members exercise independent judgment in taking the decision, believed to be in the best interests of the company?
- 5. Requests for independent review shall not exceed 25 pages (double-spaced, 12-point font) of argument. ICANN's response shall not exceed that same length. Parties may submit documentary evidence supporting their positions without limitation. In the event that parties submit expert evidence, such evidence must be provided in writing and there will be a right of reply to the expert evidence.
- 6. There shall be an omnibus standing panel of between six and nine members with a variety of expertise, including jurisprudence, judicial experience, alternative dispute resolution and knowledge of ICANN's mission and work from which each specific IRP Panel shall be selected. The panelists shall serve for terms that are staggered to allow for continued review of the size of the panel and the range of expertise. A Chair of the standing panel shall be appointed for a term not to exceed three years. Individuals holding an official position or office within the ICANN structure are not eligible to serve

on the standing panel. In the event that an omnibus standing panel: (i) is not in place when an IRP Panel must be convened for a given proceeding, the IRP proceeding will be considered by a one- or three-member panel comprised in accordance with the rules of the IRP Provider; or (ii) is in place but does not have the requisite diversity of skill and experience needed for a particular proceeding, the IRP Provider shall identify one or more panelists, as required, from outside the omnibus standing panel to augment the panel members for that proceeding.

- 7. All IRP proceedings shall be administered by an international dispute resolution provider appointed from time to time by <u>ICANN</u> ("the IRP Provider"). The membership of the standing panel shall be coordinated by the IRP Provider subject to approval by ICANN.
- 8. Subject to the approval of the Board, the IRP Provider shall establish operating rules and procedures, which shall implement and be consistent with this Section 3.
- 9. Either party may request that the IRP be considered by a one- or three-member panel; the Chair of the standing panel shall make the final determination of the size of each IRP panel, taking into account the wishes of the parties and the complexity of the issues presented.
- 10. The IRP Provider shall determine a procedure for assigning members from the standing panel to individual IRP panels.
- 11. The IRP Panel shall have the authority to:
 - a. summarily dismiss requests brought without standing, lacking in substance, or that are frivolous or vexatious;
 - b. request additional written submissions from the party seeking review, the Board, the Supporting Organizations, or from other parties;
 - c. declare whether an action or inaction of the Board was inconsistent with the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws; and
 - d. recommend that the Board stay any action or decision, or that the Board take any interim action, until such time as the Board reviews and acts upon the opinion of the IRP;
 - e. consolidate requests for independent review if the facts and circumstances are sufficiently similar; and
 - f. determine the timing for each proceeding.
- 12. In order to keep the costs and burdens of independent review as low as possible, the IRP Panel should conduct its proceedings by email and otherwise via the Internet to the maximum extent feasible. Where necessary, the IRP Panel may hold meetings by telephone. In the unlikely event that a telephonic or in-person hearing is convened, the hearing shall be limited to argument only; all evidence, including witness statements, must be submitted in writing in advance.
- 13. All panel members shall adhere to conflicts-of-interest policy stated in the IRP Provider's operating rules and procedures, as approved by the Board.
- 14. Prior to initiating a request for independent review, the complainant is urged to enter into a period of cooperative engagement with <u>ICANN</u> for the purpose of resolving or narrowing the issues that are contemplated to be brought to the IRP. The cooperative engagement process is published on <u>ICANN</u>.org and is incorporated into this Section 3 of the Bylaws.
- 15. Upon the filing of a request for an independent review, the parties are urged to participate in a conciliation period for the purpose of narrowing the issues that are stated within the request for independent review. A conciliator will be appointed from the members of the omnibus standing panel by the Chair of that panel. The conciliator

- shall not be eligible to serve as one of the panelists presiding over that particular IRP. The Chair of the standing panel may deem conciliation unnecessary if cooperative engagement sufficiently narrowed the issues remaining in the independent review.
- 16. Cooperative engagement and conciliation are both voluntary. However, if the party requesting the independent review does not participate in good faith in the cooperative engagement and the conciliation processes, if applicable, and ICANN is the prevailing party in the request for independent review, the IRP Panel must award to ICANN all reasonable fees and costs incurred by ICANN in the proceeding, including legal fees.
- 17. All matters discussed during the cooperative engagement and conciliation phases are to remain confidential and not subject to discovery or as evidence for any purpose within the IRP, and are without prejudice to either party.
- 18. The IRP Panel should strive to issue its written declaration no later than six months after the filing of the request for independent review. The IRP Panel shall make its declaration based solely on the documentation, supporting materials, and arguments submitted by the parties, and in its declaration shall specifically designate the prevailing party. The party not prevailing shall ordinarily be responsible for bearing all costs of the IRP Provider, but in an extraordinary case the IRP Panel may in its declaration allocate up to half of the costs of the IRP Provider to the prevailing party based upon the circumstances, including a consideration of the reasonableness of the parties' positions and their contribution to the public interest. Each party to the IRP proceedings shall bear its own expenses.
- 19. The IRP operating procedures, and all petitions, claims, and declarations, shall be posted on ICANN's website when they become available.
- 20. The IRP Panel may, in its discretion, grant a party's request to keep certain information confidential, such as trade secrets.
- 21. Where feasible, the Board shall consider the IRP Panel declaration at the Board's next meeting. The declarations of the IRP Panel, and the Board's subsequent action on those declarations, are final and have precedential value.

Section 4. PERIODIC REVIEW OF ICANN STRUCTURE AND OPERATIONS

1. The Board shall cause a periodic review of the performance and operation of each Supporting Organization, each Supporting Organization Council, each Advisory Committee (other than the Governmental Advisory Committee), and the Nominating Committee by an entity or entities independent of the organization under review. The goal of the review, to be undertaken pursuant to such criteria and standards as the Board shall direct, shall be to determine (i) whether that organization has a continuing purpose in the ICANN structure, and (ii) if so, whether any change in structure or operations is desirable to improve its effectiveness.

These periodic reviews shall be conducted no less frequently than every five years, based on feasibility as determined by the Board. Each five-year cycle will be computed from the moment of the reception by the Board of the final report of the relevant review Working Group.

The results of such reviews shall be posted on the Website for public review and comment, and shall be considered by the Board no later than the second scheduled meeting of the Board after such results have been posted for 30 days. The consideration by the Board includes the ability to revise the structure or operation of the parts of ICANN being reviewed by a two-thirds vote of all members of the Board.

2. The Governmental Advisory Committee shall provide its own review mechanisms.

Section 1. OFFICE OF OMBUDSMAN

- 1. There shall be an Office of Ombudsman, to be managed by an Ombudsman and to include such staff support as the Board determines is appropriate and feasible. The Ombudsman shall be a full-time position, with salary and benefits appropriate to the function, as determined by the Board.
- 2. The Ombudsman shall be appointed by the Board for an initial term of two years, subject to renewal by the Board.
- 3. The Ombudsman shall be subject to dismissal by the Board only upon a three-fourths (3/4) vote of the entire Board.
- 4. The annual budget for the Office of Ombudsman shall be established by the Board as part of the annual ICANN budget process. The Ombudsman shall submit a proposed budget to the President, and the President shall include that budget submission in its entirety and without change in the general ICANN budget recommended by the ICANN President to the Board. Nothing in this Article shall prevent the President from offering separate views on the substance, size, or other features of the Ombudsman's proposed budget to the Board.

Section 2. CHARTER

The charter of the Ombudsman shall be to act as a neutral dispute resolution practitioner for those matters for which the provisions of the Reconsideration Policy set forth in Section 2 of Article IV or the Independent Review Policy set forth in Section 3 of Article IV have not been invoked. The principal function of the Ombudsman shall be to provide an independent internal evaluation of complaints by members of the ICANN community who believe that the ICANN staff, Board or an ICANN constituent body has treated them unfairly. The Ombudsman shall serve as an objective advocate for fairness, and shall seek to evaluate and where possible resolve complaints about unfair or inappropriate treatment by ICANN staff, the Board, or ICANN constituent bodies, clarifying the issues and using conflict resolution tools such as negotiation, facilitation, and "shuttle diplomacy" to achieve these results.

Section 3. OPERATIONS

The Office of Ombudsman shall:

- 1. facilitate the fair, impartial, and timely resolution of problems and complaints that affected members of the <u>ICANN</u> community (excluding employees and vendors/suppliers of <u>ICANN</u>) may have with specific actions or failures to act by the Board or <u>ICANN</u> staff which have not otherwise become the subject of either the Reconsideration or Independent Review Policies;
- 2. exercise discretion to accept or decline to act on a complaint or question, including by the development of procedures to dispose of complaints that are insufficiently concrete, substantive, or related to <u>ICANN</u>'s interactions with the community so as to be inappropriate subject matters for the Ombudsman to act on. In addition, and without limiting the foregoing, the Ombudsman shall have no authority to act in any way with respect to internal administrative matters, personnel matters, issues relating to membership on the Board, or issues related to vendor/supplier relations;
- 3. have the right to have access to (but not to publish if otherwise confidential) all necessary

information and records from <u>ICANN</u> staff and constituent bodies to enable an informed evaluation of the complaint and to assist in dispute resolution where feasible (subject only to such confidentiality obligations as are imposed by the complainant or any generally applicable confidentiality policies adopted by ICANN);

- 4. heighten awareness of the Ombudsman program and functions through routine interaction with the ICANN community and online availability;
- 5. maintain neutrality and independence, and have no bias or personal stake in an outcome; and
- 6. comply with all ICANN conflicts-of-interest and confidentiality policies.

Section 4. INTERACTION WITH ICANN AND OUTSIDE ENTITIES

- 1. No <u>ICANN</u> employee, Board member, or other participant in Supporting Organizations or Advisory Committees shall prevent or impede the Ombudsman's contact with the <u>ICANN</u> community (including employees of <u>ICANN</u>). <u>ICANN</u> employees and Board members shall direct members of the <u>ICANN</u> community who voice problems, concerns, or complaints about <u>ICANN</u> to the Ombudsman, who shall advise complainants about the various options available for review of such problems, concerns, or complaints.
- 2. <u>ICANN</u> staff and other <u>ICANN</u> participants shall observe and respect determinations made by the Office of Ombudsman concerning confidentiality of any complaints received by that Office.
- 3. Contact with the Ombudsman shall not constitute notice to <u>ICANN</u> of any particular action or cause of action.
- 4. The Ombudsman shall be specifically authorized to make such reports to the Board as he or she deems appropriate with respect to any particular matter and its resolution or the inability to resolve it. Absent a determination by the Ombudsman, in his or her sole discretion, that it would be inappropriate, such reports shall be posted on the Website.
- 5. The Ombudsman shall not take any actions not authorized in these Bylaws, and in particular shall not institute, join, or support in any way any legal actions challenging <u>ICANN</u> structure, procedures, processes, or any conduct by the <u>ICANN</u> Board, staff, or constituent bodies.

Section 5. ANNUAL REPORT

The Office of Ombudsman shall publish on an annual basis a consolidated analysis of the year's complaints and resolutions, appropriately dealing with confidentiality obligations and concerns. Such annual report should include a description of any trends or common elements of complaints received during the period in question, as well as recommendations for steps that could be taken to minimize future complaints. The annual report shall be posted on the Website.

ARTICLE VI: BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The <u>ICANN</u> Board of Directors ("Board") shall consist of sixteen voting members ("Directors"). In addition, five non-voting liaisons ("Liaisons") shall be designated for the purposes set forth in <u>Section 9 of this</u>

Article. Only Directors shall be included in determining the existence of quorums, and in establishing the validity of votes taken by the ICANN Board.

Section 2. DIRECTORS AND THEIR SELECTION; ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN

- 1. The Directors shall consist of:
 - a. Eight voting members selected by the Nominating Committee established by Article VII of these Bylaws. These seats on the Board of Directors are referred to in these Bylaws as Seats 1 through 8.
 - b. Two voting members selected by the Address Supporting Organization according to the provisions of Article VIII of these Bylaws. These seats on the Board of Directors are referred to in these Bylaws as Seat 9 and Seat 10.
 - c. Two voting members selected by the Country-Code Names Supporting Organization according to the provisions of Article IX of these Bylaws. These seats on the Board of Directors are referred to in these Bylaws as Seat 11 and Seat 12.
 - d. Two voting members selected by the Generic Names Supporting Organization according to the provisions of Article X of these Bylaws. These seats on the Board of Directors are referred to in these Bylaws as Seat 13 and Seat 14.
 - e. One voting member selected by the At-Large Community according to the provisions of Article XI of these Bylaws. This seat on the Board of Directors is referred to in these Bylaws as Seat 15.
 - f. The President ex officio, who shall be a voting member.
- 2. In carrying out its responsibilities to fill Seats 1 through 8, the Nominating Committee shall seek to ensure that the ICANN Board is composed of members who in the aggregate display diversity in geography, culture, skills, experience, and perspective, by applying the criteria set forth in Section 3 of this Article. At no time when it makes its selection shall the Nominating Committee select a Director to fill any vacancy or expired term whose selection would cause the total number of Directors (not including the President) from countries in any one Geographic Region (as defined in Section 5 of this Article) to exceed five; and the Nominating Committee shall ensure when it makes its selections that the Board includes at least one Director who is from a country in each ICANN Geographic Region ("Diversity Calculation").

For purposes of this sub-section 2 of Article VI, Section 2 of the <u>ICANN</u> Bylaws, if any candidate for director maintains citizenship of more than one country, or has been domiciled for more than five years in a country of which the candidate does not maintain citizenship ("Domicile"), that candidate may be deemed to be from either country and must select in his/her Statement of Interest the country of citizenship or Domicile that he/she wants the Nominating Committee to use for Diversity Calculation purposes. For purposes of this subsection 2 of Article VI, Section 2 of the <u>ICANN</u> Bylaws, a person can only have one "Domicile," which shall be determined by where the candidate has a permanent residence and place of habitation.

3. In carrying out their responsibilities to fill Seats 9 through 15, the Supporting Organizations and the At-Large Community shall seek to ensure that the <u>ICANN</u> Board is composed of members that in the aggregate display diversity in geography, culture, skills, experience, and perspective, by applying the criteria set forth in Section 3 of this Article. At any given time, no

two Directors selected by a Supporting Organization shall be citizens from the same country or of countries located in the same Geographic Region.

For purposes of this sub-section 3 of Article VI, Section 2 of the <u>ICANN</u> Bylaws, if any candidate for director maintains citizenship of more than one country, or has been domiciled for more than five years in a country of which the candidate does not maintain citizenship ("Domicile"), that candidate may be deemed to be from either country and must select in his/her Statement of Interest the country of citizenship or Domicile that he/she wants the Supporting Organization or the At-Large Community to use for selection purposes. For purposes of this sub-section 3 of Article VI, Section 2 of the <u>ICANN</u> Bylaws, a person can only have one "Domicile," which shall be determined by where the candidate has a permanent residence and place of habitation.

4. The Board shall annually elect a Chairman and a Vice-Chairman from among the Directors, not including the President.

Section 3. CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF DIRECTORS

ICANN Directors shall be:

- 1. Accomplished persons of integrity, objectivity, and intelligence, with reputations for sound judgment and open minds, and a demonstrated capacity for thoughtful group decision-making;
- 2. Persons with an understanding of ICANN's mission and the potential impact of ICANN decisions on the global Internet community, and committed to the success of ICANN;
- 3. Persons who will produce the broadest cultural and geographic diversity on the Board consistent with meeting the other criteria set forth in this Section;
- 4. Persons who, in the aggregate, have personal familiarity with the operation of gTLD registries and registrars; with ccTLD registries; with IP address registries; with Internet technical standards and protocols; with policy-development procedures, legal traditions, and the public interest; and with the broad range of business, individual, academic, and non-commercial users of the Internet;
- 5. Persons who are willing to serve as volunteers, without compensation other than the reimbursement of certain expenses; and
- 6. Persons who are able to work and communicate in written and spoken English.

Section 4. ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

- 1. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no official of a national government or a multinational entity established by treaty or other agreement between national governments may serve as a Director. As used herein, the term "official" means a person (i) who holds an elective governmental office or (ii) who is employed by such government or multinational entity and whose primary function with such government or entity is to develop or influence governmental or public policies.
- 2. No person who serves in any capacity (including as a liaison) on any Supporting Organization Council shall simultaneously serve as a Director or liaison to the Board. If such a person accepts a nomination to be considered for selection by the Supporting Organization Council or the At-Large Community to be a Director, the person shall not, following such

nomination, participate in any discussion of, or vote by, the Supporting Organization Council or the committee designated by the At-Large Community relating to the selection of Directors by the Council or Community, until the Council or committee(s) designated by the At-Large Community has selected the full complement of Directors it is responsible for selecting. In the event that a person serving in any capacity on a Supporting Organization Council accepts a nomination to be considered for selection as a Director, the constituency group or other group or entity that selected the person may select a replacement for purposes of the Council's selection process. In the event that a person serving in any capacity on the At-Large Advisory Committee accepts a nomination to be considered for selection by the At-Large Community as a Director, the Regional At-Large Organization or other group or entity that selected the person may select a replacement for purposes of the Community's selection process.

3. Persons serving in any capacity on the Nominating Committee shall be ineligible for selection to positions on the Board as provided by Article VII, Section 8.

Section 5. INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATION

In order to ensure broad international representation on the Board, the selection of Directors by the Nominating Committee, each Supporting Organization and the At-Large Community shall comply with all applicable diversity provisions of these Bylaws or of any Memorandum of Understanding referred to in these Bylaws concerning the Supporting Organization. One intent of these diversity provisions is to ensure that at all times each Geographic Region shall have at least one Director, and at all times no region shall have more than five Directors on the Board (not including the President). As used in these Bylaws, each of the following is considered to be a "Geographic Region": Europe; Asia/Australia/Pacific; Latin America/Caribbean islands; Africa; and North America. The specific countries included in each Geographic Region shall be determined by the Board, and this Section shall be reviewed by the Board from time to time (but at least every three years) to determine whether any change is appropriate, taking account of the evolution of the Internet.

Section 6. DIRECTORS' CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Board, through the Board Governance Committee, shall require a statement from each Director not less frequently than once a year setting forth all business and other affiliations that relate in any way to the business and other affiliations of ICANN. Each Director shall be responsible for disclosing to ICANN any matter that could reasonably be considered to make such Director an "interested director" within the meaning of Section 5233 of the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law ("CNPBCL"). In addition, each Director shall disclose to ICANN any relationship or other factor that could reasonably be considered to cause the Director to be considered to be an "interested person" within the meaning of Section 5227 of the CNPBCL. The Board shall adopt policies specifically addressing Director, Officer, and Supporting Organization conflicts of interest. No Director shall vote on any matter in which he or she has a material and direct financial interest that would be affected by the outcome of the vote.

Section 7. DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

Directors shall serve as individuals who have the duty to act in what they reasonably believe are the best interests of <u>ICANN</u> and not as representatives of the entity that selected them, their employers, or any other organizations or constituencies.

Section 8. TERMS OF DIRECTORS

1. The regular term of office of Director Seats 1 through 15 shall begin as follows:

- a. The regular terms of Seats 1 through 3 shall begin at the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2003 and each <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting every third year after 2003;
- b. The regular terms of Seats 4 through 6 shall begin at the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2004 and each <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting every third year after 2004;
- c. The regular terms of Seats 7 and 8 shall begin at the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2005 and each <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting every third year after 2005;
- d. The terms of Seats 9 and 12 shall continue until the conclusion of ICANN's ICANN's annual meeting in 2015. The next terms of Seats 9 and 12 shall begin at the conclusion of ICANN's annual meeting in 2015 and each ICANN annual meeting every third year after 2015;
- e. The terms of Seats 10 and 13 shall continue until the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2013. The next terms of Seats 10 and 13 shall begin at the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2013 and each <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting every third year after 2013; and
- f. The terms of Seats 11, 14 and 15 shall continue until the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2014. The next terms of Seats 11, 14 and 15 shall begin at the conclusion of <u>ICANN</u>'s annual meeting in 2014 and each <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting every third year after 2014.
- 2. Each Director holding any of Seats 1 through 15, including a Director selected to fill a vacancy, shall hold office for a term that lasts until the next term for that Seat commences and until a successor has been selected and qualified or until that Director resigns or is removed in accordance with these Bylaws.
- 3. At least two months before the commencement of each annual meeting, the Nominating Committee shall give the Secretary of <u>ICANN</u> written notice of its selection of Directors for seats with terms beginning at the conclusion of the annual meeting.
- 4. At least six months before the date specified for the commencement of the term as specified in paragraphs 1.d-f above, any Supporting Organization or the At-Large community entitled to select a Director for a Seat with a term beginning that year shall give the Secretary of ICANN written notice of its selection.
- 5. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws, no Director may serve more than three consecutive terms. For these purposes, a person selected to fill a vacancy in a term shall not be deemed to have served that term. (Note: In the period prior to the beginning of the first regular term of Seat 15 in 2010, Seat 15 was deemed vacant for the purposes of calculation of terms of service.)
- 6. The term as Director of the person holding the office of President shall be for as long as, and only for as long as, such person holds the office of President.

Section 9. NON-VOTING LIAISONS

1. The non-voting liaisons shall include:

- a. One appointed by the Governmental Advisory Committee;
- b. One appointed by the Root Server System Advisory Committee established by Article XI of these Bylaws;
- c. One appointed by the Security and Stability Advisory Committee established by Article XI of these Bylaws;
- d. One appointed by the Internet Engineering Task Force.
- 2. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws, the non-voting liaisons shall serve terms that begin at the conclusion of each annual meeting. At least one month before the commencement of each annual meeting, each body entitled to appoint a non-voting liaison shall give the Secretary of ICANN written notice of its appointment.
- 3. Non-voting liaisons shall serve as volunteers, without compensation other than the reimbursement of certain expenses.
- 4. Each non-voting liaison may be reappointed, and shall remain in that position until a successor has been appointed or until the liaison resigns or is removed in accordance with these Bylaws.
- 5. The non-voting liaisons shall be entitled to attend Board meetings, participate in Board discussions and deliberations, and have access (under conditions established by the Board) to materials provided to Directors for use in Board discussions, deliberations and meetings, but shall otherwise not have any of the rights and privileges of Directors. Non-voting liaisons shall be entitled (under conditions established by the Board) to use any materials provided to them pursuant to this Section for the purpose of consulting with their respective committee or organization.

Section 10. RESIGNATION OF A DIRECTOR OR NON-VOTING LIAISON

Subject to Section 5226 of the CNPBCL, any Director or non-voting liaison may resign at any time, either by oral tender of resignation at any meeting of the Board (followed by prompt written notice to the Secretary of ICANN) or by giving written notice thereof to the President or the Secretary of ICANN. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified, and, unless otherwise specified, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. The successor shall be selected pursuant to Section 12 of this Article.

Section 11. REMOVAL OF A DIRECTOR OR NON-VOTING LIAISON

1. Any Director may be removed, following notice to that Director, by a three-fourths (3/4) majority vote of all Directors; provided, however, that the Director who is the subject of the removal action shall not be entitled to vote on such an action or be counted as a voting member of the Board when calculating the required three-fourths (3/4) vote; and provided further, that each vote to remove a Director shall be a separate vote on the sole question of the removal of that particular Director. If the Director was selected by a Supporting Organization, notice must be provided to that Supporting Organization at the same time notice is provided to the Director. If the Director was selected by the At-Large Community, notice must be provided to the At-Large Advisory Committee at the same time notice is provided to the Director.

2. With the exception of the non-voting liaison appointed by the Governmental Advisory Committee, any non-voting liaison may be removed, following notice to that liaison and to the organization by which that liaison was selected, by a three-fourths (3/4) majority vote of all Directors if the selecting organization fails to promptly remove that liaison following such notice. The Board may request the Governmental Advisory Committee to consider the replacement of the non-voting liaison appointed by that Committee if the Board, by a three-fourths (3/4) majority vote of all Directors, determines that such an action is appropriate.

Section 12. VACANCIES

- 1. A vacancy or vacancies in the Board of Directors shall be deemed to exist in the case of the death, resignation, or removal of any Director; if the authorized number of Directors is increased; or if a Director has been declared of unsound mind by a final order of court or convicted of a felony or incarcerated for more than 90 days as a result of a criminal conviction or has been found by final order or judgment of any court to have breached a duty under Sections 5230 et seq. of the CNPBCL. Any vacancy occurring on the Board of Directors shall be filled by the Nominating Committee, unless (a) that Director was selected by a Supporting Organization, in which case that vacancy shall be filled by that Supporting Organization, or (b) that Director was the President, in which case the vacancy shall be filled in accordance with the provisions of Article XIII of these Bylaws. The selecting body shall give written notice to the Secretary of ICANN of their appointments to fill vacancies. A Director selected to fill a vacancy on the Board shall serve for the unexpired term of his or her predecessor in office and until a successor has been selected and qualified. No reduction of the authorized number of Directors shall have the effect of removing a Director prior to the expiration of the Director's term of office.
- 2. The organizations selecting the non-voting liaisons identified in Section 9 of this Article are responsible for determining the existence of, and filling, any vacancies in those positions. They shall give the Secretary of ICANN written notice of their appointments to fill vacancies.

Section 13. ANNUAL MEETINGS

Annual meetings of <u>ICANN</u> shall be held for the purpose of electing Officers and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Each annual meeting for <u>ICANN</u> shall be held at the principal office of <u>ICANN</u>, or any other appropriate place of the Board's time and choosing, provided such annual meeting is held within 14 months of the immediately preceding annual meeting. If the Board determines that it is practical, the annual meeting should be distributed in real-time and archived video and audio formats on the Internet.

Section 14. REGULAR MEETINGS

Regular meetings of the Board shall be held on dates to be determined by the Board. In the absence of other designation, regular meetings shall be held at the principal office of ICANN.

Section 15. SPECIAL MEETINGS

Special meetings of the Board may be called by or at the request of one-quarter (1/4) of the members of the Board or by the Chairman of the Board or the President. A call for a special meeting shall be made by the Secretary of <u>ICANN</u>. In the absence of designation, special meetings shall be held at the principal office of ICANN.

Section 16. NOTICE OF MEETINGS

Notice of time and place of all meetings shall be delivered personally or by telephone or by electronic mail to each Director and non-voting liaison, or sent by first-class mail (air mail for addresses outside the United States) or facsimile, charges prepaid, addressed to each Director and non-voting liaison at the Director's or non-voting liaison's address as it is shown on the records of ICANN. In case the notice is mailed, it shall be deposited in the United States mail at least fourteen (14) days before the time of the holding of the meeting. In case the notice is delivered personally or by telephone or facsimile or electronic mail at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the holding of the meeting. Notwithstanding anything in this Section to the contrary, notice of a meeting need not be given to any Director who signed a waiver of notice or a written consent to holding the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof, whether before or after the meeting, or who attends the meeting without protesting, prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to such Director. All such waivers, consents and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meetings.

Section 17. QUORUM

At all annual, regular, and special meetings of the Board, a majority of the total number of Directors then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority of the Directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board, unless otherwise provided herein or by law. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board, the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time to another place, time, or date. If the meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours, notice shall be given to those Directors not at the meeting at the time of the adjournment.

Section 18. ACTION BY TELEPHONE MEETING OR BY OTHER COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

Members of the Board or any Committee of the Board may participate in a meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board through use of (i) conference telephone or similar communications equipment, provided that all Directors participating in such a meeting can speak to and hear one another or (ii) electronic video screen communication or other communication equipment; provided that (a) all Directors participating in such a meeting can speak to and hear one another, (b) all Directors are provided the means of fully participating in all matters before the Board or Committee of the Board, and (c) ICANN adopts and implements means of verifying that (x) a person participating in such a meeting is a Director or other person entitled to participate in the meeting and (y) all actions of, or votes by, the Board or Committee of the Board are taken or cast only by the members of the Board or Committee and not persons who are not members. Participation in a meeting pursuant to this Section constitutes presence in person at such meeting. ICANN shall make available at the place of any meeting of the Board the telecommunications equipment necessary to permit members of the Board to participate by telephone.

Section 19. ACTION WITHOUT MEETING

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board or a Committee of the Board may be taken without a meeting if all of the Directors entitled to vote thereat shall individually or collectively consent in writing to such action. Such written consent shall have the same force and effect as the unanimous vote of such Directors. Such written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board.

Section 20. ELECTRONIC MAIL

If permitted under applicable law, communication by electronic mail shall be considered equivalent to any communication otherwise required to be in writing. <u>ICANN</u> shall take such steps as it deems appropriate under the circumstances to assure itself that communications by electronic mail are authentic.

Section 21. RIGHTS OF INSPECTION

Every Director shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect and copy all books, records and documents of every kind, and to inspect the physical properties of <u>ICANN</u>. <u>ICANN</u> shall establish reasonable procedures to protect against the inappropriate disclosure of confidential information.

Section 22. COMPENSATION

- 1. Except for the President of <u>ICANN</u>, who serves ex officio as a voting member of the Board, each of the Directors shall be entitled to receive compensation for his/her services as a Director. The President shall receive only his/her compensation for service as President and shall not receive additional compensation for service as a Director.
- 2. If the Board determines to offer a compensation arrangement to one or more Directors other than the President of <u>ICANN</u> for services to <u>ICANN</u> as Directors, the Board shall follow a process that is calculated to pay an amount for service as a Director that is in its entirety Reasonable Compensation for such service under the standards set forth in §53.4958-4(b) of the Treasury Regulations.
- 3. As part of the process, the Board shall retain an Independent Valuation Expert to consult with and to advise the Board regarding Director compensation arrangements and to issue to the Board a Reasoned Written Opinion from such expert regarding the ranges of Reasonable Compensation for any such services by a Director. The expert's opinion shall address all relevant factors affecting the level of compensation to be paid a Director, including offices held on the Board, attendance at Board and Committee meetings, the nature of service on the Board and on Board Committees, and appropriate data as to comparability regarding director compensation arrangements for U.S.-based, nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations possessing a global employee base.
- 4. After having reviewed the expert's written opinion, the Board shall meet with the expert to discuss the expert's opinion and to ask questions of the expert regarding the expert's opinion, the comparability data obtained and relied upon, and the conclusions reached by the expert.
- 5. The Board shall adequately document the basis for any determination the Board makes regarding a Director compensation arrangement concurrently with making that determination.
- 6. In addition to authorizing payment of compensation for services as Directors as set forth in this Section 22, the Board may also authorize the reimbursement of actual and necessary reasonable expenses incurred by any Director and by non-voting liaisons performing their duties as Directors or non-voting liaisons.
- 7. As used in this Section 22, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (a) An "Independent Valuation Expert" means a person retained by <u>ICANN</u> to value compensation arrangements that: (i) holds itself out to the public as a compensation consultant; (ii) performs valuations regarding compensation arrangements on a regular basis, with a majority of its compensation consulting services performed for persons other than <u>ICANN</u>; (iii) is qualified to make valuations of the type of services involved in any engagement by and for <u>ICANN</u>; (iv) issues to <u>ICANN</u> a Reasoned Written Opinion regarding a particular compensation arrangement; and (v) includes in its Reasoned Written Opinion a certification that it meets the requirements set forth in (i) through (iv) of this

definition.

- (b) A "Reasoned Written Opinion" means a written opinion of a valuation expert who meets the requirements of subparagraph 7(a) (i) through (iv) of this Section. To be reasoned, the opinion must be based upon a full disclosure by ICANN to the valuation expert of the factual situation regarding the compensation arrangement that is the subject of the opinion, the opinion must articulate the applicable valuation standards relevant in valuing such compensation arrangement, and the opinion must apply those standards to such compensation arrangement, and the opinion must arrive at a conclusion regarding the whether the compensation arrangement is within the range of Reasonable Compensation for the services covered by the arrangement. A written opinion is reasoned even though it reaches a conclusion that is subsequently determined to be incorrect so long as the opinion addresses itself to the facts and the applicable standards. However, a written opinion is not reasoned if it does nothing more than recite the facts and express a conclusion.
- (c) "Reasonable Compensation" shall have the meaning set forth in §53.4958-4(b)(1)(ii) of the Regulations issued under §4958 of the Code.

Section 23. PRESUMPTION OF ASSENT

A Director present at a Board meeting at which action on any corporate matter is taken shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless his or her dissent or abstention is entered in the minutes of the meeting, or unless such Director files a written dissent or abstention to such action with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof, or forwards such dissent or abstention by registered mail to the Secretary of ICANN immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. Such right to dissent or abstain shall not apply to a Director who voted in favor of such action.

ARTICLE VII: NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Section 1. DESCRIPTION

There shall be a Nominating Committee of <u>ICANN</u>, responsible for the selection of all <u>ICANN</u> Directors except the President and those Directors selected by <u>ICANN</u>'s Supporting Organizations, and for such other selections as are set forth in these Bylaws.

Section 2. COMPOSITION

The Nominating Committee shall be composed of the following persons:

- 1. A non-voting Chair, appointed by the ICANN Board;
- 2. A non-voting Chair-Elect, appointed by the ICANN Board as a non-voting advisor;
- 3. A non-voting liaison appointed by the <u>ICANN</u> Root Server System Advisory Committee established by <u>Article XI of these Bylaws</u>;
- 4. A non-voting liaison appointed by the ICANN Security and Stability Advisory Committee established by Article XI of these Bylaws;
- 5. A non-voting liaison appointed by the Governmental Advisory Committee;

- 6. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws, five voting delegates selected by the At-Large Advisory Committee established by Article XI of these Bylaws;
- 7. Voting delegates to the Nominating Committee shall be selected from the Generic Names Supporting Organization, established by Article X of these Bylaws, as follows:
 - a. One delegate from the Registries Stakeholder Group;
 - b. One delegate from the Registrars Stakeholder Group;
 - c. Two delegates from the Business Constituency, one representing small business users and one representing large business users;
 - d. One delegate from the Internet Service Providers Constituency;
 - e. One delegate from the Intellectual Property Constituency; and
 - f. One delegate from consumer and civil society groups, selected by the Non-Commercial Users Constituency.
- 8. One voting delegate each selected by the following entities:
 - a. The Council of the Country Code Names Supporting Organization established by Article IX of these Bylaws;
 - b. The Council of the Address Supporting Organization established by Article VIII of these Bylaws; and
 - c. The Internet Engineering Task Force.
- 9. A non-voting Associate Chair, who may be appointed by the Chair, at his or her sole discretion, to serve during all or part of the term of the Chair. The Associate Chair may not be a person who is otherwise a member of the same Nominating Committee. The Associate Chair shall assist the Chair in carrying out the duties of the Chair, but shall not serve, temporarily or otherwise, in the place of the Chair.

Section 3. TERMS

Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws:

- 1. Each voting delegate shall serve a one-year term. A delegate may serve at most two successive one-year terms, after which at least two years must elapse before the individual is eligible to serve another term.
- 2. The regular term of each voting delegate shall begin at the conclusion of an <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting and shall end at the conclusion of the immediately following ICANN annual meeting.
- 3. Non-voting liaisons shall serve during the term designated by the entity that appoints them. The Chair, the Chair-Elect, and any Associate Chair shall serve as such until the conclusion of the next ICANN annual meeting.
- 4. It is anticipated that upon the conclusion of the term of the Chair-Elect, the Chair-Elect will be appointed by the Board to the position of Chair. However, the Board retains the discretion to appoint any other person to the position of Chair. At the time of appointing a Chair-Elect, if

the Board determines that the person identified to serve as Chair shall be appointed as Chair for a successive term, the Chair-Elect position shall remain vacant for the term designated by the Board.

- 5. Vacancies in the positions of delegate, non-voting liaison, Chair or Chair-Elect shall be filled by the entity entitled to select the delegate, non-voting liaison, Chair or Chair-Elect involved. For any term that the Chair-Elect position is vacant pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article, or until any other vacancy in the position of Chair-Elect can be filled, a non-voting advisor to the Chair may be appointed by the Board from among persons with prior service on the Board or a Nominating Committee, including the immediately previous Chair of the Nominating Committee. A vacancy in the position of Associate Chair may be filled by the Chair in accordance with the criteria established by Section 2(9) of this Article.
- 6. The existence of any vacancies shall not affect the obligation of the Nominating Committee to carry out the responsibilities assigned to it in these Bylaws.

Section 4. CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF NOMINATING COMMITTEE DELEGATES

Delegates to the ICANN Nominating Committee shall be:

- 1. Accomplished persons of integrity, objectivity, and intelligence, with reputations for sound judgment and open minds, and with experience and competence with collegial large group decision-making;
- 2. Persons with wide contacts, broad experience in the Internet community, and a commitment to the success of ICANN;
- 3. Persons whom the selecting body is confident will consult widely and accept input in carrying out their responsibilities;
- 4. Persons who are neutral and objective, without any fixed personal commitments to particular individuals, organizations, or commercial objectives in carrying out their Nominating Committee responsibilities;
- 5. Persons with an understanding of ICANN's mission and the potential impact of ICANN's activities on the broader Internet community who are willing to serve as volunteers, without compensation other than the reimbursement of certain expenses; and
- 6. Persons who are able to work and communicate in written and spoken English.

Section 5. DIVERSITY

In carrying out its responsibilities to select members of the <u>ICANN</u> Board (and selections to any other <u>ICANN</u> bodies as the Nominating Committee is responsible for under these Bylaws), the Nominating Committee shall take into account the continuing membership of the <u>ICANN</u> Board (and such other bodies), and seek to ensure that the persons selected to fill vacancies on the <u>ICANN</u> Board (and each such other body) shall, to the extent feasible and consistent with the other criteria required to be applied by <u>Section 4 of this Article</u>, make selections guided by Core Value 4 in <u>Article I</u>, <u>Section 2</u>.

Section 6. ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATIONAL SUPPORT

<u>ICANN</u> shall provide administrative and operational support necessary for the Nominating Committee to carry out its responsibilities.

Section 7. PROCEDURES

The Nominating Committee shall adopt such operating procedures as it deems necessary, which shall be published on the Website.

Section 8. INELIGIBILITY FOR SELECTION BY NOMINATING COMMITTEE

No person who serves on the Nominating Committee in any capacity shall be eligible for selection by any means to any position on the Board or any other <u>ICANN</u> body having one or more membership positions that the Nominating Committee is responsible for filling, until the conclusion of an <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting that coincides with, or is after, the conclusion of that person's service on the Nominating Committee.

Section 9. INELIGIBILITY FOR SERVICE ON NOMINATING COMMITTEE

No person who is an employee of or paid consultant to <u>ICANN</u> (including the Ombudsman) shall simultaneously serve in any of the Nominating Committee positions described in <u>Section 2 of this Article</u>.

ARTICLE VIII: ADDRESS SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

Section 1. DESCRIPTION

- 1. The Address Supporting Organization (ASO) shall advise the Board with respect to policy issues relating to the operation, assignment, and management of Internet addresses.
- 2. The ASO shall be the entity established by the Memorandum of Understanding entered on 21 October 2004 between ICANN and the Number Resource Organization (NRO), an organization of the existing regional Internet registries (RIRs).

Section 2. ADDRESS COUNCIL

- 1. The <u>ASO</u> shall have an Address Council, consisting of the members of the NRO Number Council.
- 2. The Address Council shall select Directors to those seats on the Board designated to be filled by the ASO.

ARTICLE IX: COUNTRY-CODE NAMES SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

Section 1. DESCRIPTION

There shall be a policy-development body known as the Country-Code Names Supporting Organization (ccNSO), which shall be responsible for:

- 1. developing and recommending to the Board global policies relating to country-code toplevel domains;
- 2. Nurturing consensus across the <u>ccNSO</u>'s community, including the name-related activities of ccTLDs; and
- 3. Coordinating with other <u>ICANN</u> Supporting Organizations, committees, and constituencies under ICANN.

Policies that apply to ccNSO members by virtue of their membership are only those policies developed

according to section 4.10 and 4.11 of this Article. However, the <u>ccNSO</u> may also engage in other activities authorized by its members. Adherence to the results of these activities will be voluntary and such activities may include: seeking to develop voluntary best practices for <u>ccTLD</u> managers, assisting in skills building within the global community of <u>ccTLD</u> managers, and enhancing operational and technical cooperation among ccTLD managers.

Section 2. ORGANIZATION

The ccNSO shall consist of (i) ccTLD managers that have agreed in writing to be members of the ccNSO (see Section 4(2) of this Article) and (ii) a ccNSO Council responsible for managing the policy-development process of the ccNSO.

Section 3. ccNSO COUNCIL

- 1. The ccNSO Council shall consist of (a) three ccNSO Council members selected by the ccNSO members within each of ICANN's Geographic Regions in the manner described in Section 4(7) through (9) of this Article; (b) three ccNSO Council members selected by the ICANN Nominating Committee; (c) liaisons as described in paragraph 2 of this Section; and (iv) observers as described in paragraph 3 of this Section.
- 2. There shall also be one liaison to the ccNSO Council from each of the following organizations, to the extent they choose to appoint such a liaison: (a) the Governmental Advisory Committee; (b) the At-Large Advisory Committee; and (c) each of the Regional Organizations described in Section 5 of this Article. These liaisons shall not be members of or entitled to vote on the ccNSO Council, but otherwise shall be entitled to participate on equal footing with members of the ccNSO Council. Appointments of liaisons shall be made by providing written notice to the ICANN Secretary, with a notification copy to the ccNSO Council Chair, and shall be for the term designated by the appointing organization as stated in the written notice. The appointing organization may recall from office or replace its liaison at any time by providing written notice of the recall or replacement to the ICANN Secretary, with a notification copy to the ccNSO Council Chair.
- 3. The ccNSO Council may agree with the Council of any other ICANN Supporting Organization to exchange observers. Such observers shall not be members of or entitled to vote on the ccNSO Council, but otherwise shall be entitled to participate on equal footing with members of the ccNSO Council. The appointing Council may designate its observer (or revoke or change the designation of its observer) on the ccNSO Council at any time by providing written notice to the ICANN Secretary, with a notification copy to the ccNSO Council Chair.
- 4. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws: (a) the regular term of each ccNSO Council member shall begin at the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting and shall end at the conclusion of the third ICANN annual meeting thereafter; (b) the regular terms of the three ccNSO Council members selected by the ccNSO members within each ICANN Geographic Region shall be staggered so that one member's term begins in a year divisible by three, a second member's term begins in the first year following a year divisible by three, and the third member's term begins in the second year following a year divisible by three; and (c) the regular terms of the three ccNSO Council members selected by the Nominating Committee shall be staggered in the same manner. Each ccNSO Council member shall hold office during his or her regular term and until a successor has been selected and qualified or until that member resigns or is removed in accordance with these Bylaws.

- 5. A ccNSO Council member may resign at any time by giving written notice to the ICANN Secretary, with a notification copy to the ccNSO Council Chair.
- 6. <u>ccNSO</u> Council members may be removed for not attending three consecutive meetings of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council without sufficient cause or for grossly inappropriate behavior, both as determined by at least a 66% vote of all of the members of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council.
- 7. A vacancy on the <u>ccNSO</u> Council shall be deemed to exist in the case of the death, resignation, or removal of any <u>ccNSO</u> Council member. Vacancies in the positions of the three members selected by the Nominating Committee shall be filled for the unexpired term involved by the Nominating Committee giving the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary written notice of its selection, with a notification copy to the <u>ccNSO</u> Council Chair. Vacancies in the positions of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council members selected by <u>ccNSO</u> members shall be filled for the unexpired term by the procedure described in <u>Section 4(7)</u> through (9) of this Article.
- 8. The role of the ccNSO Council is to administer and coordinate the affairs of the ccNSO (including coordinating meetings, including an annual meeting, of ccNSO members as described in Section 4(6) of this Article) and to manage the development of policy recommendations in accordance with Section 6 of this Article. The ccNSO Council shall also undertake such other roles as the members of the ccNSO shall decide from time to time.
- 9. The <u>ccNSO</u> Council shall make selections to fill Seats 11 and 12 on the Board by written ballot or by action at a meeting; any such selection must have affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council then in office. Notification of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council's selections shall be given by the <u>ccNSO</u> Council Chair in writing to the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary, consistent with Article VI, Sections 8(4) and 12(1).
- 10. The ccNSO Council shall select from among its members the ccNSO Council Chair and such Vice Chair(s) as it deems appropriate. Selections of the ccNSO Council Chair and Vice Chair(s) shall be by written ballot or by action at a meeting; any such selection must have affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of the ccNSO Council then in office. The term of office of the ccNSO Council Chair and any Vice Chair(s) shall be as specified by the ccNSO Council at or before the time the selection is made. The ccNSO Council Chair or any Vice Chair(s) may be recalled from office by the same procedure as used for selection.
- 11. The ccNSO Council, subject to direction by the ccNSO members, shall adopt such rules and procedures for the ccNSO as it deems necessary, provided they are consistent with these Bylaws. Rules for ccNSO membership and operating procedures adopted by the ccNSO Council shall be published on the Website.
- 12. Except as provided by paragraphs 9 and 10 of this Section, the ccNSO Council shall act at meetings. The ccNSO Council shall meet regularly on a schedule it determines, but not fewer than four times each calendar year. At the discretion of the ccNSO Council, meetings may be held in person or by other means, provided that all ccNSO Council members are permitted to participate by at least one means described in paragraph 14 of this Section. Except where determined by a majority vote of the members of the ccNSO Council present that a closed session is appropriate, physical meetings shall be open to attendance by all interested persons. To the extent practicable, ccNSO Council meetings should be held in conjunction with meetings of the Board, or of one or more of ICANN's other Supporting Organizations.
- 13. Notice of time and place (and information about means of participation other than personal attendance) of all meetings of the ccNSO Council shall be provided to each ccNSO

Council member, liaison, and observer by e-mail, telephone, facsimile, or a paper notice delivered personally or by postal mail. In case the notice is sent by postal mail, it shall be sent at least 21 days before the day of the meeting. In case the notice is delivered personally or by telephone, facsimile, or e-mail it shall be provided at least seven days before the day of the meeting. At least seven days in advance of each ccNSO Council meeting (or if not practicable, as far in advance as is practicable), a notice of such meeting and, to the extent known, an agenda for the meeting shall be posted.

14. Members of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council may participate in a meeting of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council through personal attendance or use of electronic communication (such as telephone or video conference), provided that (a) all <u>ccNSO</u> Council members participating in the meeting can speak to and hear one another, (b) all <u>ccNSO</u> Council members participating in the meeting are provided the means of fully participating in all matters before the <u>ccNSO</u> Council, and (c) there is a reasonable means of verifying the identity of <u>ccNSO</u> Council members participating in the meeting and their votes. A majority of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council members (i.e. those entitled to vote) then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and actions by a majority vote of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council members present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be actions of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council, unless otherwise provided in these Bylaws. The <u>ccNSO</u> Council shall transmit minutes of its meetings to the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary, who shall cause those minutes to be posted to the Website as soon as practicable following the meeting, and no later than 21 days following the meeting.

Section 4. MEMBERSHIP

- 1. The ccNSO shall have a membership consisting of ccTLD managers. Any ccTLD manager that meets the membership qualifications stated in paragraph 2 of this Section shall be entitled to be members of the ccNSO. For purposes of this Article, a ccTLD manager is the organization or entity responsible for managing an ISO 3166 country-code top-level domain and referred to in the IANA database under the current heading of "Sponsoring Organization", or under any later variant, for that country-code top-level domain.
- 2. Any ccTLD manager may become a ccNSO member by submitting an application to a person designated by the ccNSO Council to receive applications. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws, the application shall be in writing in a form designated by the ccNSO Council. The application shall include the ccTLD manager's recognition of the role of the ccNSO within the ICANN structure as well as the ccTLD manager's agreement, for the duration of its membership in the ccNSO, (a) to adhere to rules of the ccNSO, including membership rules, (b) to abide by policies developed and recommended by the ccNSO and adopted by the Board in the manner described by paragraphs 10 and 11 of this Section, and (c) to pay ccNSO membership fees established by the ccNSO Council under Section 7(3) of this Article. A ccNSO member may resign from membership at any time by giving written notice to a person designated by the ccNSO Council to receive notices of resignation. Upon resignation the ccTLD manager ceases to agree to (a) adhere to rules of the ccNSO, including membership rules, (b) to abide by policies developed and recommended by the ccNSO and adopted by the Board in the manner described by paragraphs 10 and 11 of this Section, and (c) to pay ccNSO membership fees established by the ccNSO Council under Section 7(3) of this Article. In the absence of designation by the ccNSO Council of a person to receive applications and notices of resignation, they shall be sent to the ICANN Secretary, who shall notify the ccNSO Council of receipt of any such applications and notices.
- 3. Neither membership in the ccNSO nor membership in any Regional Organization described in Section 5 of this Article shall be a condition for access to or registration in the IANA

database. Any individual relationship a <u>ccTLD</u> manager has with <u>ICANN</u> or the <u>ccTLD</u> manager's receipt of <u>IANA</u> services is not in any way contingent upon membership in the ccNSO.

- 4. The Geographic Regions of ccTLDs shall be as described in Article VI, Section 5 of these Bylaws. For purposes of this Article, managers of ccTLDs within a Geographic Region that are members of the ccNSO are referred to as ccNSO members "within" the Geographic Region, regardless of the physical location of the ccTLD manager. In cases where the Geographic Region of a ccNSO member is unclear, the ccTLD member should self-select according to procedures adopted by the ccNSO Council.
- 5. Each <u>ccTLD</u> manager may designate in writing a person, organization, or entity to represent the <u>ccTLD</u> manager. In the absence of such a designation, the <u>ccTLD</u> manager shall be represented by the person, organization, or entity listed as the administrative contact in the IANA database.
- 6. There shall be an annual meeting of ccNSO members, which shall be coordinated by the ccNSO Council. Annual meetings should be open for all to attend, and a reasonable opportunity shall be provided for ccTLD managers that are not members of the ccNSO as well as other non-members of the ccNSO to address the meeting. To the extent practicable, annual meetings of the ccNSO members shall be held in person and should be held in conjunction with meetings of the Board, or of one or more of ICANN's other Supporting Organizations.
- 7. The ccNSO Council members selected by the ccNSO members from each Geographic Region (see Section 3(1)(a) of this Article) shall be selected through nomination, and if necessary election, by the ccNSO members within that Geographic Region. At least 90 days before the end of the regular term of any ccNSO-member-selected member of the ccNSO Council, or upon the occurrence of a vacancy in the seat of such a ccNSO Council member, the ccNSO Council shall establish a nomination and election schedule, which shall be sent to all ccNSO members within the Geographic Region and posted on the Website.
- 8. Any ccNSO member may nominate an individual to serve as a ccNSO Council member representing the ccNSO member's Geographic Region. Nominations must be seconded by another ccNSO member from the same Geographic Region. By accepting their nomination, individuals nominated to the ccNSO Council agree to support the policies committed to by ccNSO members.
- 9. If at the close of nominations there are no more candidates nominated (with seconds and acceptances) in a particular Geographic Region than there are seats on the ccNSO Council available for that Geographic Region, then the nominated candidates shall be selected to serve on the ccNSO Council. Otherwise, an election by written ballot (which may be by e-mail) shall be held to select the ccNSO Council members from among those nominated (with seconds and acceptances), with ccNSO members from the Geographic Region being entitled to vote in the election through their designated representatives. In such an election, a majority of all ccNSO members in the Geographic Region entitled to vote shall constitute a quorum, and the selected candidate must receive the votes of a majority of those cast by ccNSO members within the Geographic Region. The ccNSO Council Chair shall provide the ICANN Secretary prompt written notice of the selection of ccNSO Council members under this paragraph.
- 10. Subject to clause 4(11), ICANN policies shall apply to ccNSO members by virtue of their

membership to the extent, and only to the extent, that the policies (a) only address issues that are within scope of the <u>ccNSO</u> according to Article IX, Section 6 and Annex C; (b) have been developed through the ccPDP as described in <u>Section 6 of this Article</u>, and (c) have been recommended as such by the <u>ccNSO</u> to the Board, and (d) are adopted by the Board as policies, provided that such policies do not conflict with the law applicable to the <u>ccTLD</u> manager which shall, at all times, remain paramount. In addition, such policies shall apply to ICANN in its activities concerning ccTLDs.

11. A ccNSO member shall not be bound if it provides a declaration to the ccNSO Council stating that (a) implementation of the policy would require the member to breach custom, religion, or public policy (not embodied in the applicable law described in paragraph 10 of this Section), and (b) failure to implement the policy would not impair DNS operations or interoperability, giving detailed reasons supporting its statements. After investigation, the ccNSO Council will provide a response to the ccNSO member's declaration. If there is a ccNSO Council consensus disagreeing with the declaration, which may be demonstrated by a vote of 14 or more members of the ccNSO Council, the response shall state the ccNSO Council's disagreement with the declaration and the reasons for disagreement. Otherwise, the response shall state the ccNSO Council's agreement with the declaration. If the ccNSO Council disagrees, the ccNSO Council shall review the situation after a six-month period. At the end of that period, the ccNSO Council shall make findings as to (a) whether the ccNSO members' implementation of the policy would require the member to breach custom, religion, or public policy (not embodied in the applicable law described in paragraph 10 of this Section) and (b) whether failure to implement the policy would impair DNS operations or interoperability. In making any findings disagreeing with the declaration, the ccNSO Council shall proceed by consensus, which may be demonstrated by a vote of 14 or more members of the ccNSO Council.

Section 5. REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

The ccNSO Council may designate a Regional Organization for each ICANN Geographic Region, provided that the Regional Organization is open to full membership by all ccNSO members within the Geographic Region. Decisions to designate or de-designate a Regional Organization shall require a 66% vote of all of the members of the ccNSO Council and shall be subject to review according to procedures established by the Board.

Section 6. ccNSO POLICY-DEVELOPMENT PROCESS AND SCOPE

- 1. The scope of the <u>ccNSO</u>'s policy-development role shall be as stated in <u>Annex C to these Bylaws</u>; any modifications to the scope shall be recommended to the Board by the <u>ccNSO</u> by use of the procedures of the ccPDP, and shall be subject to approval by the Board.
- 2. In developing global policies within the scope of the <u>ccNSO</u> and recommending them to the Board, the <u>ccNSO</u> shall follow the <u>ccNSO</u> Policy-Development Process (ccPDP). The ccPDP shall be as stated in <u>Annex B to these Bylaws</u>; modifications shall be recommended to the Board by the <u>ccNSO</u> by use of the procedures of the ccPDP, and shall be subject to approval by the Board.

Section 7. STAFF SUPPORT AND FUNDING

1. Upon request of the <u>ccNSO</u> Council, a member of the <u>ICANN</u> staff may be assigned to support the <u>ccNSO</u> and shall be designated as the <u>ccNSO</u> Staff Manager. Alternatively, the ccNSO Council may designate, at ccNSO expense, another person to serve as ccNSO Staff

Manager. The work of the ccNSO Staff Manager on substantive matters shall be assigned by the Chair of the ccNSO Council, and may include the duties of ccPDP Issue Manager.

- 2. Upon request of the ccNSO Council, ICANN shall provide administrative and operational support necessary for the ccNSO to carry out its responsibilities. Such support shall not include an obligation for ICANN to fund travel expenses incurred by ccNSO participants for travel to any meeting of the ccNSO or for any other purpose. The ccNSO Council may make provision, at ccNSO expense, for administrative and operational support in addition or as an alternative to support provided by ICANN.
- 3. The ccNSO Council shall establish fees to be paid by ccNSO members to defray ccNSO expenses as described in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Section, as approved by the ccNSO members.
- 4. Written notices given to the ICANN Secretary under this Article shall be permanently retained, and shall be made available for review by the ccNSO Council on request. The ICANN Secretary shall also maintain the roll of members of the ccNSO, which shall include the name of each ccTLD manager's designated representative, and which shall be posted on the Website.

ARTICLE X: GENERIC NAMES SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

Section 1. DESCRIPTION

There shall be a policy-development body known as the Generic Names Supporting Organization (GNSO), which shall be responsible for developing and recommending to the ICANN Board substantive policies relating to generic top-level domains.

Section 2. ORGANIZATION

The GNSO shall consist of:

- (i) A number of Constituencies, where applicable, organized within the Stakeholder Groups as described in Section 5 of this Article;
- (ii) Four Stakeholder Groups organized within Houses as described in Section 5 of this Article;
- (iii) Two Houses within the GNSO Council as described in Section 3(8) of this Article; and
- (iv) a <u>GNSO</u> Council responsible for managing the policy development process of the <u>GNSO</u>, as described in <u>Section 3</u> of this Article.

Except as otherwise defined in these Bylaws, the four Stakeholder Groups and the Constituencies will be responsible for defining their own charters with the approval of their members and of the ICANN Board of Directors.

Section 3. GNSO COUNCIL

- 1. Subject to the provisions of Transition Article XX, Section 5 of these Bylaws and as described in Section 5 of Article X, the GNSO Council shall consist of:
 - a. three representatives selected from the Registries Stakeholder Group;

- b. three representatives selected from the Registrars Stakeholder Group;
- c. six representatives selected from the Commercial Stakeholder Group;
- d. six representatives selected from the Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group; and
- e. three representatives selected by the <u>ICANN</u> Nominating Committee, one of which shall be non-voting, but otherwise entitled to participate on equal footing with other members of the <u>GNSO</u> Council including, e.g. the making and seconding of motions and of serving as Chair if elected. One Nominating Committee Appointee voting representative shall be assigned to each House (as described in <u>Section 3(8)</u> of this Article) by the Nominating Committee.

No individual representative may hold more than one seat on the <u>GNSO</u> Council at the same time.

Stakeholder Groups should, in their charters, ensure their representation on the <u>GNSO</u> Council is as diverse as possible and practicable, including considerations of geography, GNSO Constituency, sector, ability and gender.

There may also be liaisons to the GNSO Council from other ICANN Supporting Organizations and/or Advisory Committees, from time to time. The appointing organization shall designate, revoke, or change its liaison on the GNSO Council by providing written notice to the Chair of the GNSO Council and to the ICANN Secretary. Liaisons shall not be members of or entitled to vote, to make or second motions, or to serve as an officer on the GNSO Council, but otherwise liaisons shall be entitled to participate on equal footing with members of the GNSO Council.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article XX, and Section 5 of these Bylaws, the regular term of each GNSO Council member shall begin at the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting and shall end at the conclusion of the second ICANN annual meeting thereafter. The regular term of two representatives selected from Stakeholder Groups with three Council seats shall begin in even-numbered years and the regular term of the other representative selected from that Stakeholder Group shall begin in odd-numbered years. The regular term of three representatives selected from Stakeholder Groups with six Council seats shall begin in even-numbered years and the regular term of the other three representatives selected from that Stakeholder Group shall begin in odd-numbered years. The regular term of one of the three members selected by the Nominating Committee shall begin in even-numbered years and the regular term of the other two of the three members selected by the Nominating Committee shall begin in odd-numbered years. Each GNSO Council member shall hold office during his or her regular term and until a successor has been selected and qualified or until that member resigns or is removed in accordance with these Bylaws.

Except in a "special circumstance," such as, but not limited to, meeting geographic or other diversity requirements defined in the Stakeholder Group charters, where no alternative representative is available to serve, no Council member may be selected to serve more than two consecutive terms, in such a special circumstance a Council member may serve one additional term. For these purposes, a person selected to fill a vacancy in a term shall not be deemed to have served that term. A former Council member who has served two consecutive terms must remain out of office for one full term prior to serving any subsequent term as Council member. A "special circumstance" is defined in the GNSO Operating Procedures.

3. A vacancy on the GNSO Council shall be deemed to exist in the case of the death, resignation, or removal of any member. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appropriate Nominating Committee or Stakeholder Group that selected the member holding the position before the vacancy occurred by giving the GNSO Secretariat written notice of its selection. Procedures for handling Stakeholder Group-appointed GNSO Council member vacancies, resignations, and removals are prescribed in the applicable Stakeholder Group Charter.

A <u>GNSO</u> Council member selected by the Nominating Committee may be removed for cause: i) stated by a three-fourths (3/4) vote of all members of the applicable House to which the Nominating Committee appointee is assigned; or ii) stated by a three-fourths (3/4) vote of all members of each House in the case of the non-voting Nominating Committee appointee (see Section 3(8) of this Article). Such removal shall be subject to reversal by the <u>ICANN</u> Board on appeal by the affected GNSO Council member.

- 4. The GNSO Council is responsible for managing the policy development process of the GNSO. It shall adopt such procedures (the "GNSO Operating Procedures") as it sees fit to carry out that responsibility, provided that such procedures are approved by a majority vote of each House. The GNSO Operating Procedures shall be effective upon the expiration of a twenty-one (21) day public comment period, and shall be subject to Board oversight and review. Until any modifications are recommended by the GNSO Council, the applicable procedures shall be as set forth in Section 6 of this Article.
- 5. No more than one officer, director or employee of any particular corporation or other organization (including its subsidiaries and affiliates) shall serve on the <u>GNSO</u> Council at any given time.
- 6. The GNSO shall make selections to fill Seats 13 and 14 on the ICANN Board by written ballot or by action at a meeting. Each of the two voting Houses of the GNSO, as described in Section 3(8) of this Article, shall make a selection to fill one of two ICANN Board seats, as outlined below; any such selection must have affirmative votes compromising sixty percent (60%) of all the respective voting House members:
 - a. the Contracted Party House shall select a representative to fill Seat 13; and
 - b. the Non-Contracted Party House shall select a representative to fill Seat 14

Election procedures are defined in the GNSO Operating Procedures.

Notification of the Board seat selections shall be given by the GNSO Chair in writing to the ICANN Secretary, consistent with Article VI, Sections 8(4) and 12(1).

- 7. The GNSO Council shall select the GNSO Chair for a term the GNSO Council specifies, but not longer than one year. Each House (as described in Section 3.8 of this Article) shall select a Vice-Chair, who will be a Vice-Chair of the whole of the GNSO Council, for a term the GNSO Council specifies, but not longer than one year. The procedures for selecting the Chair and any other officers are contained in the GNSO Operating Procedures. In the event that the GNSO Council has not elected a GNSO Chair by the end of the previous Chair's term, the Vice-Chairs will serve as Interim GNSO Co-Chairs until a successful election can be held.
- 8. Except as otherwise required in these Bylaws, for voting purposes, the GNSO Council (see Section 3(1) of this Article) shall be organized into a bicameral House structure as described

- a. the Contracted Parties House includes the Registries Stakeholder Group (three members), the Registrars Stakeholder Group (three members), and one voting member appointed by the ICANN Nominating Committee for a total of seven voting members; and
- b. the Non Contracted Parties House includes the Commercial Stakeholder Group (six members), the Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group (six members), and one voting member appointed by the <u>ICANN</u> Nominating Committee to that House for a total of thirteen voting members.

Except as otherwise specified in these Bylaws, each member of a voting House is entitled to cast one vote in each separate matter before the GNSO Council.

- 9. Except as otherwise specified in these Bylaws, Annex A hereto, or the GNSO Operating Procedures, the default threshold to pass a GNSO Council motion or other voting action requires a simple majority vote of each House. The voting thresholds described below shall apply to the following GNSO actions:
 - a. Create an Issues Report: requires an affirmative vote of more than one-fourth (1/4) vote of each House or majority of one House.
 - b. Initiate a Policy Development Process ("PDP") Within Scope (as described in Annex A): requires an affirmative vote of more than one-third (1/3) of each House or more than two-thirds (2/3) of one House.
 - c. Initiate a <u>PDP</u> Not Within Scope: requires an affirmative vote of <u>GNSO</u> Supermajority.
 - d. Approve a <u>PDP</u> Team Charter for a <u>PDP</u> Within Scope: requires an affirmative vote of more than one-third (1/3) of each House or more than two-thirds (2/3) of one House.
 - e. Approve a <u>PDP</u> Team Charter for a <u>PDP</u> Not Within Scope: requires an affirmative vote of a GNSO Supermajority.
 - f. Changes to an Approved <u>PDP</u> Team Charter: For any <u>PDP</u> Team Charter approved under d. or e. above, the <u>GNSO</u> Council may approve an amendment to the Charter through a simple majority vote of each House.
 - g. Terminate a <u>PDP</u>: Once initiated, and prior to the publication of a Final Report, the <u>GNSO</u> Council may terminate a <u>PDP</u> only for significant cause, upon a motion that passes with a <u>GNSO</u> Supermajority Vote in favor of termination.
 - h. Approve a PDP Recommendation Without a GNSO Supermajority: requires an affirmative vote of a majority of each House and further requires that one GNSO Council member representative of at least 3 of the 4 Stakeholder Groups supports the Recommendation.
 - i. Approve a PDP Recommendation With a GNSO Supermajority: requires an affirmative vote of a GNSO Supermajority,

- j. Approve a PDP Recommendation Imposing New Obligations on Certain Contracting Parties: where an ICANN contract provision specifies that "a two-thirds vote of the council" demonstrates the presence of a consensus, the GNSO Supermajority vote threshold will have to be met or exceeded.
- k. Modification of Approved <u>PDP</u> Recommendation: Prior to Final Approval by the <u>ICANN</u> Board, an Approved <u>PDP</u> Recommendation may be modified or amended by the GNSO Council with a GNSO Supermajority vote.
- I. A "GNSO Supermajority" shall mean: (a) two-thirds (2/3) of the Council members of each House, or (b) three-fourths (3/4) of one House and a majority of the other House."

Section 4. STAFF SUPPORT AND FUNDING

- 1. A member of the <u>ICANN</u> staff shall be assigned to support the <u>GNSO</u>, whose work on substantive matters shall be assigned by the Chair of the <u>GNSO</u> Council, and shall be designated as the GNSO Staff Manager (Staff Manager).
- 2. ICANN shall provide administrative and operational support necessary for the <u>GNSO</u> to carry out its responsibilities. Such support shall not include an obligation for <u>ICANN</u> to fund travel expenses incurred by <u>GNSO</u> participants for travel to any meeting of the <u>GNSO</u> or for any other purpose. <u>ICANN</u> may, at its discretion, fund travel expenses for <u>GNSO</u> participants under any travel support procedures or guidelines that it may adopt from time to time.

Section 5. STAKEHOLDER GROUPS

- 1. The following Stakeholder Groups are hereby recognized as representative of a specific group of one or more Constituencies or interest groups and subject to the provisions of the Transition Article XX, Section 5 of these Bylaws:
 - a. Registries Stakeholder Group representing all gTLD registries under contract to ICANN;
 - b. Registrars Stakeholder Group representing all registrars accredited by and under contract to ICANN;
 - c. Commercial Stakeholder Group representing the full range of large and small commercial entities of the Internet; and
 - d. Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group representing the full range of non-commercial entities of the Internet.
- 2. Each Stakeholder Group is assigned a specific number of Council seats in accordance with Section 3(1) of this Article.
- 3. Each Stakeholder Group identified in paragraph 1 of this Section and each of its associated Constituencies, where applicable, shall maintain recognition with the ICANN Board. Recognition is granted by the Board based upon the extent to which, in fact, the entity represents the global interests of the stakeholder communities it purports to represent and operates to the maximum extent feasible in an open and transparent manner consistent with procedures designed to ensure fairness. Stakeholder Group and Constituency Charters may be reviewed periodically as prescribed by the Board.

- 4. Any group of individuals or entities may petition the Board for recognition as a new or separate Constituency in the Non-Contracted Parties House. Any such petition shall contain:
 - a. A detailed explanation of why the addition of such a Constituency will improve the ability of the GNSO to carry out its policy-development responsibilities;
 - b. A detailed explanation of why the proposed new Constituency adequately represents, on a global basis, the stakeholders it seeks to represent;
 - c. A recommendation for organizational placement within a particular Stakeholder Group; and
 - d. A proposed charter that adheres to the principles and procedures contained in these Bylaws.

Any petition for the recognition of a new Constituency and the associated charter shall be posted for public comment.

5. The Board may create new Constituencies as described in Section 5(3) in response to such a petition, or on its own motion, if the Board determines that such action would serve the purposes of ICANN. In the event the Board is considering acting on its own motion it shall post a detailed explanation of why such action is necessary or desirable, set a reasonable time for public comment, and not make a final decision on whether to create such new Constituency until after reviewing all comments received. Whenever the Board posts a petition or recommendation for a new Constituency for public comment, the Board shall notify the GNSO Council and the appropriate Stakeholder Group affected and shall consider any response to that notification prior to taking action.

Section 6. POLICY DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The policy-development procedures to be followed by the <u>GNSO</u> shall be as stated in <u>Annex A</u> to these Bylaws. These procedures may be supplemented or revised in the manner stated in <u>Section 3(4)</u> of this <u>Article</u>.

ARTICLE XI: ADVISORY COMMITTEES

Section 1. GENERAL

The Board may create one or more Advisory Committees in addition to those set forth in this Article. Advisory Committee membership may consist of Directors only, Directors and non-directors, or non-directors only, and may also include non-voting or alternate members. Advisory Committees shall have no legal authority to act for ICANN, but shall report their findings and recommendations to the Board.

Section 2. SPECIFIC ADVISORY COMMITTEES

There shall be at least the following Advisory Committees:

- 1. Governmental Advisory Committee
 - a. The Governmental Advisory Committee should consider and provide advice on the activities of <u>ICANN</u> as they relate to concerns of governments, particularly matters where there may be an interaction between ICANN's policies and various

laws and international agreements or where they may affect public policy issues.

- b. Membership in the Governmental Advisory Committee shall be open to all national governments. Membership shall also be open to Distinct Economies as recognized in international fora, and multinational governmental organizations and treaty organizations, on the invitation of the Governmental Advisory Committee through its Chair.
- c. The Governmental Advisory Committee may adopt its own charter and internal operating principles or procedures to guide its operations, to be published on the Website.
- d. The chair of the Governmental Advisory Committee shall be elected by the members of the Governmental Advisory Committee pursuant to procedures adopted by such members.
- e. Each member of the Governmental Advisory Committee shall appoint one accredited representative to the Committee. The accredited representative of a member must hold a formal official position with the member's public administration. The term "official" includes a holder of an elected governmental office, or a person who is employed by such government, public authority, or multinational governmental or treaty organization and whose primary function with such government, public authority, or organization is to develop or influence governmental or public policies.
- f. The Governmental Advisory Committee shall annually appoint one non-voting liaison to the <u>ICANN</u> Board of Directors, without limitation on reappointment, and shall annually appoint one non-voting liaison to the <u>ICANN</u> Nominating Committee.
- g. The Governmental Advisory Committee may designate a non-voting liaison to each of the Supporting Organization Councils and Advisory Committees, to the extent the Governmental Advisory Committee deems it appropriate and useful to do so.
- h. The Board shall notify the Chair of the Governmental Advisory Committee in a timely manner of any proposal raising public policy issues on which it or any of ICANN's supporting organizations or advisory committees seeks public comment, and shall take duly into account any timely response to that notification prior to taking action.
- i. The Governmental Advisory Committee may put issues to the Board directly, either by way of comment or prior advice, or by way of specifically recommending action or new policy development or revision to existing policies.
- j. The advice of the Governmental Advisory Committee on public policy matters shall be duly taken into account, both in the formulation and adoption of policies. In the event that the ICANN Board determines to take an action that is not consistent with the Governmental Advisory Committee advice, it shall so inform the Committee and state the reasons why it decided not to follow that advice. The Governmental Advisory Committee and the ICANN Board will then try, in good faith and in a timely and efficient manner, to find a mutually acceptable solution.

k. If no such solution can be found, the <u>ICANN</u> Board will state in its final decision the reasons why the Governmental Advisory Committee advice was not followed, and such statement will be without prejudice to the rights or obligations of Governmental Advisory Committee members with regard to public policy issues falling within their responsibilities.

2. Security and Stability Advisory Committee

- a. The role of the Security and Stability Advisory Committee ("SSAC") is to advise the ICANN community and Board on matters relating to the security and integrity of the Internet's naming and address allocation systems. It shall have the following responsibilities:
 - 1. To communicate on security matters with the Internet technical community and the operators and managers of critical <u>DNS</u> infrastructure services, to include the root name server operator community, the top-level domain registries and registrars, the operators of the reverse delegation trees such as in-addr.arpa and ip6.arpa, and others as events and developments dictate. The Committee shall gather and articulate requirements to offer to those engaged in technical revision of the protocols related to <u>DNS</u> and address allocation and those engaged in operations planning.
 - 2. To engage in ongoing threat assessment and risk analysis of the Internet naming and address allocation services to assess where the principal threats to stability and security lie, and to advise the ICANN community accordingly. The Committee shall recommend any necessary audit activity to assess the current status of <u>DNS</u> and address allocation security in relation to identified risks and threats.
 - 3. To communicate with those who have direct responsibility for Internet naming and address allocation security matters (IETF, RSSAC, RIRs, name registries, etc.), to ensure that its advice on security risks, issues, and priorities is properly synchronized with existing standardization, deployment, operational, and coordination activities. The Committee shall monitor these activities and inform the ICANN community and Board on their progress, as appropriate.
 - 4. To report periodically to the Board on its activities.
 - 5. To make policy recommendations to the <u>ICANN</u> community and Board.
- b. The SSAC's chair and members shall be appointed by the Board. SSAC membership appointment shall be for a three-year term, commencing on 1 January and ending the second year thereafter on 31 December. The chair and members may be re-appointed, and there are no limits to the number of terms the chair or members may serve. The SSAC chair may provide recommendations to the Board regarding appointments to the SSAC. The SSAC chair shall stagger appointment recommendations so that approximately one-third (1/3) of the membership of the SSAC is considered for appointment or re-appointment each year. The Board shall also have to power to remove SSAC appointees as recommended by or in

consultation with the <u>SSAC</u>. (Note: The first full term under this paragraph shall commence on 1 January 2011 and end on 31 December 2013. Prior to 1 January 2011, the <u>SSAC</u> shall be comprised as stated in the Bylaws as amended 25 June 2010, and the <u>SSAC</u> chair shall recommend the re-appointment of all current <u>SSAC</u> members to full or partial terms as appropriate to implement the provisions of this paragraph.)

- c. The SSAC shall annually appoint a non-voting liaison to the ICANN Board according to Section 9 of Article VI.
- 3. Root Server System Advisory Committee
 - a. The role of the Root Server System Advisory Committee ("RSSAC") is to advise the ICANN community and Board on matters relating to the operation, administration, security, and integrity of the Internet's Root Server System. It shall have the following responsibilities:
 - 1. Communicate on matters relating to the operation of the <u>Root</u> <u>Servers</u> and their multiple instances with the Internet technical community and the <u>ICANN</u> community. The Committee shall gather and articulate requirements to offer to those engaged in technical revision of the protocols and best common practices related to the operation of DNS servers.
 - 2. Communicate on matters relating to the administration of the Root Zone with those who have direct responsibility for that administration. These matters include the processes and procedures for the production of the Root Zone File.
 - 3. Engage in ongoing threat assessment and risk analysis of the Root Server System and recommend any necessary audit activity to assess the current status of root servers and the root zone.
 - 4. Respond to requests for information or opinions from the <u>ICANN</u> Board of Directors.
 - 5. Report periodically to the Board on its activities.
 - 6. Make policy recommendations to the ICANN community and Board.
 - b. The RSSAC shall be led by two co-chairs. The RSSAC's chairs and members shall be appointed by the Board.
 - 1. RSSAC membership appointment shall be for a three-year term, commencing on 1 January and ending the second year thereafter on 31 December. Members may be re- appointed, and there are no limits to the number of terms the members may serve. The RSSAC chairs shall provide recommendations to the Board regarding appointments to the RSSAC. If the board declines to appoint a person nominated by the RSSAC then it will provide the rationale for its decision. The RSSAC chairs shall stagger appointment recommendations so that approximately one-third (1/3) of the membership of the RSSAC is considered for appointment or re-appointment each year. The Board

shall also have to power to remove RSSAC appointees as recommended by or in consultation with the RSSAC. (Note: The first term under this paragraph shall commence on 1 July 2013 and end on 31 December 2015, and shall be considered a full term for all purposes. All other full terms under this paragraph shall begin on 1 January of the corresponding year. Prior to 1 July 2013, the RSSAC shall be comprised as stated in the Bylaws as amended 16 March 2012, and the RSSAC chairs shall recommend the re-appointment of all current RSSAC members to full or partial terms as appropriate to implement the provisions of this paragraph.)

- 2. The RSSAC shall recommend the appointment of the chairs to the board following a nomination process that it devises and documents.
- c. The RSSAC shall annually appoint a non-voting liaison to the <u>ICANN</u> Board according to Section 9 of Article VI.

4. At-Large Advisory Committee

- a. The At-Large Advisory Committee (ALAC) is the primary organizational home within ICANN for individual Internet users. The role of the ALAC shall be to consider and provide advice on the activities of ICANN, insofar as they relate to the interests of individual Internet users. This includes policies created through ICANN's Supporting Organizations, as well as the many other issues for which community input and advice is appropriate. The ALAC, which plays an important role in ICANN's accountability mechanisms, also coordinates some of ICANN's outreach to individual Internet users.
- b. The <u>ALAC</u> shall consist of (i) two members selected by each of the Regional At-Large Organizations ("RALOs") established according to paragraph 4(g) of this Section, and (ii) five members selected by the Nominating Committee. The five members selected by the Nominating Committee shall include one citizen of a country within each of the five Geographic Regions established according to Section 5 of Article VI.
- c. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws, the regular terms of members of the ALAC shall be as follows:
 - 1. The term of one member selected by each RALO shall begin at the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting in an even-numbered year.
 - 2. The term of the other member selected by each RALO shall begin at the conclusion of an <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting in an odd-numbered year.
 - 3. The terms of three of the members selected by the Nominating Committee shall begin at the conclusion of an annual meeting in an odd-numbered year and the terms of the other two members selected by the Nominating Committee shall begin at the conclusion of an annual meeting in an even-numbered year.
 - 4. The regular term of each member shall end at the conclusion of the second <u>ICANN</u> annual meeting after the term began.

- d. The Chair of the ALAC shall be elected by the members of the ALAC pursuant to procedures adopted by the Committee.
- e. The ALAC shall, after consultation with each RALO, annually appoint five voting delegates (no two of whom shall be citizens of countries in the same Geographic Region, as defined according to Section 5 of Article VI) to the Nominating Committee.
- f. Subject to the provisions of the Transition Article of these Bylaws, the At-Large Advisory Committee may designate non-voting liaisons to each of the ccNSO Council and the GNSO Council.
- g. There shall be one RALO for each Geographic Region established according to Section 5 of Article VI. Each RALO shall serve as the main forum and coordination point for public input to ICANN in its Geographic Region and shall be a non-profit organization certified by ICANN according to criteria and standards established by the Board based on recommendations of the At-Large Advisory Committee. An organization shall become the recognized RALO for its Geographic Region upon entering a Memorandum of Understanding with ICANN addressing the respective roles and responsibilities of ICANN and the RALO regarding the process for selecting ALAC members and requirements of openness, participatory opportunities, transparency, accountability, and diversity in the RALO's structure and procedures, as well as criteria and standards for the RALO's constituent At-Large Structures.
- h. Each RALO shall be comprised of self-supporting At-Large Structures within its Geographic Region that have been certified to meet the requirements of the RALO's Memorandum of Understanding with ICANN according to paragraph 4(i) of this Section. If so provided by its Memorandum of Understanding with ICANN, a RALO may also include individual Internet users who are citizens or residents of countries within the RALO's Geographic Region.
- i. Membership in the At-Large Community
 - The criteria and standards for the certification of At-Large Structures within each Geographic Region shall be established by the Board based on recommendations from the <u>ALAC</u> and shall be stated in the Memorandum of Understanding between <u>ICANN</u> and the RALO for each Geographic Region.
 - 2. The criteria and standards for the certification of At-Large Structures shall be established in such a way that participation by individual Internet users who are citizens or residents of countries within the Geographic Region (as defined in Section 5 of Article VI) of the RALO will predominate in the operation of each At-Large Structure within the RALO, while not necessarily excluding additional participation, compatible with the interests of the individual Internet users within the region, by others.
 - 3. Each RALO's Memorandum of Understanding shall also include provisions designed to allow, to the greatest extent possible, every individual Internet user who is a citizen of a country within the RALO's Geographic Region to participate in at least one of the RALO's At-Large Structures.
 - 4. To the extent compatible with these objectives, the criteria and standards should also afford to each RALO the type of structure that best fits the

- customs and character of its Geographic Region.
- 5. Once the criteria and standards have been established as provided in this Clause i, the ALAC, with the advice and participation of the RALO where the applicant is based, shall be responsible for certifying organizations as meeting the criteria and standards for At-Large Structure accreditation.
- 6. Decisions to certify or decertify an At-Large Structure shall be made as decided by the ALAC in its Rules of Procedure, save always that any changes made to the Rules of Procedure in respect of ALS applications shall be subject to review by the RALOs and by the ICANN Board.
- Decisions as to whether to accredit, not to accredit, or disaccredit an At-Large Structure shall be subject to review according to procedures established by the Board.
- 8. On an ongoing basis, the <u>ALAC</u> may also give advice as to whether a prospective At-Large Structure meets the applicable criteria and standards.
- j. The <u>ALAC</u> is also responsible, working in conjunction with the RALOs, for coordinating the following activities:
 - 1. Making a selection by the At-Large Community to fill Seat 15 on the Board. Notification of the At-Large Community's selection shall be given by the <u>ALAC</u> Chair in writing to the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary, consistent with Article VI, Sections 8(4) and 12(1).
 - 2. Keeping the community of individual Internet users informed about the significant news from ICANN;
 - 3. Distributing (through posting or otherwise) an updated agenda, news about <u>ICANN</u>, and information about items in the <u>ICANN</u> policydevelopment process;
 - 4. Promoting outreach activities in the community of individual Internet users;
 - 5. Developing and maintaining on-going information and education programs, regarding ICANN and its work;
 - 6. Establishing an outreach strategy about <u>ICANN</u> issues in each RALO's Region;
 - 7. Participating in the <u>ICANN</u> policy development processes and providing input and advice that accurately reflects the views of individual Internet users;
 - 8. Making public, and analyzing, <u>ICANN</u>'s proposed policies and its decisions and their (potential) regional impact and (potential) effect on individuals in the region;
 - 9. Offering Internet-based mechanisms that enable discussions among members of At-Large structures; and
 - 10. Establishing mechanisms and processes that enable two-way communication between members of At-Large Structures and those involved in ICANN decision-making, so interested individuals can share

their views on pending ICANN issues.

Section 3. PROCEDURES

Each Advisory Committee shall determine its own rules of procedure and quorum requirements.

Section 4. TERM OF OFFICE

The chair and each member of a committee shall serve until his or her successor is appointed, or until such committee is sooner terminated, or until he or she is removed, resigns, or otherwise ceases to qualify as a member of the committee.

Section 5. VACANCIES

Vacancies on any committee shall be filled in the same manner as provided in the case of original appointments.

Section 6. COMPENSATION

Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as a member of a committee. The Board may, however, authorize the reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses incurred by committee members, including Directors, performing their duties as committee members.

ARTICLE XI-A: OTHER ADVISORY MECHANISMS

Section 1. EXTERNAL EXPERT ADVICE

- 1. Purpose. The purpose of seeking external expert advice is to allow the policy-development process within <u>ICANN</u> to take advantage of existing expertise that resides in the public or private sector but outside of <u>ICANN</u>. In those cases where there are relevant public bodies with expertise, or where access to private expertise could be helpful, the Board and constituent bodies should be encouraged to seek advice from such expert bodies or individuals.
- 2. Types of Expert Advisory Panels.
 - a. On its own initiative or at the suggestion of any <u>ICANN</u> body, the Board may appoint, or authorize the President to appoint, Expert Advisory Panels consisting of public or private sector individuals or entities. If the advice sought from such Panels concerns issues of public policy, the provisions of Section 1(3)(b) of this Article shall apply.
 - b. In addition, in accordance with Section 1(3) of this Article, the Board may refer issues of public policy pertinent to matters within ICANN's mission to a multinational governmental or treaty organization.
- 3. Process for Seeking Advice-Public Policy Matters.
 - a. The Governmental Advisory Committee may at any time recommend that the Board seek advice concerning one or more issues of public policy from an external source, as set out above.
 - b. In the event that the Board determines, upon such a recommendation or

otherwise, that external advice should be sought concerning one or more issues of public policy, the Board shall, as appropriate, consult with the Governmental Advisory Committee regarding the appropriate source from which to seek the advice and the arrangements, including definition of scope and process, for requesting and obtaining that advice.

- c. The Board shall, as appropriate, transmit any request for advice from a multinational governmental or treaty organization, including specific terms of reference, to the Governmental Advisory Committee, with the suggestion that the request be transmitted by the Governmental Advisory Committee to the multinational governmental or treaty organization.
- 4. Process for Seeking and Advice-Other Matters. Any reference of issues not concerning public policy to an Expert Advisory Panel by the Board or President in accordance with Section 1(2)(a) of this Article shall be made pursuant to terms of reference describing the issues on which input and advice is sought and the procedures and schedule to be followed.
- 5. Receipt of Expert Advice and its Effect. External advice pursuant to this Section shall be provided in written form. Such advice is advisory and not binding, and is intended to augment the information available to the Board or other ICANN body in carrying out its responsibilities.
- 6. Opportunity to Comment. The Governmental Advisory Committee, in addition to the Supporting Organizations and other Advisory Committees, shall have an opportunity to comment upon any external advice received prior to any decision by the Board.

Section 2. TECHNICAL LIAISON GROUP

- 1. Purpose. The quality of <u>ICANN</u>'s work depends on access to complete and authoritative information concerning the technical standards that underlie <u>ICANN</u>'s activities. <u>ICANN</u>'s relationship to the organizations that produce these standards is therefore particularly important. The Technical Liaison Group (TLG) shall connect the Board with appropriate sources of technical advice on specific matters pertinent to ICANN's activities.
- 2. TLG Organizations. The TLG shall consist of four organizations: the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), the International Telecommunications Union's Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T), the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C), and the Internet Architecture Board (IAB).
- 3. Role. The role of the TLG organizations shall be to channel technical information and guidance to the Board and to other <u>ICANN</u> entities. This role has both a responsive component and an active "watchdog" component, which involve the following responsibilities:
 - a. In response to a request for information, to connect the Board or other <u>ICANN</u> body with appropriate sources of technical expertise. This component of the TLG role covers circumstances in which <u>ICANN</u> seeks an authoritative answer to a specific technical question. Where information is requested regarding a particular technical standard for which a TLG organization is responsible, that request shall be directed to that TLG organization.
 - b. As an ongoing "watchdog" activity, to advise the Board of the relevance and progress of technical developments in the areas covered by each organization's scope that could affect Board decisions or other ICANN actions, and to draw

attention to global technical standards issues that affect policy development within the scope of ICANN's mission. This component of the TLG role covers circumstances in which ICANN is unaware of a new development, and would therefore otherwise not realize that a question should be asked.

- 4. TLG Procedures. The TLG shall not have officers or hold meetings, nor shall it provide policy advice to the Board as a committee (although TLG organizations may individually be asked by the Board to do so as the need arises in areas relevant to their individual charters). Neither shall the TLG debate or otherwise coordinate technical issues across the TLG organizations; establish or attempt to establish unified positions; or create or attempt to create additional layers or structures within the TLG for the development of technical standards or for any other purpose.
- 5. Technical Work with the <u>IETF</u>. The TLG shall have no involvement with the <u>ICANN</u>'s work for the Internet Engineering Task Force (<u>IETF</u>), Internet Research Task Force, or the Internet Architecture Board (<u>IAB</u>), as described in the <u>IETF-ICANN</u> Memorandum of Understanding Concerning the Technical Work of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority ratified by the Board on 10 March 2000.
- 6. Individual Technical Experts. Each TLG organization shall designate two individual technical experts who are familiar with the technical standards issues that are relevant to ICANN's activities. These 8 experts shall be available as necessary to determine, through an exchange of e-mail messages, where to direct a technical question from ICANN when ICANN does not ask a specific TLG organization directly.

ARTICLE XII: BOARD AND TEMPORARY COMMITTEES

Section 1. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board may establish one or more committees of the Board, which shall continue to exist until otherwise determined by the Board. Only Directors may be appointed to a Committee of the Board. If a person appointed to a Committee of the Board ceases to be a Director, such person shall also cease to be a member of any Committee of the Board. Each Committee of the Board shall consist of two or more Directors. The Board may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of any such committee, who may replace any absent member at any meeting of the committee. Committee members may be removed from a committee at any time by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of all members of the Board; provided, however, that any Director or Directors which are the subject of the removal action shall not be entitled to vote on such an action or be counted as a member of the Board when calculating the required two-thirds (2/3) vote; and, provided further, however, that in no event shall a Director be removed from a committee unless such removal is approved by not less than a majority of all members of the Board.

Section 2. POWERS OF BOARD COMMITTEES

- 1. The Board may delegate to Committees of the Board all legal authority of the Board except with respect to:
 - a. The filling of vacancies on the Board or on any committee;
 - b. The amendment or repeal of Bylaws or the Articles of Incorporation or the adoption of new Bylaws or Articles of Incorporation;
 - c. The amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board which by its express

terms is not so amendable or repealable;

- d. The appointment of committees of the Board or the members thereof;
- e. The approval of any self-dealing transaction, as such transactions are defined in Section 5233(a) of the CNPBCL;
- f. The approval of the annual budget required by Article XVI; or
- g. The compensation of any officer described in Article XIII.
- 2. The Board shall have the power to prescribe the manner in which proceedings of any Committee of the Board shall be conducted. In the absence of any such prescription, such committee shall have the power to prescribe the manner in which its proceedings shall be conducted. Unless these Bylaws, the Board or such committee shall otherwise provide, the regular and special meetings shall be governed by the provisions of Article VI applicable to meetings and actions of the Board. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings and shall report the same to the Board from time to time, as the Board may require.

Section 3. TEMPORARY COMMITTEES

The Board may establish such temporary committees as it sees fit, with membership, duties, and responsibilities as set forth in the resolutions or charters adopted by the Board in establishing such committees.

ARTICLE XIII: OFFICERS

Section 1. OFFICERS

The officers of ICANN shall be a President (who shall serve as Chief Executive Officer), a Secretary, and a Chief Financial Officer. ICANN may also have, at the discretion of the Board, any additional officers that it deems appropriate. Any person, other than the President, may hold more than one office, except that no member of the Board (other than the President) shall simultaneously serve as an officer of ICANN.

Section 2. ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The officers of <u>ICANN</u> shall be elected annually by the Board, pursuant to the recommendation of the President or, in the case of the President, of the Chairman of the <u>ICANN</u> Board. Each such officer shall hold his or her office until he or she resigns, is removed, is otherwise disqualified to serve, or his or her successor is elected.

Section 3. REMOVAL OF OFFICERS

Any Officer may be removed, either with or without cause, by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of all the members of the Board. Should any vacancy occur in any office as a result of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause, the Board may delegate the powers and duties of such office to any Officer or to any Director until such time as a successor for the office has been elected.

Section 4. PRESIDENT

The President shall be the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of ICANN in charge of all of its activities and business. All other officers and staff shall report to the President or his or her delegate, unless stated

otherwise in these Bylaws. The President shall serve as an ex officio member of the Board, and shall have all the same rights and privileges of any Board member. The President shall be empowered to call special meetings of the Board as set forth herein, and shall discharge all other duties as may be required by these Bylaws and from time to time may be assigned by the Board.

Section 5. SECRETARY

The Secretary shall keep or cause to be kept the minutes of the Board in one or more books provided for that purpose, shall see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws or as required by law, and in general shall perform all duties as from time to time may be prescribed by the President or the Board.

Section 6. CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") shall be the chief financial officer of ICANN. If required by the Board, the CFO shall give a bond for the faithful discharge of his or her duties in such form and with such surety or sureties as the Board shall determine. The CFO shall have charge and custody of all the funds of ICANN and shall keep or cause to be kept, in books belonging to ICANN, full and accurate amounts of all receipts and disbursements, and shall deposit all money and other valuable effects in the name of ICANN in such depositories as may be designated for that purpose by the Board. The CFO shall disburse the funds of ICANN as may be ordered by the Board or the President and, whenever requested by them, shall deliver to the Board and the President an account of all his or her transactions as CFO and of the financial condition of ICANN. The CFO shall be responsible for ICANN's financial planning and forecasting and shall assist the President in the preparation of ICANN's annual budget. The CFO shall coordinate and oversee ICANN's funding, including any audits or other reviews of ICANN or its Supporting Organizations. The CFO shall be responsible for all other matters relating to the financial operation of ICANN.

Section 7. ADDITIONAL OFFICERS

In addition to the officers described above, any additional or assistant officers who are elected or appointed by the Board shall perform such duties as may be assigned to them by the President or the Board.

Section 8. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES

The compensation of any Officer of <u>ICANN</u> shall be approved by the Board. Expenses incurred in connection with performance of their officer duties may be reimbursed to Officers upon approval of the President (in the case of Officers other than the President), by another Officer designated by the Board (in the case of the President), or the Board.

Section 9. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Board, through the Board Governance Committee, shall establish a policy requiring a statement from each Officer not less frequently than once a year setting forth all business and other affiliations that relate in any way to the business and other affiliations of ICANN.

ARTICLE XIV: INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHER AGENTS

ICANN shall, to maximum extent permitted by the CNPBCL, indemnify each of its agents against expenses, judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in

connection with any proceeding arising by reason of the fact that any such person is or was an agent of ICANN, provided that the indemnified person's acts were done in good faith and in a manner that the indemnified person reasonably believed to be in ICANN's best interests and not criminal. For purposes of this Article, an "agent" of ICANN includes any person who is or was a Director, Officer, employee, or any other agent of ICANN (including a member of any Supporting Organization, any Advisory Committee, the Nominating Committee, any other ICANN committee, or the Technical Liaison Group) acting within the scope of his or her responsibility; or is or was serving at the request of ICANN as a Director, Officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise. The Board may adopt a resolution authorizing the purchase and maintenance of insurance on behalf of any agent of ICANN against any liability asserted against or incurred by the agent in such capacity or arising out of the agent's status as such, whether or not ICANN would have the power to indemnify the agent against that liability under the provisions of this Article.

ARTICLE XV: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. CONTRACTS

The Board may authorize any Officer or Officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute or deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of <u>ICANN</u>, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. In the absence of a contrary Board authorization, contracts and instruments may only be executed by the following Officers: President, any Vice President, or the CFO. Unless authorized or ratified by the Board, no other Officer, agent, or employee shall have any power or authority to bind ICANN or to render it liable for any debts or obligations.

Section 2. DEPOSITS

All funds of <u>ICANN</u> not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of <u>ICANN</u> in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as the Board, or the President under its delegation, may select.

Section 3. CHECKS

All checks, drafts, or other orders for the payment of money, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of <u>ICANN</u> shall be signed by such Officer or Officers, agent or agents, of <u>ICANN</u> and in such a manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board.

Section 4. LOANS

No loans shall be made by or to <u>ICANN</u> and no evidences of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the Board. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances; provided, however, that no loans shall be made by ICANN to its Directors or Officers.

ARTICLE XVI: FISCAL MATTERS

Section 1. ACCOUNTING

The fiscal year end of ICANN shall be determined by the Board.

Section 2. AUDIT

At the end of the fiscal year, the books of <u>ICANN</u> shall be closed and audited by certified public accountants. The appointment of the fiscal auditors shall be the responsibility of the Board.

Section 3. ANNUAL REPORT AND ANNUAL STATEMENT

The Board shall publish, at least annually, a report describing its activities, including an audited financial statement and a description of any payments made by <u>ICANN</u> to Directors (including reimbursements of expenses). <u>ICANN</u> shall cause the annual report and the annual statement of certain transactions as required by the CNPBCL to be prepared and sent to each member of the Board and to such other persons as the Board may designate, no later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of ICANN's fiscal year.

Section 4. ANNUAL BUDGET

At least forty-five (45) days prior to the commencement of each fiscal year, the President shall prepare and submit to the Board, a proposed annual budget of <u>ICANN</u> for the next fiscal year, which shall be posted on the Website. The proposed budget shall identify anticipated revenue sources and levels and shall, to the extent practical, identify anticipated material expense items by line item. The Board shall adopt an annual budget and shall publish the adopted Budget on the Website.

Section 5. FEES AND CHARGES

The Board may set fees and charges for the services and benefits provided by <u>ICANN</u>, with the goal of fully recovering the reasonable costs of the operation of <u>ICANN</u> and establishing reasonable reserves for future expenses and contingencies reasonably related to the legitimate activities of <u>ICANN</u>. Such fees and charges shall be fair and equitable, shall be published for public comment prior to adoption, and once adopted shall be published on the Website in a sufficiently detailed manner so as to be readily accessible.

ARTICLE XVII: MEMBERS

<u>ICANN</u> shall not have members, as defined in the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law ("CNPBCL"), notwithstanding the use of the term "Member" in these Bylaws, in any <u>ICANN</u> document, or in any action of the ICANN Board or staff.

ARTICLE XVIII: OFFICES AND SEAL

Section 1. OFFICES

The principal office for the transaction of the business of <u>ICANN</u> shall be in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, United States of America. <u>ICANN</u> may also have an additional office or offices within or outside the United States of America as it may from time to time establish.

Section 2. SEAL

The Board may adopt a corporate seal and use the same by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or reproduced or otherwise.

ARTICLE XIX: AMENDMENTS

Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws of <u>ICANN</u> may be altered, amended, or repealed and new Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws adopted only upon action by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of all members of the Board.

ARTICLE XX: TRANSITION ARTICLE

Section 1. PURPOSE

This Transition Article sets forth the provisions for the transition from the processes and structures defined by the <u>ICANN</u> Bylaws, as amended and restated on 29 October 1999 and amended through 12 February 2002 (the "Old Bylaws"), to the processes and structures defined by the Bylaws of which this Article is a part (the "New Bylaws"). [Explanatory Note (dated 10 December 2009): For Section 5(3) of this Article, reference to the Old Bylaws refers to the Bylaws as amended and restated through to 20 March 2009.]

Section 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 1. For the period beginning on the adoption of this Transition Article and ending on the Effective Date and Time of the New Board, as defined in paragraph 5 of this Section 2, the Board of Directors of the Corporation ("Transition Board") shall consist of the members of the Board who would have been Directors under the Old Bylaws immediately after the conclusion of the annual meeting in 2002, except that those At-Large members of the Board under the Old Bylaws who elect to do so by notifying the Secretary of the Board on 15 December 2002 or in writing or by e-mail no later than 23 December 2002 shall also serve as members of the Transition Board. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article VI, Section 12 of the New Bylaws, vacancies on the Transition Board shall not be filled. The Transition Board shall not have liaisons as provided by Article VI, Section 9 of the New Bylaws. The Board Committees existing on the date of adoption of this Transition Article shall continue in existence, subject to any change in Board Committees or their membership that the Transition Board may adopt by resolution.
- 2. The Transition Board shall elect a Chair and Vice-Chair to serve until the Effective Date and Time of the New Board.
- 3. The "New Board" is that Board described in Article VI, Section 2(1) of the New Bylaws.
- 4. Promptly after the adoption of this Transition Article, a Nominating Committee shall be formed including, to the extent feasible, the delegates and liaisons described in Article VII, Section 2 of the New Bylaws, with terms to end at the conclusion of the ICANN annual meeting in 2003. The Nominating Committee shall proceed without delay to select Directors to fill Seats 1 through 8 on the New Board, with terms to conclude upon the commencement of the first regular terms specified for those Seats in Article VI, Section 8(1)(a)-(c) of the New Bylaws, and shall give the ICANN Secretary written notice of that selection.
- 5. The Effective Date and Time of the New Board shall be a time, as designated by the Transition Board, during the first regular meeting of ICANN in 2003 that begins not less than seven calendar days after the ICANN Secretary has received written notice of the selection of Directors to fill at least ten of Seats 1 through 14 on the New Board. As of the Effective Date and Time of the New Board, it shall assume from the Transition Board all the rights, duties, and obligations of the ICANN Board of Directors. Subject to Section 4 of this Article, the Directors (Article VI, Section 2(1)(a)-(d)) and non-voting liaisons (Article VI, Section 9) as to which the ICANN Secretary has received notice of selection shall, along with the President (Article VI, Section 2(1)(e)), be seated upon the Effective Date and Time of the New Board, and thereafter any additional Directors and non-voting liaisons shall be seated upon the ICANN Secretary's receipt of notice of their selection.
- 6. The New Board shall elect a Chairman and Vice-Chairman as its first order of business. The terms of those Board offices shall expire at the end of the annual meeting in 2003.

- 7. Committees of the Board in existence as of the Effective Date and Time of the New Board shall continue in existence according to their existing charters, but the terms of all members of those committees shall conclude at the Effective Date and Time of the New Board. Temporary committees in existence as of the Effective Date and Time of the New Board shall continue in existence with their existing charters and membership, subject to any change the New Board may adopt by resolution.
- 8. In applying the term-limitation provision of Section 8(5) of Article VI, a Director's service on the Board before the Effective Date and Time of the New Board shall count as one term.

Section 3. ADDRESS SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

The Address Supporting Organization shall continue in operation according to the provisions of the Memorandum of Understanding originally entered on 18 October 1999 between ICANN and a group of regional Internet registries (RIRs), and amended in October 2000, until a replacement Memorandum of Understanding becomes effective. Promptly after the adoption of this Transition Article, the Address Supporting Organization shall make selections, and give the ICANN Secretary written notice of those selections, of:

- 1. Directors to fill Seats 9 and 10 on the New Board, with terms to conclude upon the commencement of the first regular terms specified for each of those Seats in Article VI, Section 8(1)(d) and (e) of the New Bylaws; and
- 2. the delegate to the Nominating Committee selected by the Council of the Address Supporting Organization, as called for in Article VII, Section 2(8)(f) of the New Bylaws.

With respect to the <u>ICANN</u> Directors that it is entitled to select, and taking into account the need for rapid selection to ensure that the New Board becomes effective as soon as possible, the Address Supporting Organization may select those Directors from among the persons it previously selected as <u>ICANN</u> Directors pursuant to the Old Bylaws. To the extent the Address Supporting Organization does not provide the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary written notice, on or before 31 March 2003, of its selections for Seat 9 and Seat 10, the Address Supporting Organization shall be deemed to have selected for Seat 9 the person it selected as an <u>ICANN</u> Director pursuant to the Old Bylaws for a term beginning in 2001 and for Seat 10 the person it selected as an ICANN Director pursuant to the Old Bylaws for a term beginning in 2002.

Section 4. COUNTRY-CODE NAMES SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

1. Upon the enrollment of thirty ccTLD managers (with at least four within each Geographic Region) as members of the ccNSO, written notice shall be posted on the Website. As soon as feasible after that notice, the members of the initial ccNSO Council to be selected by the ccNSO members shall be selected according to the procedures stated in Article IX, Section 4(8) and (9). Upon the completion of that selection process, a written notice that the ccNSO Council has been constituted shall be posted on the Website. Three ccNSO Council members shall be selected by the ccNSO members within each Geographic Region, with one member to serve a term that ends upon the conclusion of the first ICANN annual meeting after the ccNSO Council is constituted, a second member to serve a term that ends upon the conclusion of the second ICANN annual meeting after the ccNSO Council is constituted, and the third member to serve a term that ends upon the conclusion of the third ICANN annual meeting after the ccNSO Council is constituted. (The definition of "ccTLD manager" stated in Article IX, Section 4(1) and the definitions stated in Article IX, Section 4(4) shall apply within this Section 4 of Article XX.)

- 2. After the adoption of Article IX of these Bylaws, the Nominating Committee shall select the three members of the ccNSO Council described in Article IX, Section 3(1)(b). In selecting three individuals to serve on the ccNSO Council, the Nominating Committee shall designate one to serve a term that ends upon the conclusion of the first ICANN annual meeting after the ccNSO Council is constituted, a second member to serve a term that ends upon the conclusion of the second ICANN annual meeting after the ccNSO Council is constituted, and the third member to serve a term that ends upon the conclusion of the third ICANN annual meeting after the ccNSO Council is constituted. The three members of the ccNSO Council selected by the Nominating Committee shall not take their seats before the ccNSO Council is constituted.
- 3. Upon the <u>ccNSO</u> Council being constituted, the At-Large Advisory Committee and the Governmental Advisory Committee may designate one liaison each to the <u>ccNSO</u> Council, as provided by Article IX, Section 3(2)(a) and (b).
- 4. Upon the ccNSO Council being constituted, the Council may designate Regional Organizations as provided in Article IX, Section 5. Upon its designation, a Regional Organization may appoint a liaison to the ccNSO Council.
- 5. Until the ccNSO Council is constituted, Seats 11 and 12 on the New Board shall remain vacant. Promptly after the ccNSO Council is constituted, the ccNSO shall, through the ccNSO Council, make selections of Directors to fill Seats 11 and 12 on the New Board, with terms to conclude upon the commencement of the next regular term specified for each of those Seats in Article VI, Section 8(1)(d) and (f) of the New Bylaws, and shall give the ICANN Secretary written notice of its selections.
- 6. Until the ccNSO Council is constituted, the delegate to the Nominating Committee established by the New Bylaws designated to be selected by the ccNSO shall be appointed by the Transition Board or New Board, depending on which is in existence at the time any particular appointment is required, after due consultation with members of the ccTLD community. Upon the ccNSO Council being constituted, the delegate to the Nominating Committee appointed by the Transition Board or New Board according to this Section 4(9) then serving shall remain in office, except that the ccNSO Council may replace that delegate with one of its choosing within three months after the conclusion of ICANN's annual meeting, or in the event of a vacancy. Subsequent appointments of the Nominating Committee delegate described in Article VII, Section 2(8)(c) shall be made by the ccNSO Council.

Section 5. GENERIC NAMES SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

- 1. The Generic Names Supporting Organization ("GNSO"), upon the adoption of this Transition Article, shall continue its operations; however, it shall be restructured into four new Stakeholder Groups which shall represent, organizationally, the former Constituencies of the GNSO, subject to ICANN Board approval of each individual Stakeholder Group Charter:
 - a. The gTLD Registries Constituency shall be assigned to the Registries Stakeholder Group;
 - b. The Registrars Constituency shall be assigned to the Registrars Stakeholder Group;
 - c. The Business Constituency shall be assigned to the Commercial Stakeholder Group;

- d. The Intellectual Property Constituency shall be assigned to the Commercial Stakeholder Group;
- e. The Internet Services Providers Constituency shall be assigned to the Commercial Stakeholder Group; and
- f. The Non-Commercial Users Constituency shall be assigned to the Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group.
- 2. Each <u>GNSO</u> Constituency described in paragraph 1 of this subsection shall continue operating substantially as before and no Constituency official, working group, or other activity shall be changed until further action of the Constituency, provided that each <u>GNSO</u> Constituency described in paragraph 1 (c-f) shall submit to the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary a new or revised Charter inclusive of its operating procedures, adopted according to the Constituency's processes and consistent with these Bylaws Amendments, no later than the <u>ICANN</u> meeting in October 2009, or another date as the Board may designate by resolution.
- 3. Prior to the commencement of the ICANN meeting in October 2009, or another date the Board may designate by resolution, the GNSO Council shall consist of its current Constituency structure and officers as described in Article X, Section 3(1) of the Bylaws (as amended and restated on 29 October 1999 and amended through 20 March 2009 (the "Old Bylaws")). Thereafter, the composition of the GNSO Council shall be as provided in these Bylaws, as they may be amended from time to time. All committees, task forces, working groups, drafting committees, and similar groups established by the GNSO Council and in existence immediately before the adoption of this Transition Article shall continue in existence with the same charters, membership, and activities, subject to any change by action of the GNSO Council or ICANN Board.
- 4. Beginning with the commencement of the <u>ICANN</u> Meeting in October 2009, or another date the Board may designate by resolution (the "Effective Date of the Transition"), the <u>GNSO</u> Council seats shall be assigned as follows:
 - a. The three seats currently assigned to the Registry Constituency shall be reassigned as three seats of the Registries Stakeholder Group;
 - b. The three seats currently assigned to the Registrar Constituency shall be reassigned as three seats of the Registrars Stakeholder Group;
 - c. The three seats currently assigned to each of the Business Constituency, the Intellectual Property Constituency, and the Internet Services Provider Constituency (nine total) shall be decreased to be six seats of the Commercial Stakeholder Group;
 - d. The three seats currently assigned to the Non-Commercial Users Constituency shall be increased to be six seats of the Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group;
 - e. The three seats currently selected by the Nominating Committee shall be assigned by the Nominating Committee as follows: one voting member to the Contracted Party House, one voting member to the Non-Contracted Party House, and one non-voting member assigned to the GNSO Council at large.

provisions in each applicable Stakeholder Group Charter, approved by the Board, and sufficiently in advance of the October 2009 <u>ICANN</u> Meeting that will permit those representatives to act in their official capacities at the start of said meeting.

- 5. The GNSO Council, as part of its Restructure Implementation Plan, will document: (a) how vacancies, if any, will be handled during the transition period; (b) for each Stakeholder Group, how each assigned Council seat to take effect at the 2009 ICANN annual meeting will be filled, whether through a continuation of an existing term or a new election or appointment; (c) how it plans to address staggered terms such that the new GNSO Council preserves as much continuity as reasonably possible; and (d) the effect of Bylaws term limits on each Council member.
- 6. As soon as practical after the commencement of the ICANN meeting in October 2009, or another date the Board may designate by resolution, the GNSO Council shall, in accordance with Article X, Section 3(7) and its GNSO Operating Procedures, elect officers and give the ICANN Secretary written notice of its selections.

Section 6. PROTOCOL SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION

The Protocol Supporting Organization referred to in the Old Bylaws is discontinued.

Section 7. ADVISORY COMMITTEES AND TECHNICAL LIAISON GROUP

- 1. Upon the adoption of the New Bylaws, the Governmental Advisory Committee shall continue in operation according to its existing operating principles and practices, until further action of the committee. The Governmental Advisory Committee may designate liaisons to serve with other ICANN bodies as contemplated by the New Bylaws by providing written notice to the ICANN Secretary. Promptly upon the adoption of this Transition Article, the Governmental Advisory Committee shall notify the ICANN Secretary of the person selected as its delegate to the Nominating Committee, as set forth in Article VII, Section 2 of the New Bylaws.
- 2. The organizations designated as members of the Technical Liaison Group under Article XI-A, Section 2(2) of the New Bylaws shall each designate the two individual technical experts described in Article XI-A, Section 2(6) of the New Bylaws, by providing written notice to the ICANN Secretary. As soon as feasible, the delegate from the Technical Liaison Group to the Nominating Committee shall be selected according to Article XI-A, Section 2(7) of the New Bylaws.
- 3. Upon the adoption of the New Bylaws, the Security and Stability Advisory Committee shall continue in operation according to its existing operating principles and practices, until further action of the committee. Promptly upon the adoption of this Transition Article, the Security and Stability Advisory Committee shall notify the ICANN Secretary of the person selected as its delegate to the Nominating Committee, as set forth in Article VII, Section 2(4) of the New Bylaws.
- 4. Upon the adoption of the New Bylaws, the Root Server System Advisory Committee shall continue in operation according to its existing operating principles and practices, until further action of the committee. Promptly upon the adoption of this Transition Article, the Root Server Advisory Committee shall notify the <u>ICANN</u> Secretary of the person selected as its delegate to the Nominating Committee, as set forth in Article VII, Section 2(3) of the New Bylaws.

5. At-Large Advisory Committee

- a. There shall exist an Interim At-Large Advisory Committee until such time as ICANN recognizes, through the entry of a Memorandum of Understanding, all of the Regional At-Large Organizations (RALOs) identified in Article XI, Section 2(4) of the New Bylaws. The Interim At-Large Advisory Committee shall be composed of (i) ten individuals (two from each ICANN region) selected by the ICANN Board following nominations by the At-Large Organizing Committee and (ii) five additional individuals (one from each ICANN region) selected by the initial Nominating Committee as soon as feasible in accordance with the principles established in Article VII, Section 5 of the New Bylaws. The initial Nominating Committee shall designate two of these individuals to serve terms until the conclusion of the ICANN annual meeting in 2004 and three of these individuals to serve terms until the conclusion of the ICANN annual meeting in 2005.
- b. Upon the entry of each RALO into such a Memorandum of Understanding, that entity shall be entitled to select two persons who are citizens and residents of that Region to be members of the At-Large Advisory Committee established by Article XI, Section 2(4) of the New Bylaws. Upon the entity's written notification to the ICANN Secretary of such selections, those persons shall immediately assume the seats held until that notification by the Interim At-Large Advisory Committee members previously selected by the Board from the RALO's region.
- c. Upon the seating of persons selected by all five RALOs, the Interim At-Large Advisory Committee shall become the At-Large Advisory Committee, as established by Article XI, Section 2(4) of the New Bylaws. The five individuals selected to the Interim At-Large Advisory Committee by the Nominating Committee shall become members of the At-Large Advisory Committee for the remainder of the terms for which they were selected.
- d. Promptly upon its creation, the Interim At-Large Advisory Committee shall notify the ICANN Secretary of the persons selected as its delegates to the Nominating Committee, as set forth in Article VII, Section 2(6) of the New Bylaws.

Section 8. OFFICERS

ICANN officers (as defined in Article XIII of the New Bylaws) shall be elected by the then-existing Board of ICANN at the annual meeting in 2002 to serve until the annual meeting in 2003.

Section 9. GROUPS APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT

Notwithstanding the adoption or effectiveness of the New Bylaws, task forces and other groups appointed by the <u>ICANN</u> President shall continue unchanged in membership, scope, and operation until changes are made by the President.

Section 10. CONTRACTS WITH ICANN

Notwithstanding the adoption or effectiveness of the New Bylaws, all agreements, including employment and consulting agreements, entered by ICANN shall continue in effect according to their terms.

The following process shall govern the GNSO policy development process ("PDP") until such time as modifications are recommended to and approved by the ICANN Board of Directors ("Board"). The role of the GNSO is outlined in Article X of these Bylaws. If the GNSO is conducting activities that are not intended to result in a Consensus Policy, the Council may act through other processes.

Section 1. Required Elements of a Policy Development Process

The following elements are required at a minimum to form Consensus Policies as defined within ICANN contracts, and any other policies for which the GNSO Council requests application of this Annex A:

- a. Final Issue Report requested by the Board, the <u>GNSO</u> Council ("Council") or Advisory Committee, which should include at a minimum a) the proposed issue raised for consideration, b) the identity of the party submitting the issue, and c) how that party Is affected by the issue;
- b. Formal initiation of the Policy Development Process by the Council;
- c. Formation of a Working Group or other designated work method;
- d. Initial Report produced by a Working Group or other designated work method;
- e. Final Report produced by a Working Group, or other designated work method, and forwarded to the Council for deliberation;
- f. Council approval of <u>PDP</u> Recommendations contained in the Final Report, by the required thresholds;
- g. PDP Recommendations and Final Report shall be forwarded to the Board through a Recommendations Report approved by the Council]; and
- h. Board approval of PDP Recommendations.

Section 2. Policy Development Process Manual

The <u>GNSO</u> shall maintain a Policy Development Process Manual (<u>PDP</u> Manual) within the operating procedures of the <u>GNSO</u> maintained by the <u>GNSO</u> Council. The <u>PDP</u> Manual shall contain specific additional guidance on completion of all elements of a <u>PDP</u>, including those elements that are not otherwise defined in these Bylaws. The <u>PDP</u> Manual and any amendments thereto are subject to a twenty-one (21) day public comment period at minimum, as well as Board oversight and review, as specified at Article X, Section 3.6.

Section 3. Requesting an Issue Report

Board Request. The Board may request an Issue Report by instructing the GNSO Council ("Council") to begin the process outlined the PDP Manual. In the event the Board makes a request for an Issue Report, the Board should provide a mechanism by which the GNSO Council can consult with the Board to provide information on the scope, timing, and priority of the request for an Issue Report.

Council Request. The GNSO Council may request an Issue Report by a vote of at least one-fourth (1/4) of the members of the Council of each House or a majority of one House.

Advisory Committee Request. An Advisory Committee may raise an issue for policy development by action of such committee to request an Issue Report, and transmission of that request to the Staff Manager and GNSO Council.

Section 4. Creation of an Issue Report

Within forty-five (45) calendar days after receipt of either (i) an instruction from the Board; (ii) a properly supported motion from the <u>GNSO</u> Council; or (iii) a properly supported motion from an Advisory Committee, the Staff Manager will create a report (a "Preliminary Issue Report"). In the event the Staff Manager determines that more time is necessary to create the Preliminary Issue Report, the Staff Manager may request an extension of time for completion of the Preliminary Issue Report.

The following elements should be considered in the Issue Report:

- a) The proposed issue raised for consideration;
- b) The identity of the party submitting the request for the Issue Report;
- c) How that party is affected by the issue, if known;
- d) Support for the issue to initiate the PDP, if known;
- e) The opinion of the <u>ICANN</u> General Counsel regarding whether the issue proposed for consideration within the Policy Development Process is properly within the scope of the <u>ICANN</u>'s mission, policy process and more specifically the role of the <u>GNSO</u> as set forth in the Bylaws.
- f) The opinion of ICANN Staff as to whether the Council should initiate the PDP on the issue

Upon completion of the Preliminary Issue Report, the Preliminary Issue Report shall be posted on the <u>ICANN</u> website for a public comment period that complies with the designated practice for public comment periods within ICANN.

The Staff Manager is responsible for drafting a summary and analysis of the public comments received on the Preliminary Issue Report and producing a Final Issue Report based upon the comments received. The Staff Manager should forward the Final Issue Report, along with any summary and analysis of the public comments received, to the Chair of the GNSO Council for consideration for initiation of a PDP.

Section 5. Initiation of the PDP

The Council may initiate the PDP as follows:

Board Request: If the Board requested an Issue Report, the Council, within the timeframe set forth in the PDP Manual, shall initiate a PDP. No vote is required for such action.

<u>GNSO Council or Advisory Committee Requests</u>: The Council may only initiate the <u>PDP</u> by a vote of the Council. Initiation of a <u>PDP</u> requires a vote as set forth in <u>Article X</u>, <u>Section 3</u>, <u>paragraph 9(b) and (c) in favor of initiating the PDP</u>.

Section 6. Reports

An Initial Report should be delivered to the <u>GNSO</u> Council and posted for a public comment period that complies with the designated practice for public comment periods within <u>ICANN</u>, which time may be extended in accordance with the <u>PDP</u> Manual. Following the review of the comments received and, if required, additional deliberations, a Final Report shall be produced for transmission to the Council.

Section 7. Council Deliberation

Upon receipt of a Final Report, whether as the result of a working group or otherwise, the Council chair will (i) distribute the Final Report to all Council members; and (ii) call for Council deliberation on the matter in accordance with the PDP Manual.

The Council approval process is set forth in Article X, Section 3, paragraph 9(d) through (g), as supplemented by the PDP Manual.

Section 8. Preparation of the Board Report

If the PDP recommendations contained in the Final Report are approved by the GNSO Council, a Recommendations Report shall be approved by the GNSO Council for delivery to the ICANN Board.

Section 9. Board Approval Processes

The Board will meet to discuss the <u>GNSO</u> Council recommendation as soon as feasible, but preferably not later than the second meeting after receipt of the Board Report from the Staff Manager. Board deliberation on the <u>PDP</u> Recommendations contained within the Recommendations Report shall proceed as follows:

- a. Any <u>PDP</u> Recommendations approved by a <u>GNSO</u> Supermajority Vote shall be adopted by the Board unless, by a vote of more than two-thirds (2/3) of the Board, the Board determines that such policy is not in the best interests of the <u>ICANN</u> community or <u>ICANN</u>. If the <u>GNSO</u> Council recommendation was approved by less than a <u>GNSO</u> Supermajority Vote, a majority vote of the Board will be sufficient to determine that such policy is not in the best interests of the <u>ICANN</u> community or <u>ICANN</u>.
- b. In the event that the Board determines, in accordance with paragraph a above, that the policy recommended by a <u>GNSO</u> Supermajority Vote or less than a <u>GNSO</u> Supermajority vote is not in the best interests of the <u>ICANN</u> community or <u>ICANN</u> (the Corporation), the Board shall (i) articulate the reasons for its determination in a report to the Council (the "Board Statement"); and (ii) submit the Board Statement to the Council.
- c. The Council shall review the Board Statement for discussion with the Board as soon as feasible after the Council's receipt of the Board Statement. The Board shall determine the method (e.g., by teleconference, e-mail, or otherwise) by which the Council and Board will discuss the Board Statement.
- d. At the conclusion of the Council and Board discussions, the Council shall meet to affirm or modify its recommendation, and communicate that conclusion (the "Supplemental Recommendation") to the Board, including an explanation for the then-current recommendation. In the event that the Council is able to reach a GNSO Supermajority Vote on the Supplemental Recommendation, the Board shall adopt the recommendation unless more than two-thirds (2/3) of the Board determines that such policy is not in the interests of the ICANN community or ICANN. For any Supplemental Recommendation approved by less than a GNSO Supermajority Vote, a majority vote of the Board shall be sufficient to determine that the policy in the Supplemental Recommendation is not in the best interest of the ICANN community or ICANN.

Section 10. Implementation of Approved Policies

Upon a final decision of the Board adopting the policy, the Board shall, as appropriate, give authorization or direction to ICANN staff to work with the GNSO Council to create an implementation plan based upon

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the implementation recommendations identified in the Final Report, and to implement the policy. The <u>GNSO</u> Council may, but is not required to, direct the creation of an implementation review team to assist in implementation of the policy.

Section 11. Maintenance of Records

Throughout the <u>PDP</u>, from policy suggestion to a final decision by the Board, <u>ICANN</u> will maintain on the Website, a status web page detailing the progress of each <u>PDP</u> issue. Such status page will outline the completed and upcoming steps in the <u>PDP</u> process, and contain links to key resources (e.g. Reports, Comments Fora, WG Discussions, etc.).

Section 12. Additional Definitions

"Comment Site", "Comment Forum", "Comments For a" and "Website" refer to one or more websites designated by ICANN on which notifications and comments regarding the PDP will be posted.

"Supermajority Vote" means a vote of more than sixty-six (66) percent of the members present at a meeting of the applicable body, with the exception of the GNSO Council.

"Staff Manager" means an ICANN staff person(s) who manages the PDP.

"GNSO Supermajority Vote" shall have the meaning set forth in the Bylaws.

Section 13. **Applicability**

The procedures of this Annex A shall be applicable to all requests for Issue Reports and PDPs initiated after 8 December 2011. For all ongoing PDPs initiated prior to 8 December 2011, the Council shall determine the feasibility of transitioning to the procedures set forth in this Annex A for all remaining steps within the PDP. If the Council determines that any ongoing PDP cannot be feasibly transitioned to these updated procedures, the PDP shall be concluded according to the procedures set forth in Annex A in force on 7 December 2011.

Annex B: ccNSO Policy-Development Process (ccPDP)

The following process shall govern the ccNSO policy-development process ("PDP").

1. Request for an Issue Report

An Issue Report may be requested by any of the following:

- a. Council. The <u>ccNSO</u> Council (in this Annex B, the "Council") may call for the creation of an Issue Report by an affirmative vote of at least seven of the members of the Council present at any meeting or voting by e-mail.
- b. *Board.* The <u>ICANN</u> Board may call for the creation of an Issue Report by requesting the Council to begin the policy-development process.
- c. Regional Organization. One or more of the Regional Organizations representing ccTLDs in the <u>ICANN</u> recognized Regions may call for creation of an Issue Report by requesting the Council to begin the policy-development process.
- d. ICANN Supporting Organization or Advisory Committee. An ICANN Supporting

Organization or an ICANN Advisory Committee may call for creation of an Issue Report by requesting the Council to begin the policy-development process.

e. *Members of the ccNSO*. The members of the ccNSO may call for the creation of an Issue Report by an affirmative vote of at least ten members of the ccNSO present at any meeting or voting by e-mail.

Any request for an Issue Report must be in writing and must set out the issue upon which an Issue Report is requested in sufficient detail to enable the Issue Report to be prepared. It shall be open to the Council to request further information or undertake further research or investigation for the purpose of determining whether or not the requested Issue Report should be created.

2. Creation of the Issue Report and Initiation Threshold

Within seven days after an affirmative vote as outlined in Item 1(a) above or the receipt of a request as outlined in Items 1 (b), (c), or (d) above the Council shall appoint an Issue Manager. The Issue Manager may be a staff member of ICANN (in which case the costs of the Issue Manager shall be borne by ICANN) or such other person or persons selected by the Council (in which case the ccNSO shall be responsible for the costs of the Issue Manager).

Within fifteen (15) calendar days after appointment (or such other time as the Council shall, in consultation with the Issue Manager, deem to be appropriate), the Issue Manager shall create an Issue Report. Each Issue Report shall contain at least the following:

- a. The proposed issue raised for consideration;
- b. The identity of the party submitting the issue;
- c. How that party is affected by the issue;
- d. Support for the issue to initiate the PDP;
- e. A recommendation from the Issue Manager as to whether the Council should move to initiate the <u>PDP</u> for this issue (the "Manager Recommendation"). Each Manager Recommendation shall include, and be supported by, an opinion of the <u>ICANN</u> General Counsel regarding whether the issue is properly within the scope of the <u>ICANN</u> policy process and within the scope of the <u>ccNSO</u>. In coming to his or her opinion, the General Counsel shall examine whether:
 - 1) The issue is within the scope of ICANN's mission statement;
 - 2) Analysis of the relevant factors according to Article IX, Section 6(2) and Annex C affirmatively demonstrates that the issue is within the scope of the ccNSO;

In the event that the General Counsel reaches an opinion in the affirmative with respect to points 1 and 2 above then the General Counsel shall also consider whether the issue:

- 3) Implicates or affects an existing ICANN policy;
- 4) Is likely to have lasting value or applicability, albeit with the need for occasional updates, and to establish a guide or framework for future decision-making.

In all events, consideration of revisions to the ccPDP (this Annex B) or to the scope of the

ccNSO (Annex C) shall be within the scope of ICANN and the ccNSO.

In the event that General Counsel is of the opinion the issue is not properly within the scope of the ccNSO Scope, the Issue Manager shall inform the Council of this opinion. If after an analysis of the relevant factors according to Article IX, Section 6 and Annex C a majority of 10 or more Council members is of the opinion the issue is within scope the Chair of the ccNSO shall inform the Issue Manager accordingly. General Counsel and the ccNSO Council shall engage in a dialogue according to agreed rules and procedures to resolve the matter. In the event no agreement is reached between General Counsel and the Council as to whether the issue is within or outside Scope of the ccNSO then by a vote of 15 or more members the Council may decide the issue is within scope. The Chair of the ccNSO shall inform General Counsel and the Issue Manager accordingly. The Issue Manager shall then proceed with a recommendation whether or not the Council should move to initiate the PDP including both the opinion and analysis of General Counsel and Council in the Issues Report.

- f. In the event that the Manager Recommendation is in favor of initiating the <u>PDP</u>, a proposed time line for conducting each of the stages of <u>PDP</u> outlined herein (<u>PDP</u> Time Line).
- g. If possible, the issue report shall indicate whether the resulting output is likely to result in a policy to be approved by the <u>ICANN</u> Board. In some circumstances, it will not be possible to do this until substantive discussions on the issue have taken place. In these cases, the issue report should indicate this uncertainty. Upon completion of the Issue Report, the Issue Manager shall distribute it to the full Council for a vote on whether to initiate the PDP.

3. Initiation of PDP

The Council shall decide whether to initiate the PDP as follows:

- a. Within 21 days after receipt of an Issue Report from the Issue Manager, the Council shall vote on whether to initiate the <u>PDP</u>. Such vote should be taken at a meeting held in any manner deemed appropriate by the Council, including in person or by conference call, but if a meeting is not feasible the vote may occur by e-mail.
- b. A vote of ten or more Council members in favor of initiating the <u>PDP</u> shall be required to initiate the <u>PDP</u> provided that the Issue Report states that the issue is properly within the scope of the ICANN mission statement and the ccNSO Scope.

4. Decision Whether to Appoint Task Force; Establishment of Time Line

At the meeting of the Council where the <u>PDP</u> has been initiated (or, where the Council employs a vote by e-mail, in that vote) pursuant to Item 3 above, the Council shall decide, by a majority vote of members present at the meeting (or voting by e-mail), whether or not to appoint a task force to address the issue. If the Council votes:

- a. In favor of convening a task force, it shall do so in accordance with Item 7 below.
- b. Against convening a task force, then it shall collect information on the policy issue in accordance with Item 8 below.

The Council shall also, by a majority vote of members present at the meeting or voting by e-mail, approve or amend and approve the PDP Time Lineset out in the Issue Report.

5. Composition and Selection of Task Forces

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- a. Upon voting to appoint a task force, the Council shall invite each of the Regional Organizations (see Article IX, Section 6) to appoint two individuals to participate in the task force (the "Representatives"). Additionally, the Council may appoint up to three advisors (the "Advisors") from outside the ccNSO and, following formal request for GAC participation in the Task Force, accept up to two Representatives from the Governmental Advisory Committee to sit on the task force. The Council may increase the number of Representatives that may sit on a task force in its discretion in circumstances that it deems necessary or appropriate.
- b. Any Regional Organization wishing to appoint Representatives to the task force must provide the names of the Representatives to the Issue Manager within ten (10) calendar days after such request so that they are included on the task force. Such Representatives need not be members of the Council, but each must be an individual who has an interest, and ideally knowledge and expertise, in the subject matter, coupled with the ability to devote a substantial amount of time to the task force's activities.
- c. The Council may also pursue other actions that it deems appropriate to assist in the <u>PDP</u>, including appointing a particular individual or organization to gather information on the issue or scheduling meetings for deliberation or briefing. All such information shall be submitted to the Issue Manager in accordance with the PDP Time Line.

6. Public Notification of Initiation of the PDP and Comment Period

After initiation of the PDP, ICANN shall post a notification of such action to the Website and to the other ICANN Supporting Organizations and Advisory Committees. A comment period (in accordance with the PDP Time Line, and ordinarily at least 21 days long) shall be commenced for the issue. Comments shall be accepted from ccTLD managers, other Supporting Organizations, Advisory Committees, and from the public. The Issue Manager, or some other designated Council representative shall review the comments and incorporate them into a report (the "Comment Report") to be included in either the Preliminary Task Force Report or the Initial Report, as applicable.

7. Task Forces

a. Role of Task Force. If a task force is created, its role shall be responsible for (i) gathering information documenting the positions of the <u>ccNSO</u> members within the Geographic Regions and other parties and groups; and (ii) otherwise obtaining relevant information that shall enable the Task Force Report to be as complete and informative as possible to facilitate the Council's meaningful and informed deliberation.

The task force shall not have any formal decision-making authority. Rather, the role of the task force shall be to gather information that shall document the positions of various parties or groups as specifically and comprehensively as possible, thereby enabling the Council to have a meaningful and informed deliberation on the issue.

- b. *Task Force Charter or Terms of Reference*. The Council, with the assistance of the Issue Manager, shall develop a charter or terms of reference for the task force (the "Charter") within the time designated in the PDP Time Line. Such Charter shall include:
 - 1. The issue to be addressed by the task force, as such issue was articulated for the vote before the Council that initiated the PDP;
 - 2. The specific time line that the task force must adhere to, as set forth below, unless the Council determines that there is a compelling reason to extend the

3. Any specific instructions from the Council for the task force, including whether or not the task force should solicit the advice of outside advisors on the issue.

The task force shall prepare its report and otherwise conduct its activities in accordance with the Charter. Any request to deviate from the Charter must be formally presented to the Council and may only be undertaken by the task force upon a vote of a majority of the Council members present at a meeting or voting by e-mail. The quorum requirements of Article IX, Section 3(14) shall apply to Council actions under this Item 7(b).

- c. *Appointment of Task Force Chair.* The Issue Manager shall convene the first meeting of the task force within the time designated in the <u>PDP</u> Time Line. At the initial meeting, the task force members shall, among other things, vote to appoint a task force chair. The chair shall be responsible for organizing the activities of the task force, including compiling the Task Force Report. The chair of a task force need not be a member of the Council.
- d. Collection of Information.
 - 1. Regional Organization Statements. The Representatives shall each be responsible for soliciting the position of the Regional Organization for their Geographic Region, at a minimum, and may solicit other comments, as each Representative deems appropriate, including the comments of the ccNSO members in that region that are not members of the Regional Organization, regarding the issue under consideration. The position of the Regional Organization and any other comments gathered by the Representatives should be submitted in a formal statement to the task force chair (each, a "Regional Statement") within the time designated in the PDP Time Line. Every Regional Statement shall include at least the following:
 - (i) If a Supermajority Vote (as defined by the Regional Organization) was reached, a clear statement of the Regional Organization's position on the issue;
 - (ii) If a Supermajority Vote was not reached, a clear statement of all positions espoused by the members of the Regional Organization;
 - (iii) A clear statement of how the Regional Organization arrived at its position(s). Specifically, the statement should detail specific meetings, teleconferences, or other means of deliberating an issue, and a list of all members who participated or otherwise submitted their views;
 - (iv) A statement of the position on the issue of any ccNSO members that are not members of the Regional Organization;
 - (v) An analysis of how the issue would affect the Region, including any financial impact on the Region; and
 - (vi) An analysis of the period of time that would likely be necessary to implement the policy.
 - 2. Outside Advisors. The task force may, in its discretion, solicit the opinions of outside advisors, experts, or other members of the public. Such opinions should be

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set forth in a report prepared by such outside advisors, and (i) clearly labeled as coming from outside advisors; (ii) accompanied by a detailed statement of the advisors' (a) qualifications and relevant experience and (b) potential conflicts of interest. These reports should be submitted in a formal statement to the task force chair within the time designated in the PDP Time Line.

- e. *Task Force Report.* The chair of the task force, working with the Issue Manager, shall compile the Regional Statements, the Comment Report, and other information or reports, as applicable, into a single document ("Preliminary Task Force Report") and distribute the Preliminary Task Force Report to the full task force within the time designated in the <u>PDP</u> Time Line. The task force shall have a final task force meeting to consider the issues and try and reach a Supermajority Vote. After the final task force meeting, the chair of the task force and the Issue Manager shall create the final task force report (the "Task Force Report") and post it on the Website and to the other <u>ICANN</u> Supporting Organizations and Advisory Committees. Each Task Force Report must include:
 - 1. A clear statement of any Supermajority Vote (being 66% of the task force) position of the task force on the issue;
 - 2. If a Supermajority Vote was not reached, a clear statement of all positions espoused by task force members submitted within the time line for submission of constituency reports. Each statement should clearly indicate (i) the reasons underlying the position and (ii) the Regional Organizations that held the position;
 - 3. An analysis of how the issue would affect each Region, including any financial impact on the Region;
 - 4. An analysis of the period of time that would likely be necessary to implement the policy; and
 - 5. The advice of any outside advisors appointed to the task force by the Council, accompanied by a detailed statement of the advisors' (i) qualifications and relevant experience and (ii) potential conflicts of interest.

8. Procedure if No Task Force is Formed

- a. If the Council decides not to convene a task force, each Regional Organization shall, within the time designated in the <u>PDP</u> Time Line, appoint a representative to solicit the Region's views on the issue. Each such representative shall be asked to submit a Regional Statement to the Issue Manager within the time designated in the <u>PDP</u> Time Line.
- b. The Council may, in its discretion, take other steps to assist in the <u>PDP</u>, including, for example, appointing a particular individual or organization, to gather information on the issue or scheduling meetings for deliberation or briefing. All such information shall be submitted to the Issue Manager within the time designated in the PDP Time Line.
- c. The Council shall formally request the Chair of the GAC to offer opinion or advice.
- d. The Issue Manager shall take all Regional Statements, the Comment Report, and other information and compile (and post on the Website) an Initial Report within the time designated in the <u>PDP</u> Time Line. Thereafter, the Issue Manager shall, in accordance with Item 9 below, create a Final Report.

9. Comments to the Task Force Report or Initial Report

- a. A comment period (in accordance with the <u>PDP</u> Time Line, and ordinarily at least 21 days long) shall be opened for comments on the Task Force Report or Initial Report. Comments shall be accepted from <u>ccTLD</u> managers, other Supporting Organizations, Advisory Committees, and from the public. All comments shall include the author's name, relevant experience, and interest in the issue.
- b. At the end of the comment period, the Issue Manager shall review the comments received and may, in the Issue Manager's reasonable discretion, add appropriate comments to the Task Force Report or Initial Report, to prepare the "Final Report". The Issue Manager shall not be obligated to include all comments made during the comment period, nor shall the Issue Manager be obligated to include all comments submitted by any one individual or organization.
- c. The Issue Manager shall prepare the Final Report and submit it to the Council chair within the time designated in the PDP Time Line.

10. Council Deliberation

- a. Upon receipt of a Final Report, whether as the result of a task force or otherwise, the Council chair shall (i) distribute the Final Report to all Council members; (ii) call for a Council meeting within the time designated in the <u>PDP</u> Time Line wherein the Council shall work towards achieving a recommendation to present to the Board; and (iii) formally send to the <u>GAC</u> Chair an invitation to the <u>GAC</u> to offer opinion or advice. Such meeting may be held in any manner deemed appropriate by the Council, including in person or by conference call. The Issue Manager shall be present at the meeting.
- b. The Council may commence its deliberation on the issue prior to the formal meeting, including via in-person meetings, conference calls, e-mail discussions, or any other means the Council may choose.
- c. The Council may, if it so chooses, solicit the opinions of outside advisors at its final meeting. The opinions of these advisors, if relied upon by the Council, shall be (i) embodied in the Council's report to the Board, (ii) specifically identified as coming from an outside advisor; and (iii) accompanied by a detailed statement of the advisor's (a) qualifications and relevant experience and (b) potential conflicts of interest.

11. Recommendation of the Council

In considering whether to make a recommendation on the issue (a "Council Recommendation"), the Council shall seek to act by consensus. If a minority opposes a consensus position, that minority shall prepare and circulate to the Council a statement explaining its reasons for opposition. If the Council's discussion of the statement does not result in consensus, then a recommendation supported by 14 or more of the Council members shall be deemed to reflect the view of the Council, and shall be conveyed to the Members as the Council's Recommendation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, as outlined below, all viewpoints expressed by Council members during the PDP must be included in the Members Report.

12. Council Report to the Members

In the event that a Council Recommendation is adopted pursuant to Item 11 then the Issue Manager shall, within seven days after the Council meeting, incorporate the Council's Recommendation together with any other viewpoints of the Council members into a Members Report to be approved by the Council and then to be submitted to the Members (the "Members Report"). The Members Report must contain at

least the following:

- a. A clear statement of the Council's recommendation;
- b. The Final Report submitted to the Council; and
- c. A copy of the minutes of the Council's deliberation on the policy issue (see Item 10), including all the opinions expressed during such deliberation, accompanied by a description of who expressed such opinions.

13. Members Vote

Following the submission of the Members Report and within the time designated by the <u>PDP</u> Time Line, the <u>ccNSO</u> members shall be given an opportunity to vote on the Council Recommendation. The vote of members shall be electronic and members' votes shall be lodged over such a period of time as designated in the PDP Time Line (at least 21 days long).

In the event that at least 50% of the ccNSO members lodge votes within the voting period, the resulting vote will be be employed without further process. In the event that fewer than 50% of the ccNSO members lodge votes in the first round of voting, the first round will not be employed and the results of a final, second round of voting, conducted after at least thirty days notice to the ccNSO members, will be employed if at least 50% of the ccNSO members lodge votes. In the event that more than 66% of the votes received at the end of the voting period shall be in favor of the Council Recommendation, then the recommendation shall be conveyed to the Board in accordance with Item 14 below as the ccNSO Recommendation.

14. Board Report

The Issue Manager shall within seven days after a ccNSO Recommendation being made in accordance with Item 13 incorporate the ccNSO Recommendation into a report to be approved by the Council and then to be submitted to the Board (the "Board Report"). The Board Report must contain at least the following:

- a. A clear statement of the ccNSO recommendation;
- b. The Final Report submitted to the Council; and
- c. the Members' Report.

15. Board Vote

- a. The Board shall meet to discuss the <u>ccNSO</u> Recommendation as soon as feasible after receipt of the Board Report from the Issue Manager, taking into account procedures for Board consideration.
- b. The Board shall adopt the <u>ccNSO</u> Recommendation unless by a vote of more than 66% the Board determines that such policy is not in the best interest of the <u>ICANN</u> community or of ICANN.
 - 1. In the event that the Board determines not to act in accordance with the <u>ccNSO</u> Recommendation, the Board shall (i) state its reasons for its determination not to act in accordance with the <u>ccNSO</u> Recommendation in a report to the Council (the "Board Statement"); and (ii) submit the Board Statement to the Council.

- 2. The Council shall discuss the Board Statement with the Board within thirty days after the Board Statement is submitted to the Council. The Board shall determine the method (e.g., by teleconference, e-mail, or otherwise) by which the Council and Board shall discuss the Board Statement. The discussions shall be held in good faith and in a timely and efficient manner, to find a mutually acceptable solution.
- 3. At the conclusion of the Council and Board discussions, the Council shall meet to affirm or modify its Council Recommendation. A recommendation supported by 14 or more of the Council members shall be deemed to reflect the view of the Council (the Council's "Supplemental Recommendation"). That Supplemental Recommendation shall be conveyed to the Members in a Supplemental Members Report, including an explanation for the Supplemental Recommendation. Members shall be given an opportunity to vote on the Supplemental Recommendation under the same conditions outlined in Item 13. In the event that more than 66% of the votes cast by ccNSO Members during the voting period are in favor of the Supplemental Recommendation then that recommendation shall be conveyed to Board as the ccNSO Supplemental Recommendation and the Board shall adopt the recommendation unless by a vote of more than 66% of the Board determines that acceptance of such policy would constitute a breach of the fiduciary duties of the Board to the Company.
- 4. In the event that the Board does not accept the <u>ccNSO</u> Supplemental Recommendation, it shall state its reasons for doing so in its final decision ("Supplemental Board Statement").
- 5. In the event the Board determines not to accept a <u>ccNSO</u> Supplemental Recommendation, then the Board shall not be entitled to set policy on the issue addressed by the recommendation and the status quo shall be preserved until such time as the <u>ccNSO</u> shall, under the ccPDP, make a recommendation on the issue that is deemed acceptable by the Board.

16. Implementation of the Policy

Upon adoption by the Board of a ccNSO Recommendation or ccNSO Supplemental Recommendation, the Board shall, as appropriate, direct or authorize ICANN staff to implement the policy.

17. Maintenance of Records

With respect to each ccPDP for which an Issue Report is requested (see Item 1), ICANN shall maintain on the Website a status web page detailing the progress of each ccPDP, which shall provide a list of relevant dates for the ccPDP and shall also link to the following documents, to the extent they have been prepared pursuant to the ccPDP:

- a. Issue Report;
- b. PDP Time Line;
- c. Comment Report;
- d. Regional Statement(s);
- e. Preliminary Task Force Report;

- f. Task Force Report;
- g. Initial Report;
- h. Final Report;
- i. Members' Report;
- j. Board Report;
- k. Board Statement:
- I. Supplemental Members' Report; and
- m. Supplemental Board Statement.

In addition, ICANN shall post on the Website comments received in electronic written form specifically suggesting that a ccPDP be initiated.

Annex C: The Scope of the ccNSO

This annex describes the scope and the principles and method of analysis to be used in any further development of the scope of the ccNSO's policy-development role. As provided in Article IX, Section 6(2) of the Bylaws, that scope shall be defined according to the procedures of the ccPDP.

The scope of the ccNSO's authority and responsibilities must recognize the complex relation between ICANN and ccTLD managers/registries with regard to policy issues. This annex shall assist the ccNSO, the ccNSO Council, and the ICANN Board and staff in delineating relevant global policy issues.

Policy areas

The ccNSO's policy role should be based on an analysis of the following functional model of the DNS:

- 1. Data is registered/maintained to generate a zone file,
- 2. A zone file is in turn used in TLD name servers.

Within a TLD two functions have to be performed (these are addressed in greater detail below):

- 1. Entering data into a database (Data Entry Function) and
- 2. Maintaining and ensuring upkeep of name-servers for the TLD (Name Server Function).

These two core functions must be performed at the <u>ccTLD</u> registry level as well as at a higher level (<u>IANA</u> function and root servers) and at lower levels of the <u>DNS</u> hierarchy. This mechanism, as <u>RFC</u> 1591 points out, is recursive:

There are no requirements on sub domains of top-level domains beyond the requirements on higher-level domains themselves. That is, the requirements in this memo are applied recursively. In particular, all sub domains shall be allowed to operate their own domain name servers, providing in them whatever information the sub domain manager sees fit (as long as it is true and correct).

1. Data Entry Function (DEF):

Looking at a more detailed level, the first function (entering and maintaining data in a database) should be fully defined by a naming policy. This naming policy must specify the rules and conditions:

- (a) under which data will be collected and entered into a database or data changed (at the <u>TLD</u> level among others, data to reflect a transfer from registrant to registrant or changing registrar) in the database.
- (b) for making certain data generally and publicly available (be it, for example, through Whois or nameservers).

2. The Name-Server Function (NSF)

The name-server function involves essential interoperability and stability issues at the heart of the domain name system. The importance of this function extends to nameservers at the <u>ccTLD</u> level, but also to the root servers (and root-server system) and nameservers at lower levels.

On its own merit and because of interoperability and stability considerations, properly functioning nameservers are of utmost importance to the individual, as well as to the local and the global Internet communities.

With regard to the nameserver function, therefore, policies need to be defined and established. Most parties involved, including the majority of <u>ccTLD</u> registries, have accepted the need for common policies in this area by adhering to the relevant RFCs, among others RFC 1591.

Respective Roles with Regard to Policy, Responsibilities, and Accountabilities

It is in the interest of ICANN and ccTLD managers to ensure the stable and proper functioning of the domain name system. ICANN and the ccTLD registries each have a distinctive role to play in this regard that can be defined by the relevant policies. The scope of the ccNSO cannot be established without reaching a common understanding of the allocation of authority between ICANN and ccTLD registries.

Three roles can be distinguished as to which responsibility must be assigned on any given issue:

- Policy role: i.e. the ability and power to define a policy;
- Executive role: i.e. the ability and power to act upon and implement the policy; and
- Accountability role: i.e. the ability and power to hold the responsible entity accountable for exercising its power.

Firstly, responsibility presupposes a policy and this delineates the policy role. Depending on the issue that needs to be addressed those who are involved in defining and setting the policy need to be determined and defined. Secondly, this presupposes an executive role defining the power to implement and act within the boundaries of a policy. Finally, as a counter-balance to the executive role, the accountability role needs to defined and determined.

The information below offers an aid to:

- 1. delineate and identify specific policy areas;
- 2. define and determine roles with regard to these specific policy areas.

This annex defines the scope of the ccNSO with regard to developing policies. The scope is limited to the

policy role of the <u>ccNSO</u> policy-development process for functions and levels explicitly stated below. It is anticipated that the accuracy of the assignments of policy, executive, and accountability roles shown below will be considered during a scope-definition ccPDP process.

Name Server Function (as to ccTLDs)

Level 1: Root Name Servers

Policy role: IETF, RSSAC (ICANN)

Executive role: Root Server System Operators

Accountability role: RSSAC (ICANN), (US DoC-ICANN MoU)

Level 2: ccTLD Registry Name Servers in respect to interoperability

Policy role: ccNSO Policy Development Process (ICANN), for best practices a ccNSO process

can be organized

Executive role: ccTLD Manager

Accountability role: part ICANN (IANA), part Local Internet Community, including local

government

Level 3: User's Name Servers

Policy role: ccTLD Manager, IETF (RFC)

Executive role: Registrant

Accountability role: ccTLD Manager

Data Entry Function (as to ccTLDs)

Level 1: Root Level Registry

Policy role: ccNSO Policy Development Process (ICANN)

Executive role: ICANN (IANA)

Accountability role: ICANN community, ccTLD Managers, US DoC, (national authorities in

some cases)

Level 2: ccTLD Registry

Policy role: Local Internet Community, including local government, and/or ccTLD Manager

according to local structure
Executive role: ccTLD Manager

Accountability role: Local Internet Community, including national authorities in some cases

Level 3: Second and Lower Levels

Policy role: Registrant Executive role: Registrant

Accountability role: Registrant, users of lower-level domain names

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Accountability & Transparency		
Help		
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GAC Members

- GAC Representatives
- GAC Observers
- GAC Elected Officers

GAC Representatives

Contact Information (Alphabetical by Country)

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X

Afghanistan

Muhammad Aimal Marjan Ministry of Communications and IT Director General ICT Contact Information Redacted

African Union Commission

Esam M. Abulkhirat Science & Technology Department ICT Senior Policy Officer Human Resources

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Argentina

Olga Cavalli

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Argentina

Email: Contact Information

Redacted Email2

Armenia

Mr. Gagik Grigoryan

Head of Staff

Ministry of Transport and Communication of Armenia

Tel: Contact Information

Fax: Redacted

E-mail: Contact Information Redacted

Australia

Andrew Maurer

Department of Broadband, Communications and the Digital Economy Assistant Secretary - Networks Operations & Spectrum Branch

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Peter Nettlefold

Department of Broadband, Communications and the Digital Economy

Manager - Internet Governance, IPND and Numbering Team

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Austria

Christian Singer

Ministry for Science and Transport

Head of Unit for International Telecommunications Affairs

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Azerbaijan

Nariman Hajiyev

Ministry of Communications and Information Technologies

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Bahrain

Mr. Mohammed Bubashait

General Director

Telecommunications Regulatory Authority

Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Mohammed Alnoaimi

Manager, ICT

Telecommunications Regulatory Authority

Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Anbar Fadhel Dhahi

Supervisor, ICT

Telecommunications Regulatory Authority

Contact Information Redacted

Belarus

Mr. Sergei Kaparikha

Deputy Chief and Head of the Information Protection Department

Operational and Analytical Center under the Aegis of the President of the Republic of Belarus

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Belgium

Jan Vannieuwenhuyse

Belgian Institute of Postal Services and Telecommunications

Counsellor-Engineer

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Pierre-Yves Charles

Attaché, FPS Economy, SMEs, Self-Employed and Energy

Directorate-General Telecommunications and Information Society

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Séverine Waterbley

Conseiller général ff

DG Télécommunications et Société de l'Information, SPF Economie

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Benin

Madame Nelly Kwende

Ministere de la Communication des Technologies de L'Information et de la Communication

Directrice Générale des Technologies de l'Information et de la Communication (DGTIC)

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Bermuda

Nancy Volesky

Bermuda Ministery of Telecommunications and E-Commerce

Director of E-Commerce

Contact Information Redacted

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Botswana

Gaositege Michael Kajane

Botswana Government Ministry of Communication, Science and Technology Email: Contact Information Redacted

Brazil

Virgilio Augusto Fernandes Almeida Ministry of Science and Technology Secretary of Computer Science Policy Email: Contact Information Redacted

Brunei Darussalam

Amirul Azuan Ahmad

Head of Solution Architect Office, E-Government National Centre, Prime Minister's Office

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Phone: Phone

Bulgaria

Mr. Hirsto Hirstov

Director of Information Technology Directorate

Burkina Faso

Lamoussa Oualbeogo

Secrétaire général du Ministère des Postes et des TIC

Contact Information Redacted

Email: Contact Information Redacted

M. Alfred Sawadogo

Ministère des Postes et des TIC

Directeur Général de la Coordination des Programme TIC

Contact Information Redacted

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Cameroon

Name: Joseph ETUNG NSONGAN Position: Sous-Directeur DIR Ministry/Entity: MINPOSTEL

Name: Michel TCHONANG LINZE Position: Coordinateur Général Ministry/Entity: CAPDA - MINPOSTEL

Email (optional): Contact Information Redacted

Canada

Pamela Miller

Director General, Telecommunications Policy Branch

Industry Canada

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Andreea Todoran

Economist, International Telecommunications Policy

Industry Canada

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Cape Verde

Cayman Islands

Chile

Catalina Achermann U.

Lawyer of the International Affairs Department

Undersecretariat of Telecommunications Contact Information Redacted

China

Telecommunication Administration Bureau 13 West Chang An Ave. Beijing, China 100804

Division of Telecommunication Services and Resources

Deputy Director

Contact Information Redacted

Colombia

Mr. Iván Sánchez

Expert Commissioner

Communications Regulation Commission

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Alejandro Delgado Moreno

Head International Office, Ministry of ICT

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Commonwealth of Dominica

Bennette Thomas

Director of Telecommunications

Government Headquarters

Commonwealth of Dominica

Comoros

Karim Attoumani Mohamed Post and Telecom Ministry

Telecoms Engineer

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Ali Said Mdahoma

Post and Telecom Ministry

Secretary General

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Cook Islands

Mac Mokoroa
Office of the Prime Minister
Chief of Staff
Contact Information Redacted

Tepua Hunter
Office of the Prime Minister
ICT Director
Contact Information Redacted

Costa Rica

Santiago Nuñez Ministry of Science and Technology of Costa Rica (MICIT) ICT Director Contact Information Redacted

Carlos Raúl Gutiérrez

SUTEL

Email: (Contact Information Redacted

Côte d'Ivoire

DR. HERACLES MAYE ASSOKO

Director of law affairs and international cooperation

Of the Ministry of Post and Information and Communication Technologies

Côte d'Ivoire

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Croatia

Mr. Zdravko Jukic

Council Member

Croation Post and Electronic Communications Agency

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Cyprus

Neophytos Papadopoulos

OCECPR

Director

Contact Information Redacted

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Agathoclis Stylianou CyDNS

Director

Contact Information Redacted

Czech Republic

Ms.Markéta Nováková Officer at the Ministry of Industry and Trade Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Democratic Republic of Congo

Blaise AZITEMINA FUNDJI Ministère des PT & NTIC Cabinet du Ministre. Conseiller TIC Contact Information Redacted

Denmark

Julia Wolman
Head of Section
Ministry of Business and Growth
Dahlerups Pakhus
Contact Information Redacted

Finn Petersen
Director of International ICT Relations
Danish Business Authority
Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Egypt

Manal Ismail
National Telecom Regulatory Authority - NTRA
Director, International Technical Coordination
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Estonia

Mr. Jaak Lippmaa

Expert

email: Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Mait Heidelberg

Counsellor to the Ministry

Ministry of Economic Affairs and Communications

email: Contact Information Redacted

European Commission

Ms Linda Corugedo Steneberg

Director

Directorate-General for Communication Networks, Content and Technology

European Commission

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Ms. Camino Manjon European Commission

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Federated States of Micronesia

Mr. Jolden J. Johnnyboy

Assistant Secretary for Communication

Department of Transportation, Communication, & Infrastructure

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Fiji

MR. SHIVNESH PRASAD

Acting Director

Contact Information Redacted

MR. ELVIN PRASAD

Engineer

Contact Information Redacted

Finland

Juuso Moisander

PL 413 FI-00023 GOVERNMENT

Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Finland, Department for External Economic Relations Commercial Secretary, Information Society and ICT

Contact Information Redacted

Mr Tomi Lindholm

Ministerial Adviser

Ministry of Transport and Communications

Contact Information Redacted

France

Damien Coudeville

Internet Governance Advisor

French Ministry of Foreign Affairs

E-mail: Contact Information Redacted

Mr. David Martinon

French Ambassador at large for Internet and the Information Society

Go to top of page

Gabon

Mme Florence LENGOUMBI Contact Information Redacted

M. Théophile EYOGO-NDONG Contact Information Redacted

Georgia

Irakli Chikovani

Georgia National Communications Commission

Chairman

Contact Information Redacted

Mzia Gogilashvili

Georgian National Communications Commission Strategy Development and Competition Department

International Affairs Coordinator/ Leading Specialist

Contact Information Redacted

Germany

Hubert Schoettner

Federal Ministry of Economics and Technology

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Ghana

Issah Yahaya

Policy Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation Ministry of Communications

Director

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Greece

Panagotis Papaspiliopoulos

Ministry of Transport and Communications

Direction General of Communications International Affairs Division

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Grenada

Ms Jacinta Joseph

Permanent Secretary

Ministry of Communications, Works, Physical Development Public Utilities, ICT and Community Development Government of Grenada Contact Information Redacted

Guinea

Carmelo Martin Modu Ebuka
Ministerio de Transporte, Tecnologia, Correos y Telecomunicaciones
Secretary of State of Technology and Telecommunications
Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Holy See - Vatican City State

Mauro Milita

Director of Vatican Radio Computer Dept. Email: Contact Information Redacted

Reverend Monsignor Carlo Maria Polvani Office of the Secretariat of State Email: Contact Information Redacted

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, China

Mr Daniel LAI
Government Chief Information Officer
Contact Information Redacted

Mr Dominic KK KWONG Chief Systems Manager (Industry Facilitation) Contact Information Redacted

Hungary

István Erényi

Seniour consellor at the Ministry of National Development, Hungary Contact Information Redacted

Peter Major Special Advisor for IT

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Iceland

Vera Sveinbjörnsdóttir Senior Legal Adviser Ministry of the Interior Contact Information Redacted

Páll Heiðar Halldórsson Legal Adviser Ministry of the Interior Contact Information Redacted

India

Dr Ajay Kumar
Joint Secretary
Department of Electronics & Information Technology
Ministry of Communications & Information Technology
Government of India
email: Contact Information Redacted

Dr. Govind

Advisor

Ministry of Communication and Information Technology

Contact Information Redacted

Indonesia

Ashwin Sasongko
Ministry of Communication and Information
Director General of ICT Application
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Iran

Saeed Mahdioun Information Technology Company of Iran Managing Director Email: Contact Information Redacted

Iraq

Majeed Hameed Jasim State Company for the Internet Services (SCIS) Director General

Italy

Stefano Trumpy
Institute of Informatics and Telematics of the National Council for Research
Expert
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Rita Forsi Istituto Superiore delle Comunicazioni Director General

Go to top of page

Jamaica

Gary Campbell

Contact Information Redacted

Ministry of Mining and Telecommunications

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Japan

Tatsuya Kawachi

Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, Telecommunications Bureau Director, Computer Communications Division

Shuji Yamaguchi

Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, Computer Communications Division

Director for Global ICT Strategy

Jordan

Mr. Abdelhamid Al Abbadi National Information Technology Center General Manager

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Kenya

Michael K. Katundu Contact Information Redacted

Communications Commission of Kenya (CCK)

Director, Information Technology Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Sammy Buchara - Advisor

Korea, Republic of

Ho-woong Lee

Assistant Deputy Director, Internet Policy Division Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning(MSIP)

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Bo-young KIM

Researcher

Korea Internet & Security Agency (KISA) Email: Contact Information Redacted

Kuwait

Ali Al-Shuraidah Central Agency for Information Technology Director General

Kyrgyz Republic

Nurlan Bayaman Contact Information Redacted

The State Intellectual Property Service Assistant to Director Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Latvia

Lebanon

Dr. Imad Youssef Hoballah Acting Chairman, and CEO Telecommunications Regulatory Authority Email: Contact Information Redacted

Dr. Mona Jabbour Al-Ashkar

Professor

Lebanese University

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Lithuania

Feliksas Dobrovolskis

The Communications Regulatory Authority of the Republic of Lithuania

Director General

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Luxembourg

Claudine Kariger

Media and Communications Department Ministry of State
Senior Policy Adviser

Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Macedonia, the Former Yugoslav Republic of

Ivo Ivanovski

Contact Information Redacted

Macedonia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of

Minister of Information Society

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Saso Dimitrijoski General Manager

MARnet, Macedonian academic research network

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Madagascar

Mr. Willy Raoelison

Directeur General des Telecommunications et des Infrastructures Ministry of Posts, Telecommunications and New Tehcnologies

Mr. Jean Rakotomalala
Directeur de cabinet
Ministry of Posts, Telecommunications and New Tehcnologies

Malawi

Mrs. Olive T. Chikankheni Secretary for E-Government Office of the President and Cabinet Mr. Patrick Machika

Deputy Director of Information Systems and Technology

Management Services (DISTMS)

Department of E-Government

Malaysia

Mohamed Sharil Tarmizi

Contact Information Redacted

Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission

Chief Operating Officer

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Mali

M.me Berthé Hawa Diakite

Contact Information Redacted

Agence des technologies de l'information et de la communication (AGETIC)

Chargée des Politiques TIC & Gestion .ml

Contact Information Redacted

Mr. BA Oumar,

Contact Information Redacted

Agence des technologies de l'information et de la communication (AGETIC)

Directeur General Adjoint

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Malta

Steve Agius

Chief Information Officer

Malta Communications Authority

Contact Information Redacted

Mexico

Victor Martinez Vanegas

Ministry of Communications and Transports

Director for International Policy. International Affairs Department, Directorate

General for Telecommunications and Broadcasting Policy

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Moldova

Mr. Vitalie TARLEV

Deputy Minister of Information Technology and Communications of the Republic of

Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Sergiu VOITOVSCHII

Head of Directorate for International Cooperation and European Integration
The Ministry of Information Technology and Communications of the Republic of
Moldova

Contact Information Redacted

Mongolia

Mr. Balgansuren Batsukh Chairman & CEO, CRC of Mongolia Contact Information Redacted

Montenegro

Minister Vujica Lazovic Minister Ministry for Information Society and Telecommunications

Montserrat

Mrs. Claudia Skerritt
Principal Assistant Secretary
Ministry of Communications, Works, and Labour
Government of Montserrat
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Morocco

Rachida FAKHRI ICT Expert Ministry of Industry, Trade, Investment and Digital Economy Contact Information Redacted

Soraya MELYANI Ministry of Industry, Trade, Investment and Digital Economy Contact Information Redacted

Redouane HOUSSAINI
Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation
Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Namibia

Mr. Henri Kassen
Director for ICT Development
Ministry of Information and Communication Technology

Nauru, Republic of

Criden Appi
Director of Telecommunications.(Regulatory).
Department of Telecommunications.
Contact Information Redacted

Netherlands

Thomas de Haan Contact Information Redacted

Ministry of Economic Affairs
Directorate-General for Energy, Telecom and Competition
Policy Advisor
Contact Information Redacted

Arnold van Rhijn Contact Information Redacted

Ministry of Economic Affairs

Directorate-General for Energy, Telecom and Competition

EU Policy Coordinator

Contact Information Redacted

New Zealand

Frank March

Contact Information Redacted

Information Technology and Telecommunications Policy Group Resources and Networks Branch, Ministry of Economic Development

Senior Specialist Advisor

Contact Information Redacted

Nigeria

Dr. Sylvanus Ehikioya

Director

New Media & Information Security Department

Nigerian Communications Commission

Mrs. Nkiru Ebenmelu

Senior Manager

New Media & Information Security Department

Nigerian Communications Commission

Ms. Ronke Adeniyi

Manager

Police, Competition & Economic Analysis Department

Nigerian Communications Commission

Ms. Mistura Aruna

Manager

Consumer Affairs Bureau

Nigerian Communications Commission

Niue

Hon Toke T Talagi

Minister of Telecommunications

Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Pär Brumark

Representative and Advisor

IT-Policy Analyst

Exercisgatan 6

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Norway

Elise Lindeberg

Norwegian Post and Telecommunications Authority

Senior Adviser

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Ørnulf Storm

Norwegian Post and Telecommunications Authority

Head of Section

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Oman

Tarfah Mohammed Al-Suleimany Contact Information Redacted

International Representation Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Pakistan

Dr. Zafar Iqbal Qadir Secretary (IT) Ministry of Information Technology Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Muhammad Amir Malik Member (IT) Ministry of Information Technology Contact Information Redacted

Syed Iftikhar H. Shah Ministry of Information Technology Email: Contact Information Redacted

Papua New Guinea

Kila GULO-VUI

National Information and Communications Technology Authority
Director of Economics & Consumer Affairs
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Paraguay

Nicolas G. Caballero
Coordinator - Cooperation and International Institutions
SENATICS - www.senatics.gov.py
National ICT Secretariat
Contact Information Redacted

Peru

Mrs. Fiorella Moschella Vidal
Official of the Viceministry of Communications
Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Carlos Horna Vallejos Official of the National Office of Electronic Government Email: Contact Information Redacted

Philippines

Monchito B. Ibrahim Contact Information Redacted

Commission on Information and Communications Technology Commissioner

Contact Information Redacted

Patricia May M. Abejo Contact Information Redacted

Commission on Information and Communications Technology
Director
Contact Information Redacted

Poland

Marek Rusin Ministry of Science and High Education Adviser to the Director NASK Email: Contact Information Redacted

Emil Kedzierski Counsellor to the Minister Ministry of Administration and Digitization Contact Information Redacted

Dariusk Dabek Head of Unit Ministry of Administration and Digitization Contact Information Redacted

Portugal

Mr. Pedro Carneiro

Ana Cristina Amoroso das Neves Science and Technology Foundation Ministry of Education and Science Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Qatar

Saleh Al Kuwari Contact Information Redacted Section Manager-Internet, Interconnect & Numbering Contact Information Redacted Salwa Fakhroo Contact Information Redacted

Manager- Institutional Relations Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Republic of the Marshall Islands

Mr. Phil Philipo Secretary

Ministry of Transportation and Communication

Mr. Rommel Natividad
Director of Communications
Ministry of Transportation and Communication

Romania

Eugenie Staicut

National Institute for Research and Development in Informatics Contact Information Redacted

Sorina Teleanu
Contact Information Redacted
Parliament of Romania
Parliamentary Assistant, Chamber of Deputies
Contact Information Redacted

Russian Federation

Igor Milashevskiy

Adviser to Minister of Telecoms and Mass Communications

Ministry of Telecom and Mass Communications of the Russian Federation

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Rwanda

Mr. Justin Rugondihene
Contact Information Redacted
Rwanda Utilities Regulatory Agency (RURA)
Director of Internet, Media and Postal affairs

Go to top of page

Samoa

Mr. Aiono Mose Pouvi Sua Chief Executive Officer Ministry of Foreign Affairs & Trade Government of Samoa Contact Information Redacted Ms. Laieimau Oketevi Tanuvasa Chief Executive Officer Computer Services Ltd. Contact Information Redacted

São Tomé and Príncipe

Deolindo Costa de Boa Esperança Member of the Board of Director and Technical Director Telecommunication Regulatory Authority "AGER-STP' Email: Contact Information Redacted

Senegal

Mr Mallé NDIAYE, Director of ICT: Contact Information Redacted Mrs Mana AIDARA, ARTP: Contact Information Redacted Mrs Fatimetou Diop DIANE, ADIE: Contact Information Redacted

Serbia

Slobodan Markovic
Ministry of Telecommunications and Information Society
Special Advisor to the Minister
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Seychelles

Benjamin R. Choppy

Contact Information Redacted

Department of ICT, Ministry of National Development

Principal Secretary

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Paul Pierre
Director for Radio-Communications - Regulator

Singapore

Choon-Sai Lim
Director, Internet Resource Management
Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore
Contact Information Redacted

Nora'in Ali Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore Email: Contact Information Redacted

Slovakia

Peter Biro
Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Slovenia

Peter Sterle
Assistant Secretary
Ministry of Higher Education Science and Technology
Email: Contact Information Redacted

Solomon Islands

Somalia

Mohamed Ibrahim

Senior Advisor, Ministry of Information, Posts and Telecommunications, Somalia Research Fellow , University of Melbourne

email: Contact Information Redacted

South Africa

Palesa Legoze

Director, Cybersecurity

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Jim Paterson

Director, Multilateral Affairs

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Spain

Rafael Pérez Galindo

Secretaría de Estado de Telecomunicaciones y para la Sociedad de la Información Ministerio de Industria, Engergía y Turismo

Gema M. Campillos González

Secretaría de Estado de Telecomunicaciones y para la Sociedad de la Información Ministerio de Industria, Engergía y Turismo

Sri Lanka

Reshan Dewapura

Contact Information Redacted

ICT Agency of Sri Lanka Chief Executive Officer

Contact Information Redacted

Jayantha Fernando

Contact Information Redacted

ICT Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA)

Director/Legal Adviser

Contact Information Redacted

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Sudan

Mr. Nadir Ahmed Gaylani

Planning and International Relations Director

Mr. Sami H.O. Salih

Head of R&D

Swaziland

Mr. Sikelela Dlamini

Principal Secretary

Ministry of Information, Communications and Technology

email: Contact Information Redacted

Sweden

Anders Hektor Deputy Director

Ministry of Enterprise, Energy and Communications

Division for Information Technology Policy

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Bo Martinsson

Contact Information Redacted

Network Security Department, Swedish Post and Telecom Authority

Senior Adviser

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Switzerland

François Maurer

Head of section Federal office for communications

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Thomas Schneider

Federal Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communication

Contact Information Redacted

Deputy Head of International Relations Service and International Information Society Coordinator

Go to top of page

Taipei, Chinese

Chung-Shu Chen

Ministry of Transportation and Communications

Deputy Director General, Department of Posts and Telecommunications

Contact Information Redacted

Tanzania

James M. Kilaba

Tanzania Communications Regulatory Authority (TCRA)

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Connie Francis

Tanzania Communications Regulatory Authority (TCRA)

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Thailand

Thaweesak Koanantakool, PhD

President

National Science and Technology Development Agency Ministry of Science and Technology

Thailand GAC Representative to ICANN

Wanawit Ahkuputra

Deputy Executive Director

Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization)

Ministry of Information and Communication Technology

The Government Complex Commemorating His Majesty the King's 80th Birthday

Anniversary

E-Mail: Contact Information Redacted

Pitinan Kooarmornpatana

Assistant Director

Office of Research and Development

Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization)

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Tonga

Paula P. Ma'u

Contact Information Redacted

Ministry of Information and Communications

Chief Executive Officer

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Trinidad and Tobago

Shelley-Ann Clarke-Hinds

Ministry of Public Administration

Head, ICT Secretariat

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Tracy Hackshaw (MR.)

Dy National Chief Information Officer

Ministry of Science and Technology

Contact Information Redacted

Tunisia

Sihem Trabelsi

Instance Nationale des Télécommunications

Chef de Service, Direction de l'Interconnexion, de l'Accès et de l'Internet

Turkey

Ihsan Durdu

Ministry of Transportation & Communications

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Turkmenistan

Ovezov Bayramgeldi Orazgeldievich

Ministry of Communication

email: Contact Information Redacted

Tuvalu

Mr. Tepaukei Sotaga

Assistant Secretary

Ministry of Communications and Transport

Contact Information Redacted

Mr. Opetaia Simati

Director of ICT

Ministry of Communications and Transport

Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Uganda

Simon Bugaba

Assistant Director/Licensing and Standards

Uganda Communications Commission

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Ambrose Ruyooka

Ag. Commmissioner for Information Technology

Ministry of Information and Communications Technology (MoICT)

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Irene Kaggwa

Uganda Communications Commission Email: Contact Information Redacted

Ukraine

Volodymyr P. Semynozhenko

Chairman of StASII

State Committee on Informatization of Ukraine

email: Contact Information Redacted

United Arab Emirates

Mohammad Alkhamis

Telecommunication Regulatory Authority

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Abdulrahman Al Marzoogi

TRA

Manager Internet Advancement

Email: Contact Information Redacted

United Kingdom

Mark Carvell

Head, International Communications Policy, Information Economy

EU & International Competitiveness Unit

Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS)

Contact Information Redacted

Peter Littlefair Global Internet Governance Policy Advisor DCMS - Information Economy Policy Contact Information Redacted

United States of America

Suzanne Radell

Senior Policy Advisor

National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA)

Department of Commerce

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Uruguay

Jose Clastornik

Agency for the Development of e-Government and Information Society Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Vanuatu

Fred Samuel

Government Chief Information Officer

Contact Information Redacted

Louise Nasak

Contact Information Redacted

Telecommunication and Radiocommunications (TRR) Office Manager Internet Market and Governance Email: Contact Information Redacted

Viet Nam

Le Thi Ngoc Mo

Deputy Director General

Viet Nam Telecom Authority (VNTA), MIC

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Minh Cuong Hoang

Director General

Viet Nam, Internet Center (VNNIC), MIC

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Go to top of page

Yemen

Amer Mohamaed Haza

Data Network & Internet in the Public Telecommunication Corporation

General Manager

Email: Contact Information Redacted

Zambia

Mr. Luwani Soko

Director - Communications

Ministry of Transport, Works, Supply & Communications

Mr. Milner Makuni

Assistant Director - Communications

Ministry of Transport, Works, Supply & Communications



No. 511.9/ 630

Ministry of Information and Communication Technology Contact Information Redacted

24 June B.E. 2556 (2013)

Dear Dr. Steve D. Crocker Chairman of the Board,

In my capacity as Minister of Information and Communication Technology of Thailand, responsible for planning, developing, promoting and regulating activities related to information and communication technology, I take this opportunity to draw your attention to the issue of the application for 'thai' as a new gTLD.

It is my understanding that the government may object to such an application at any time including after the new gTLD has been delegated. The application of Better Living Manage Company Limited (BLM), for '.thai' top level domain, was filed as a community type. However, it has not shown any solid proof that its operation will be for the best interest of the Thai community. This compels me to register such an objection with you.

In addition, the string 'THAI' is a name by which my country is commonly known. It is the distinctive element of the country's name in English and is strongly associated with the Thai community in many ways, including nationality, language, race and culture. Allowing a private company, which lacks sufficient support from 'Thai' representing communities, to be the sole operator of the gTLD 'thai' will lead to sensitive problems and could prove harmful to the Thai community at large.

Based on the above rationale, I must register my objection to the application #1-2112-4478 for the string '.thai' and request that ICANN Board of Directors refrain from proceeding with such an application.

Yours sincerely

Group Captain Anudith Wakernthap.

Anudith Nakornthap

Minister of Information and Communication Technology

ICANN Headquarters Contact Information Redacted



Secretariat of the Prime Minister, Government House, BANGKOK.

July B.E. 2556 (2013)

To Whom It May Concern,

This is to inform you that Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla is scheduled to attend the upcoming Government Advisory Committee: GAC meeting in Durban, Republic of South Africa, in order to provide comments with regard to the new gTLD program.

Any assistance that can be rendered on this matter will be appreciated.

Yours sincerely,

(Suranand Vejjajiya)

Secretary-General to the Prime Minister

Fadi Chehade

From: Cherine Chalaby

Sent: Friday, July 19, 2013 1:28 AM

To: Bhuwanart Na Songkhla; Contact Information Redacted Fadi Chehade;

Contact Information Redacted

Cc: Megan Bishop; Michelle Bright; Christine Willett

Subject: Re: GAC Advice on the new gTLD Application for .THAI (Application ID: 1-2112-4478)

Dear Bhuwanart Na Songkhla,

On behalf of the New gTLD Program Committee, I acknowledge receipt of your email. Your request will be handled by ICANN Staff appropriately.

Best regards, Cherine Chalaby

Chair, New gTLD Program Committee

From: Bhuwanart Na Songkhla Contact Information Redacted

Date: Thursday, 18 July 2013 16:52

Contact Information Redacted

Subject: Re: GAC Advice on the new gTLD Application for .THAI (Application ID: 1-2112-4478)

18 July 2013

Dr. Steve Crocker, Chairman of the ICANN Board

Fadi Chehadé, ICANN President & CEO

Cherine Chalaby, Chair of the New gTLD Committee

Heather Dryden, Chair of Government Advisory Committee

Dear Steve, Fadi, Cherine, Heather,

My name is Bhuwanart Na Songkhla. I am the GAC representative from Thailand, who was recently appointed by the Office of the Prime Minister in Thailand to provide comments and the Thailand Government's position on the new gTLD Application for .THAI (Application ID: 1-2112-4478). An official letter signed by the Secretary-General from the Office of the Prime Minister in Thailand was sent to the GAC Secretariat about my appointment on 12 July 2013 and was acknowledged by the GAC Secretariat on 14 July 2013.

I arrived in Durban on 16 July 2013 (Tuesday) to attend my first ICANN meeting on official duties, However I met with some difficulties with accessing some of the earlier GAC meetings and providing comments in my official capacity. I did provide feedback to the GAC Secretariat and Heather, which provided me with some assistance that I am extremely appreciative of. However I need to emphaise that I was not able to provide comments to some of the issues raised in the meeting, which were related to the Thailand Government and have feedback seperately to Heather and the GAC Secretariat. I personally feel that the approach is not fully transparent as I have been unable to participate in the GAC meetings as one of the stakeholders.

The result of my inability to participate actively in the GAC meetings has led to the new gTLD Application for .THAI (Application ID: 1-2112-4478) being objected in GAC Advice. I have separately sent an email to the Heather, the GAC Vice-Chairs and the GAC Secretariat to oppose to the objection that the other Thailand GAC Representative has made. I would like to also re-iterate that several other Ministries in Thailand also support the new gTLD Application for .THAI (Application ID: 1-2112-4478) such as the Ministry of Science Thailand etc. Nevertheless, I believe that there is a lack of an unified consensus to this issue within the Thailand Government and have reported this back to my office.

As such, I would like to respectfully request that both GAC and ICANN not to promptly pass judgement on the new gTLD Application for .THAI (Application ID: 1-2112-4478). The Office of the Prime Minister in Thailand will engage the Ministry in Thailand that has supposedly objected to the application within the next week to discuss and agree on a position before sending another official letter from the various Ministries in Thailand to GAC and ICANN on this matter.

I would also hope that ICANN can publish this letter as part of the New gTLD correspondence for reference purposes.

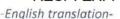
Thank you.

Truly Yours,

Bhuwanart Na Songkhla

Advisor to Minister

Ministry of Commerce Thailand





Garuda Emblem

Electronic Transactions

Development

Agency (Public Organization)

Document Receipt No.: 1787 Date: 5 September 2013

Time: 10:52 hrs

Pimnatchava

No. Nor Ror 0405 (Lor Nor) /11678

The Secretariat of the Prime Minister Government House, Bangkok, 10300

3 September 2013

Subject: Appointment of Thailand representative to the Governmental Advisory Committee

Dear Madame Executive Director, Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization)

Ref: Letter of the Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization) No. Tor Kor (Sor Por Tor Or) 511.4/859 dated 2 September 2013

Reference is made to the above-mentioned letter from ETDA, seeking clarifications on the letter of the Secretariat of the Prime Minister, issued in July 2013, regarding the status of Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla attending the 47th GAC Meeting.

The Secretariat of the Prime Minister hereby informs ETDA that such letter was meant merely to inform that Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla would be attending the 47th GAC meeting as an observer only, and that in no way was he appointed as the representative of Thailand to GAC. In this regard, ETDA may further convey this information to any relevant agency or person.

For your information.

Yours faithfully, signed (Mr. Suranand Vejjajiva) Secretary General to the Prime Minister

Protocol and Secretariat Affairs Bureau **Contact Information Redacted**

No.

6 SEP 2013

Certified Correct Translation

BANGKOK

SEEN AT THE MINISTRY OF

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

(Nubthong Wanawattanawong)

Translator

(MRS.MALEEWAN CHINAPRA

Diplomatic Service Officer

Practitioner Level

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Thailand

733886

ine Ministry of Foreign Allaure ssumes no responsibility for rroneous translation./ กระพรวงกาง ทางประเทศใน่รับผิดชลบต่ลการแปล เมื่อพลาด"

From: Contact Information Redacted

Subject: FW: Clarifying status of Mr Bhuwanart Na Songkhla as the observer during CANN 47 GAC meeting

Date: 9 September 2013 14:36

To: Contact Information Redacted

Cc:

Dear Mr. Chris Disspain

Thailand GAC had sent the clarification information of the observer during ICANN 47 GAC Meeting, as attached, to Ms. Dryden last week.

We would like to forward it to you again as it will clarify some reference point of the applicant's response to GAC Durban communique.

The GAC response to applicant's response will be sent to you in a separate email shortly.

Thank you & Regards,

Pitinan Kooarmornpatana

Manager of Innovation and Infrastructure Research Department Electronic Transactions Development Agency (public organization) Ministry of Information and Communication Technology

Technical Adviser to Thailand GAC Representative to ICANN

Contact Information Redacted

From: Wanawit Ahkuputra Contact Information Redacted

Sent: Friday, September 06, 2013 10:06 PM

To: Heather Dryden

Cc: Contact Information Redacted

Subject: Clarifying status of Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla as the observer during ICANN 47 GAC meeting.

Dear Ms. Dryden,

On behalf of the Thai GAC Representatives,

I'm writing to convey the letter from Secretary General to the Prime Minister to clarify the status of Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla who attended the ICANN 47 GAC Meeting.

Mr. Bhuwanart was the observer only and that in no way was he appointed as the representative of Thailand to GAC.

Kindly find the clarifying letter as attached.

Sincerely Yours

Wanawit Ahkuputra

Deputy Executive Director Electronic Transactions Development Agency (public organization) Ministry of Information and Communication Technology

Thailand GAC Alternate Representative to ICANN

N us ocot (au)/oobada

สำนักงานนักมากการมหาย พิธักงารอนิกส์ (องค์การมหายน) พาร์บ 178.7 รับส์ 5 ก.ศ. 96 เวลา 10.52 ปกรุสสาร

สำนักเลขาธิการนายทรัฐมนตรี ทำเนียบรัฐบาล กทม, ตอตออ

M กับยายน ๒๕๕๖

เรื่อง การแต่งตั้งผู้แทนประเทศไทยใน Governmental Advisory Committee

เรียน ผู้อำนวยการสำนักงานพัฒนาธุรกรรมทางอิเล็กพรอนิกส์ (องค์การมหาชน)

อ้างถึง หนังสือสำนักงานพัฒนาธุรกรรมทางอิเล็กทรอนิกส์ (องค์การมหาขน) ที่ ทก (สพธอ) ๕๑๑.๓/๘๕๘ ลงวันที่ ๒ กันยายน ๒๕๕๖

ตามที่ สำนักงานพัฒนาธุรกรรมทางอิเล็กทรอนิกส์ (องค์การมหาชน) หรือ สพธอ. ได้มีหนังสือ เพื่อสอบถามรายละเอียทเกี่ยวกับหนังสือสำนักเลขาธิการนายกรัฐมนตรี ลงเดือน July B.E. 2556 (2013) กรณี สถานะการเข้าร่วมประชุม GAC ของนายภูวนาท ณ สงขลา ความละเอียตแจ้งแล้ว นั้น

สำนักเลขาธิการนายกรัฐมนตรีขอแจ้งให้ทราบว่า หนังสือฉบับตั้งกล่าวเป็นเพียงการแจ้งให้ทราบว่า นายภูวนาท ณ ลงขลา เข้าร่วมการประชุม GAC กรั้งที่ ๙๙ เพียงแค่เป็นผู้สังเกตการณ์ในการประชุมตั้งกล่าว เท่านั้น โดยมิได้มีผลเป็นการแต่งตั้งให้เป็นผู้แทนประเทศไทยในการประชุม GAC แต่อย่างใด ทั้งนี้ สพธอ. สามารถแจ้งข้อมูลนี้แก่หน่วยงาน หรือบุคคลที่เกี่ยวข้องได้ต่อไป.

จึงเรียนมาเพื่อโปรดทราน

ขอแสดงความนับถือ

(นายสุรนันหน์ เวขขาชีวะ) เลขาธิการนายกรัฐมนตรี

No. 267766 BANGKOK

6 SEP 2013

สำนักพิธีการและเลขานุการ

Contact Information Redacted

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY

MRS.MALEEWAN CHINAPRAYOON)

Diplomatic Service Officer

Practitioner Level

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Thailand

733887





Garuda Emblem

-English translation-

Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization) Document Receipt No.: 1787 Date: 5 September 2013 Time: 20:52 hrs. Pinnatchay

No. Nor Ror 0405 (Lor Nor) /11678

The Secretariat of the Prime Minister Government House, Bangkok, 10300

3 September 2013

Subject: Appointment of Thailand representative to the Governmental Advisory Committee

Dear Madame Executive Director, Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization)

Ref: Letter of the Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization) No. Tor Kor (Sor Por Tor Or) 511,4/859 dated 2 September 2013

Reference is made to the above-mentioned letter from ETDA, seeking clarifications on the letter of the Secretariat of the Prime Minister, issued in July 2013, regarding the status of Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla attending the $47^{\rm th}$ GAC Meeting.

The Secretariat of the Prime Minister hereby informs ETDA that such letter was meant merely to inform that Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla would be attending the 47th GAC meeting as an observer only, and that in no way was he appointed as the representative of Thailand to GAC. In this regard, ETDA may further convey this information to any relevant agency or person.

For your information.

Yours faithfully, signed (Mr. Suranand Vejjajiva) Secretary General to the Prime Minister

Protocol and Secretariat Affairs Bureau Contact Information Redacted

Certified Correct Translation

267765

6 SEP 2013

BANCKOK

SEEN AT THE MINISTRY OF

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

(Nubthong Wanawattanawong)

Translator

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Diplomatic Service Officer Practitioner Level

(MRS.MALEEWAN CHINAPRA

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Thailand

From: Wanawit Ahkuputra Contact Information Redacted

Subject: Re:Response to GAC Advice response of new GTLD .thai Applicant published on 28 August 2013

Date: 10 September 2013 22:35

To: Contact Information Redacted

Cc:

Dear Heather,

As attached, please find the GAC Advise response to applicant's response published on 28 August 2013. Kindly make sure that this information is taken in to account during the ICANN Board of Director Meeting.

Thank you and Best Regards,
Mr. Wanawit Ahkuputra
Deputy Executive Director
ETDA
Electronic Transactions Development Agency (Public Organization)
MICT
Ministry of Information and Communication Technology

The Government Complex Commemorating His Majesty the King's 80th Birthday Anniversary Contact Information Redacted



Response to BLM response D...igned1.pdf



No.511.4/898

September 9, 2013

Ms. Heather Dryden Chair, Government Advisory Committee of ICANN ICANN Contact Information Redacted

Re: Response to GAC Advice response of new GTLD .thai Applicant published on 28 August 2013

Dear Ms. Dryden,

Having reviewed the response to GAC Advice from the applicant, Better Living Management Co., Ltd. ("BLM"), published on 28 August 2013 ("BLM's response"), we, in our capacity as GAC Representatives of the Kingdom of Thailand, would like to provide clarifications in relation to BLM's response as follows;

- 1.1 With reference to BLM's inaccurate claim that the Prime Minister's Office in Thailand has issued an official letter to authorize Mr. Bhuwanart Na Songkhla to attend GAC Durban meeting as Thailand GAC representative, we would like to point out that the letter (Attachment 1) was meant to facilitate Mr. Na Songkhla's attendance at the meeting as an observer. Moreover, since this claim is serious, we verified it with the Secretary-General, Secretariat of the Prime Minister, who signed the said letter and received confirmation that Mr. Na Songkhla has never been appointed as Thailand GAC representative by the letter. Please see a translated copy of the letter, dated 3 September 2013,of the Secretariat of the Prime Minister for more details. (Attachment 2).
- 1.2 At the meeting between Mr. Wanawit Ahkuptra and Mr. Asvinvichit of BLM after the ICANN meeting in Beijing, Mr. Ahkuptra explained clearly that "Thai" is an integral and specific part of "Prathet Thai" and "Ratcha Anachak Thai", which are a short and a formal geographical name of Thailand respectively, as provided by the Royal Institute of Thailand, an agency officially responsible for provision of geographical names in Thailand. Mr. Ahkuptra subsequently informed BLM in an email to Mr. Asvinvichit that the determination of the term "Thai" as a geographical name was subject to interpretation and that BLM was free to express its different view to ICANN. He also conveyed his readiness to give BLM any advice on any other issue upon BLM's request.
- 1.3 We, as GAC representatives to ICANN, have never made any false accusation against BLM. Our statement made to the Thai press was merely to encourage the participation of Thai people in ICANN multistakeholder model in relation to .thai application. At the GAC meeting, our position is to give advice on public policy and other matters which may become sensitive issues in our country. Thus, we have stated our concern on the importance of the term "thai" as an over-arching term referring to our country, culture, language, and history and conveyed concerns of the Ministry of Information and Communication Technology and of the Thai Prime Minister, H.E. Ms Yingluck Shinawatra, that were expressed to us on the occasion of Dr. Steve D. Crocker's courtesy call on her at Government House on 7 June 2013 that the application for operation of .thai should be approved beforehand by the Royal Thai government.



1.4 As regards the supporting letters that BLM claimed to have received from the President of the Senate and the Ministry of Culture, we have already sought clarification from the two agencies. However, as there is no reference date or document number, the authorities concerned are still trying to verify their claim. At this moment, we still could not find any supporting letter issued by either of the two organizations for BLM's application of .thai gTLD.

We hope that this information is helpful and we do hope the ICANN Board will consider this matter with regard to GAC principle on new gTLDs that they should respect the sensitivities regarding the terms with national, cultural, geographic and religious significance and, in particular, with regard to ICANN's objective to increase competition, innovation, and growth in the internet addressing system.

Should you have any inquiries, please feel free to let us know.

Best regards,

Yours sincerely,

Thaweesak Koanantakool, PhD

TKoanantakeo

President

National Science and Technology Development Agency Ministry of Science and Technology

Thailand GAC Representative to ICANN

Wanawit Ahkuputra

Deputy Executive Director

Electronic Transactions Development Agency

(Public Organization)

Ministry of Information and Communication

Technology

Thailand GAC Alternate Representative to ICANN



No. 0001/ 5 101

The Senate
Contact Information Redacted

9 September B.E. 2556 (2013)

Dr. Steve D. Crocker
Chairman of the Board,
ICANN Headquarters
Contact Information Redacted

Ref : Letter No.001/61 dated 25 July 2013

Dear Sir,

With reference to the aforementioned letter, in which I hereby wish to withdraw my earlier support for the application of Better Living Management Co., Ltd (BLM) to secure create and operate the THAI top-level domain. This is due to the inappropriate usage of "THAI" (which denotes the nationality of the Thai people) by a private sector that failed to seek the GAC advice and permission from the Prime Minister's Office.

I therefore reiterate once again that I withdraw the support of the application made by BLM (#1-2112-4478) and request that ICANN Board of Directors refrain from proceeding with such application.

Please accept my apology for any in conveniences caused.

Yours sincerely,

(Nikom Wairatpanij)

President of the Senate

▼ Additional Information							
Subject	Notification regarding Application ID 1-2122-4478						
Description	Dear Mr. Yen Chew Lee: On 10 September 2013, the ICANN Board New gTLD Program Committee (NGPC) approved a Resolution (http://www.icann.org/en/groups/board/documents/resolutions-new-gtld-10sep13-en.htm - 2.c) to adopt the "ICANN Board New gTLD Program Committee Scorecard in response to GAC Durban Communiqué." Per this resolution, and as specific to the GAC Register # 2013-07-18-Obj-Thai (Durban Communiqué §1.1.a.i.2), the NGPC directed ICANN staff that pursuant to the GAC Advice and Section 3.1 of the Applicant Guidebook, the above-referenced application will not be approved. The Scorecard (http://www.icann.org/en/groups/board/documents/resolutions-new-gtld-annex-1-10sep13-en.pdf) provides further information regarding the next steps for you as an applicant.						
	If you wish to withdraw this application for a refund of USD 65,000, you may do so by logging into the Customer Service Portal at https://myicann.secure.force.com/ .						
	Per this Resolution, the status of your application will be updated to "Not Approved" on the Application Status page of the New gTLD microsite (https://gtldresult.icann.org/application-result/applicationstatus). If you have any questions regarding this notification, please contact New gTLD Customer Service at Contact Information Redacted Sincerely, Christine A. Willett Vice President, gTLD Operations ICANN						
				Agent's Notes			
				▼ System Information			
				SugarCase Number		Date/Time Routed	
Created By	Vanessa Graff, 10/22/2013 11:50 PM	Last Modified By	Vanessa Graff, 10/30/2013 10:15 AM				
Date/Time Opened	10/22/2013 11:50 PM	Date/Time Resolved	10/23/2013 10:03 AM				
Date/Time Assigned	10/22/2013 11:50 PM	Re-opened					
Date/Time Accepted	10/22/2013 11:50 PM	Date/Time Closed	10/30/2013 10:15 AM				

Supplementary Procedures for Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN) Independent Review Process

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These procedures supplement the International Centre for Dispute Resolution's International Arbitration Rules in accordance with the independent review procedures set forth in Article IV, Section 3 of the ICANN Bylaws.

1. Definitions

In these Supplementary Procedures:

DECLARATION refers to the decisions/opinions of the IRP PANEL.

ICANN refers to the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers.

ICDR refers to the International Centre for Dispute Resolution, which has been designated and approved by ICANN's Board of Directors as the Independent Review Panel Provider (IRPP) under Article IV, Section 3 of ICANN's Bylaws.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW or IRP refers to the procedure that takes place upon the filing of a request to review ICANN Board actions or inactions alleged to be inconsistent with ICANN's Bylaws or Articles of Incorporation

INTERNATIONAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES OR RULES refer to the ICDR's International Arbitration Rules that will govern the process in combination with these Supplementary Procedures.

IRP PANEL refers to the neutral(s) appointed to decide the issue(s) presented. The IRP will be comprised of members of a standing panel identified in coordination with the ICDR. Certain decisions of the IRP are subject to review or input of the Chair of the standing panel. In the event that an omnibus standing panel: (i) is not in place when an IRP PANEL must be convened for a given proceeding, the IRP proceeding will be considered by a one- or three-member panel comprised in accordance with the rules of the ICDR; or (ii) is in place but does not have the requisite diversity of skill and experience needed for a particular proceeding, the ICDR shall identify and appoint one or more panelists, as required, from outside the omnibus standing panel to augment the panel members for that proceeding.

2. Scope

The ICDR will apply these Supplementary Procedures, in addition to the INTERNATIONAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES, in all cases submitted to the ICDR in connection with the Article IV, Section 3(4) of the ICANN Bylaws. In the event there is any inconsistency between these Supplementary Procedures and the RULES, these Supplementary Procedures will govern. These Supplementary Procedures and any amendment of them shall apply in the form in effect at the time the request for an INDEPENDENT REVIEW is received by the ICDR.

3. Number of Independent Review Panelists

Either party may elect that the request for INDEPENDENT REVIEW be considered by a three-member panel: the parties' election will be taken into consideration by the Chair of the standing panel convened for the IRP, who will make a final determination whether the matter is better suited for a one- or three-member panel.

4. Conduct of the Independent Review

The IRP Panel should conduct its proceedings by electronic means to the extent feasible. Where necessary, the IRP Panel may conduct telephone conferences. In the extraordinary event that an in-person hearing is deemed necessary by the panel presiding over the IRP proceeding (in coordination with the Chair of the standing panel convened for the IRP, or the ICDR in the event the standing panel is not yet convened), the in-person hearing shall be limited to argument only; all evidence, including witness statements, must be submitted in writing in advance. Telephonic hearings are subject to the same limitation.

The IRP PANEL retains responsibility for determining the timetable for the IRP proceeding. Any violation of the IRP PANEL's timetable may result in the assessment of costs pursuant to Section 10 of these Procedures.

5. Written Statements

The initial written submissions of the parties shall not exceed 25 pages each in argument, double-spaced and in 12-point font. All necessary evidence to demonstrate the requestor's claims that ICANN violated its Bylaws or Articles of Incorporation should be part of the submission. Evidence will not be included when calculating the page limit. The parties may submit expert evidence in writing, and there shall be one right of reply to that expert evidence. The IRP PANEL may request additional written submissions from the party seeking review, the Board, the Supporting Organizations, or from other parties.

6. Summary Dismissal

An IRP PANEL may summarily dismiss any request for INDEPENDENT REVIEW where the requestor has not demonstrated that it meets the standing requirements for initiating the INDEPENDENT REVIEW.

Summary dismissal of a request for INDEPENDENT REVIEW is also appropriate where a prior IRP on the same issue has concluded through DECLARATION.

An IRP PANEL may also dismiss a querulous, frivolous or vexatious request for INDEPENDENT REVIEW.

7. Interim Measures of Protection

An IRP PANEL may recommend that the Board stay any action or decision, or that the Board take any interim action, until such time as the Board reviews and acts upon the IRP declaration. Where the IRP PANEL is not yet comprised, the Chair of the standing panel may provide a recommendation on the stay of any action or decision.

8. Standard of Review

The IRP is subject to the following standard of review: (i) did the ICANN Board act without conflict of interest in taking its decision; (ii) did the ICANN Board exercise due diligence and care in having sufficient facts in front of them; (iii) did the ICANN Board members exercise independent judgment in taking the decision, believed to be in the best interests of the company?

If a requestor demonstrates that the ICANN Board did not make a reasonable inquiry to determine it had sufficient facts available, ICANN Board members had a conflict of interest in participating in the decision, or the decision was not an exercise in independent judgment, believed by the ICANN Board to be in the best interests of the company, after taking account of

the Internet community and the global public interest, the requestor will have established proper grounds for review.

9. Declarations

Where there is a three-member IRP PANEL, any DECLARATION of the IRP PANEL shall by made by a majority of the IRP PANEL members. If any IRP PANEL member fails to sign the DECLARATION, it shall be accompanied by a statement of the reason for the absence of such signature.

10. Form and Effect of an IRP Declaration

- a. DECLARATIONS shall be made in writing, promptly by the IRP PANEL, based on the documentation, supporting materials and arguments submitted by the parties.
- b. The DECLARATION shall specifically designate the prevailing party.
- c. A DECLARATION may be made public only with the consent of all parties or as required by law. Subject to the redaction of Confidential information, or unforeseen circumstances, ICANN will consent to publication of a DECLARATION if the other party so request.
- d. Copies of the DECLARATION shall be communicated to the parties by the ICDR.

11. Costs

The IRP PANEL shall fix costs in its DECLARATION. The party not prevailing in an IRP shall ordinarily be responsible for bearing all costs of the proceedings, but under extraordinary circumstances the IRP PANEL may allocate up to half of the costs to the prevailing party, taking into account the circumstances of the case, including the reasonableness of the parties' positions and their contribution to the public interest.

In the event the Requestor has not availed itself, in good faith, of the cooperative engagement or conciliation process, and the requestor is not successful in the Independent Review, the IRPPANEL must award ICANN all reasonable fees and costs incurred by ICANN in the IRP, including legal fees.

12. Emergency Measures of Protection

Article 37 of the RULES will not apply.

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